



Andreas Krause

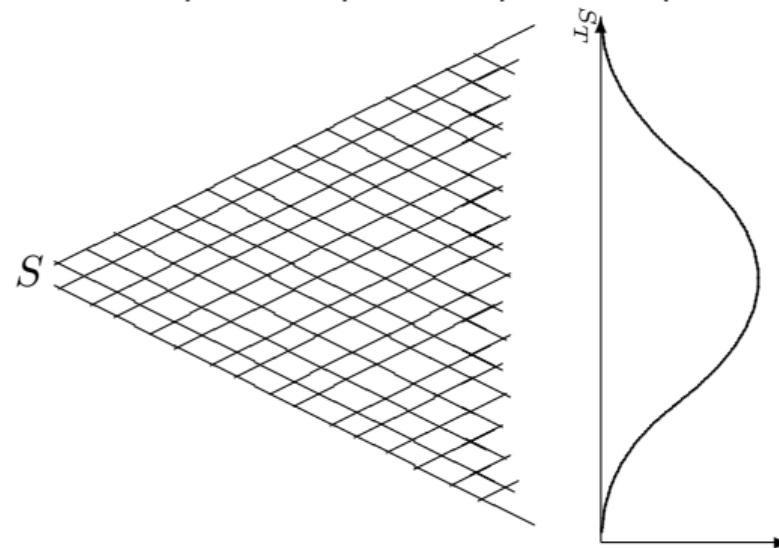
Black-Scholes model

Using the binomial option pricing model

- ▶ In each time step, the price of the asset will either increase to uS or decrease to dS
- ▶ The probability that the price increases is p
- ▶ The price will therefore have a binomial distribution
- ▶ For a given time period, the number of steps is increased with the size of asset price increases and decreases becoming smaller
- ▶ Asset increases and decreases are symmetric: $u = \frac{1}{d}$
- ⇒ Asset prices become log-normally distributed

Increasing the number of steps per time period

2 steps 4 steps 8 steps 16 steps



The Black-Scholes formula

- ▶ For a large number of steps in the binomial option pricing formula then converges to
- ▶
$$C = SN(d_1) - Ke^{-rT}N(d_2)$$
$$d_1 = \frac{\ln \frac{S}{K} + (r + \frac{1}{2}\sigma^2)T}{\sigma\sqrt{T}}$$
$$d_2 = d_1 - \sigma\sqrt{T}$$
- ▶ This is known as the Black-Scholes formula of option pricing
- ▶ The variance of the asset replaces the size of the increases and decreases of the asset values: $u = \frac{1}{d} = e^{\sigma\sqrt{\frac{T}{N}}}$
- ▶ The asset price changes are replaced by the cumulative normal distribution

Similarity of Black-Scholes formula and binomial option pricing

- ▶ The structure of the results from binomial option pricing are retained
- ▶ Black-Scholes formula: $C = SN(d_1) - Ke^{-rT}N(d_2)$
- ▶ Binomial option pricing formula: $C = \Delta S + B$
- ▶ The option price is composed of a number of underlying assets and a loan to finance the holding of these assets

Replicating options

- ▶ Options are written by some investors to obtain the premium as revenue, often banks, insurance companies, or hedge funds
- ▶ This exposes them to risks if the price movement of the underlying asset causes the option to be exercised
- ▶ Option writers may want to hedge their risks
- ▶ If creating their own option, they can develop an off-setting position
- ▶ They can do so by holding $N(d_1)$ of the underlying asset and obtain a loan of $Ke^{-rT}N(d_2)$
- ▶ This is known as option replication



Copyright © by Andreas Krause

Picture credits:

Cover: Premier regard, Public domain, via Wikimedia Commons, [https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:DALL-E_2_Financial_markets_\(1\).jpg](https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:DALL-E_2_Financial_markets_(1).jpg)

Back: Rhododendrites, CC BY-SA 4.0 <https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-sa/4.0/>, via Wikimedia Commons, [https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/0/04/Manhattan_at_night_south_of_Rockefeller_Center_panorama_\(11263p\).jpg](https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/0/04/Manhattan_at_night_south_of_Rockefeller_Center_panorama_(11263p).jpg)

Andreas Krause
Department of Economics
University of Bath
Claverton Down
Bath BA2 7AY
United Kingdom

E-mail: mnsak@bath.ac.uk