

# MA10230 Homework Hints

Sebastian Scott (ss2767@bath.ac.uk)

November 12, 2020

## Abstract

Hints for homework problem sheet questions for the MA10230 Methods and Applications course at the University of Bath, during the 2020/21 academic year.

## Problem Sheet 7

This problem sheet focuses on how to evaluate triple integrals and how to perform a change of variable into spherical coordinates.

### Question 1

#### Part d)

We wish to evaluate the triple integral

$$\iiint_G xy^2 \cosh(xyz) \, dV,$$

where  $G$  is a cuboid defined by  $0 \leq x \leq 2$ ,  $0 \leq y \leq \frac{1}{2} \ln(3)$ ,  $0 \leq z \leq 1$ .

- Think about a good choice of order of integration (we are lazy and want to avoid doing integration by parts where possible, although ultimately it doesn't really matter).

### Question 2

#### Part c)

We want to evaluate the triple integral

$$\iiint_G yz \, dV,$$

where  $G$  is the  $xy$ -solid which has lower surface  $z = g_1(x, y) = 0$ , upper surface  $z = g_2(x, y) = y$ , and its projection onto  $(x, y)$ -plane is the region  $R$  which is the quarter disc of radius 2, centred at the origin, for which  $x$  and  $y$  are positive.

- Follow the recipe as given in Theorem 3.8 of lectures, that is, we will integrate with respect to  $z$  first.
- Think carefully about how to describe the region  $R$  in your limits.

### Question 3

#### Part b)

By converting into spherical coordinates, we want to evaluate the integral

$$\int_{-1}^1 \int_0^{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \int_0^{\sqrt{1-x^2-y^2}} e^{-(x^2+y^2+z^2)^{3/2}} \, dz \, dy \, dx$$

- Think carefully about what the volume is that you are integrating over in the  $xyz$ -space and how you can describe this in spherical coordinates.
- We are performing a change of variables and so must multiply by (the absolute value of) the Jacobian!

#### Question 4

The shape of the Earth can be modelled by an oblate spheroid described by the equation

$$\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{a^2} + \frac{z^2}{b^2} = 1,$$

where  $a \approx 6378.1370$  km, and  $b \approx 6356.7523$ . We want to use this information and a triple integral to estimate the volume of the Earth.

- Do not be scared by words
- Be inspired by theorem 3.8 of lecture notes, in particular:
  - What integrand do we need in order for the triple integral to give the volume?
  - What should the lower and upper surfaces  $g_1$  and  $g_2$  be in this question?
  - What should the 2D region  $R$  be?
- Be *very* careful when doing a change of variable in this question
- Be sure to actually answer the question, that is, at some point plug in values of  $a$  and  $b$  to give an approximate volume of Earth.