



Andreas Krause

Optimal portfolios

Portfolio choice

Portfolio choice

- ▶ Assets can be characterised by their **expected returns**

Portfolio choice

- ▶ Assets can be characterised by their expected returns and **risk**

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Portfolio choice

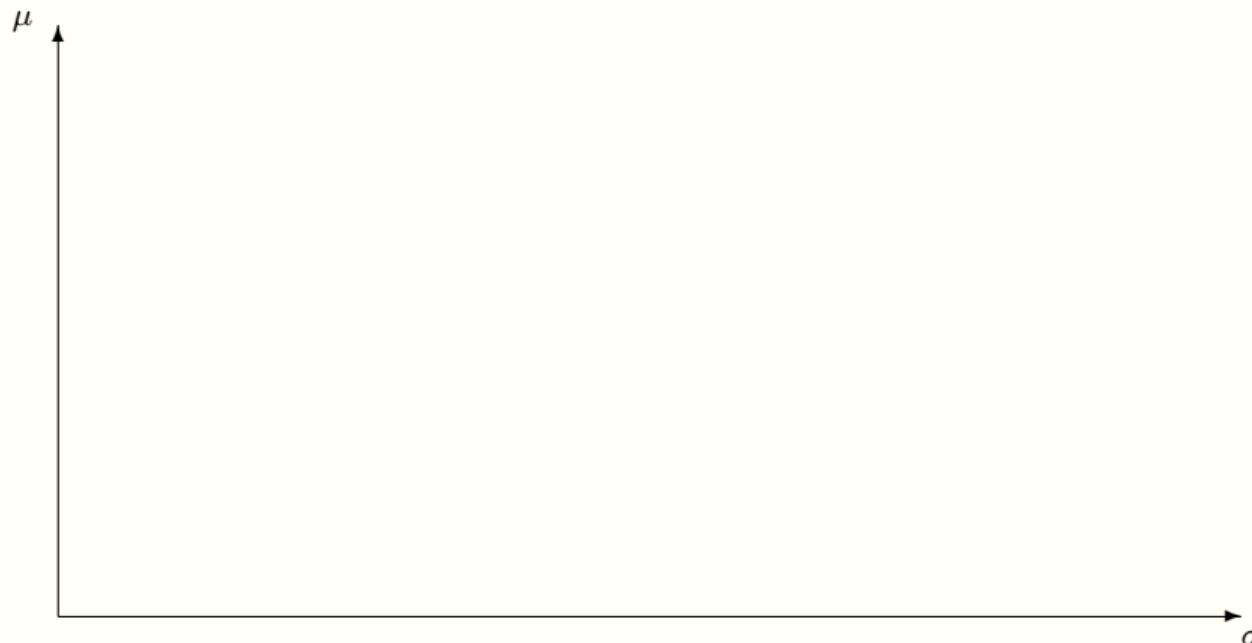
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Portfolio choice

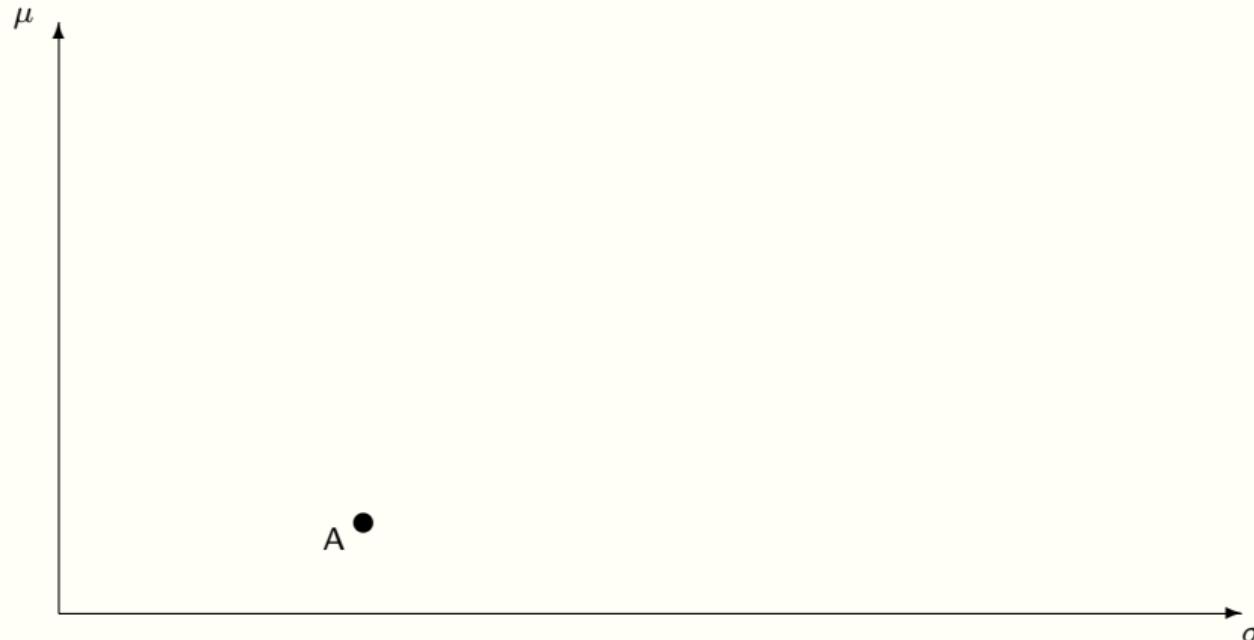
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Portfolios with two assets

Portfolios with two assets



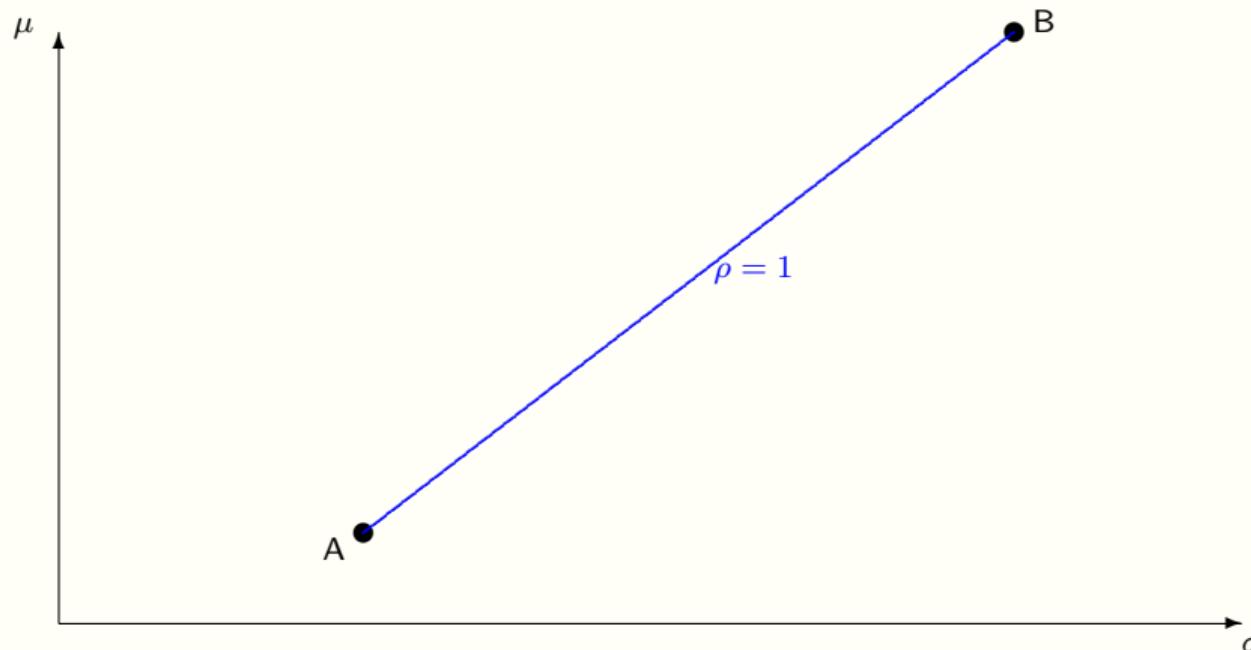
Portfolios with two assets



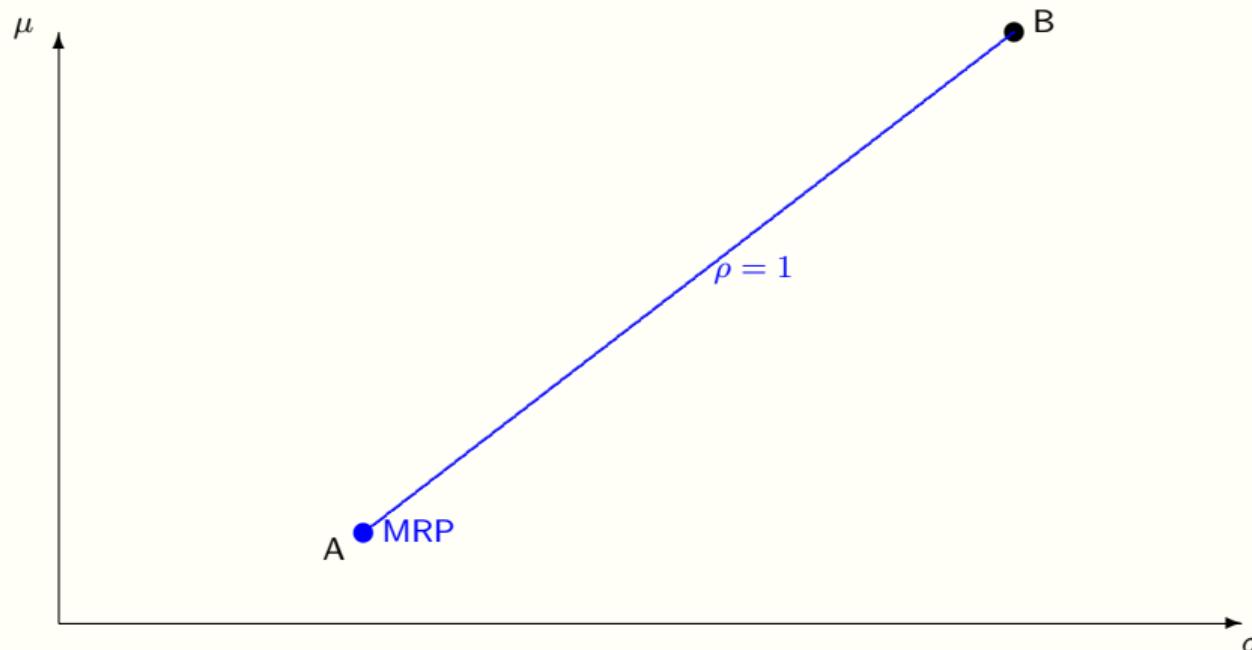
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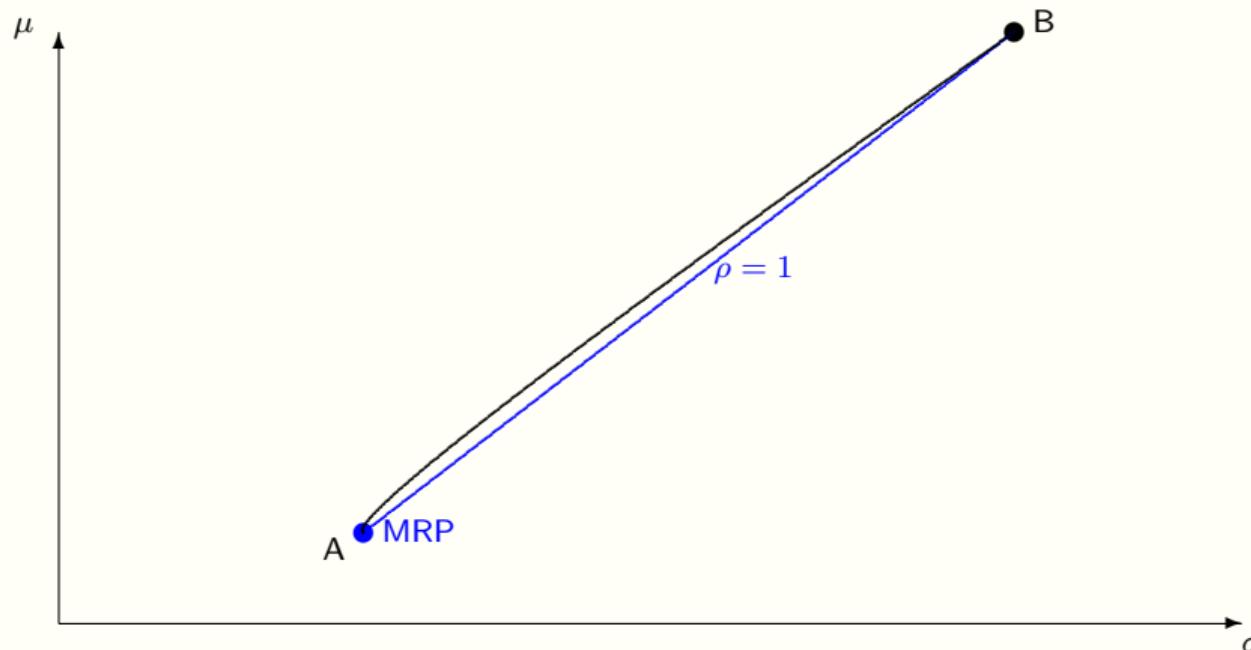
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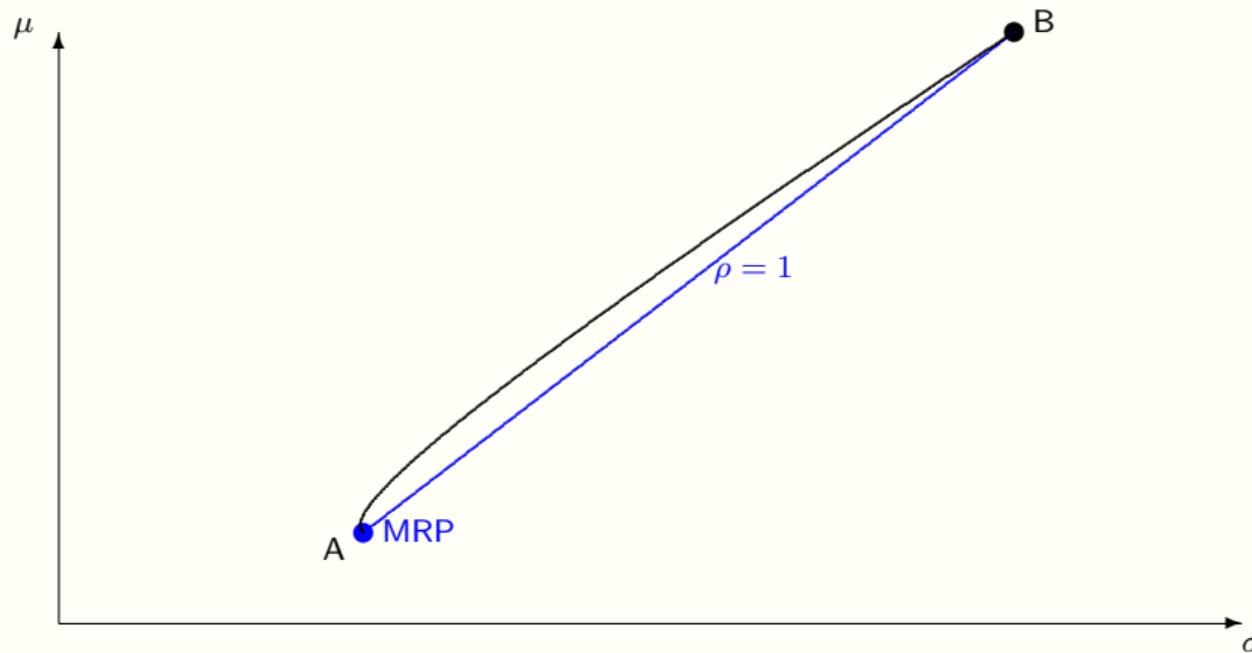
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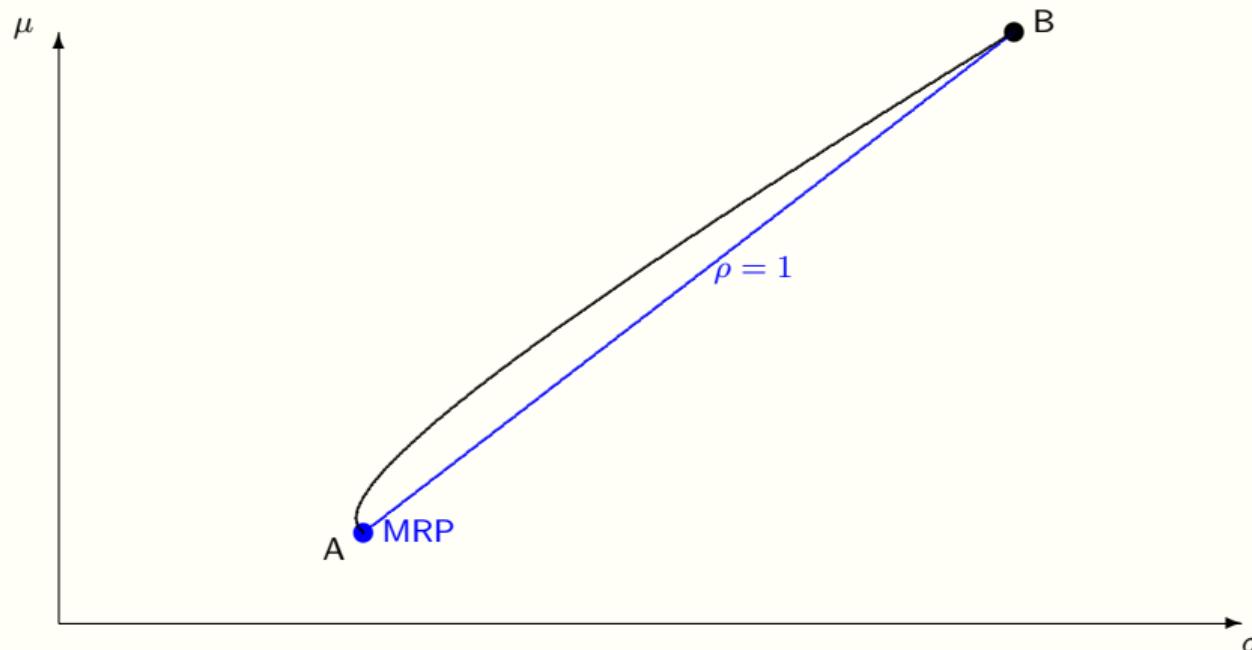
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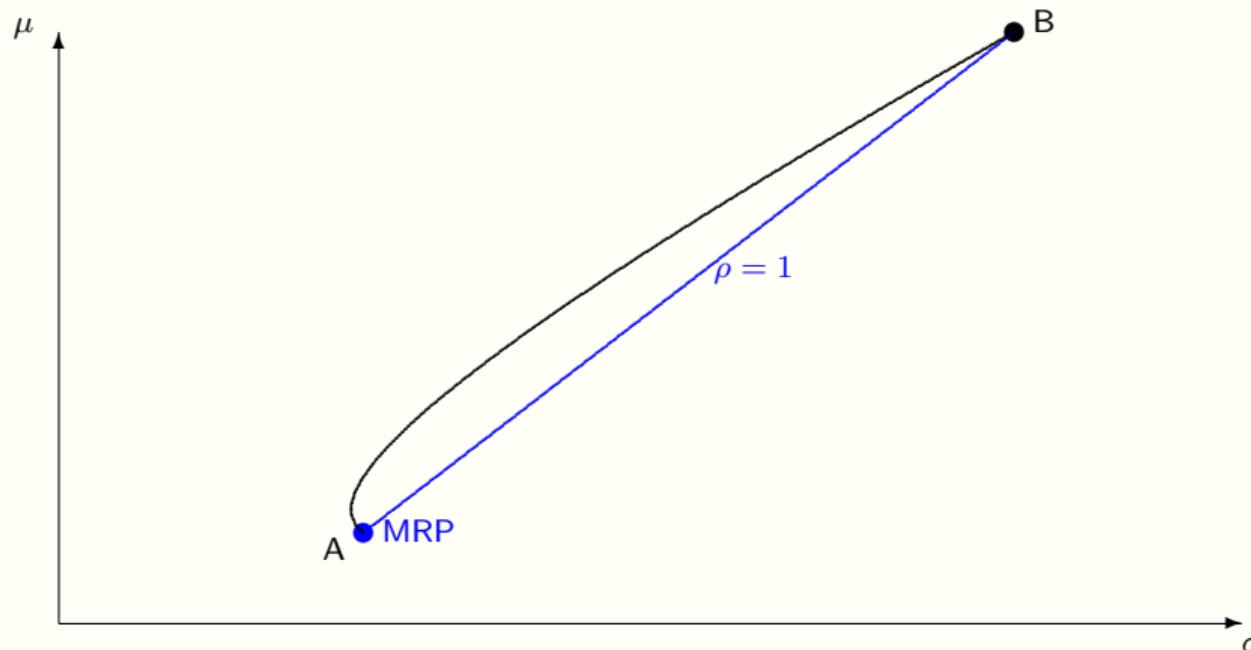
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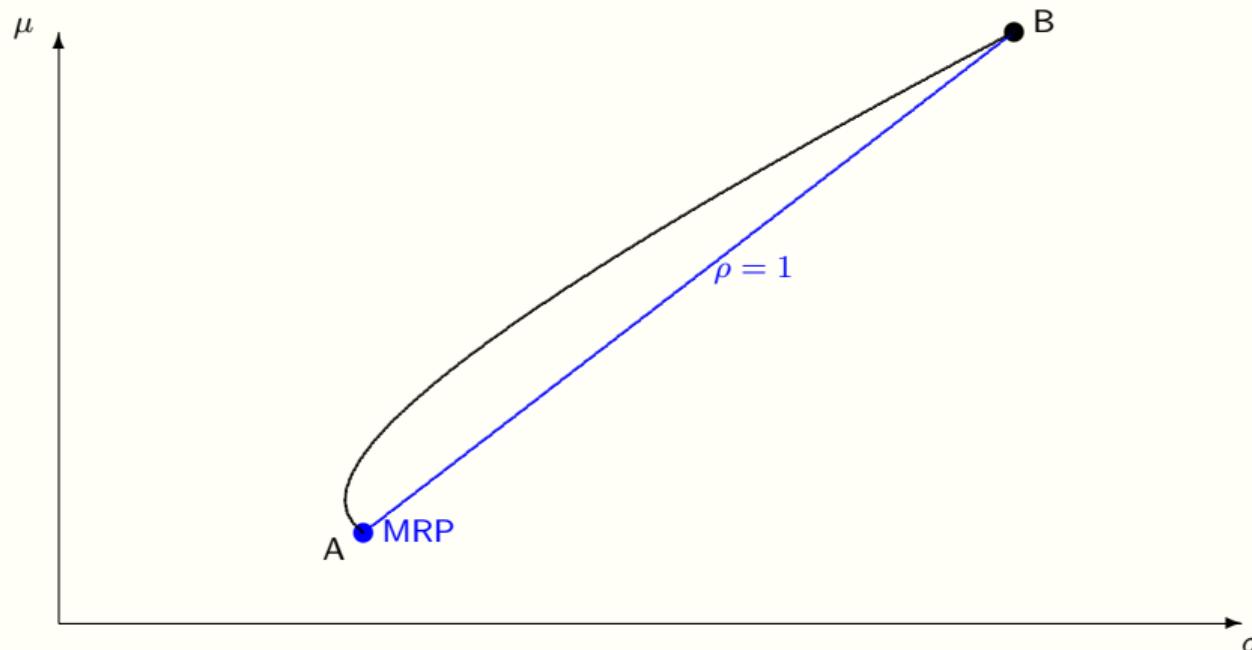
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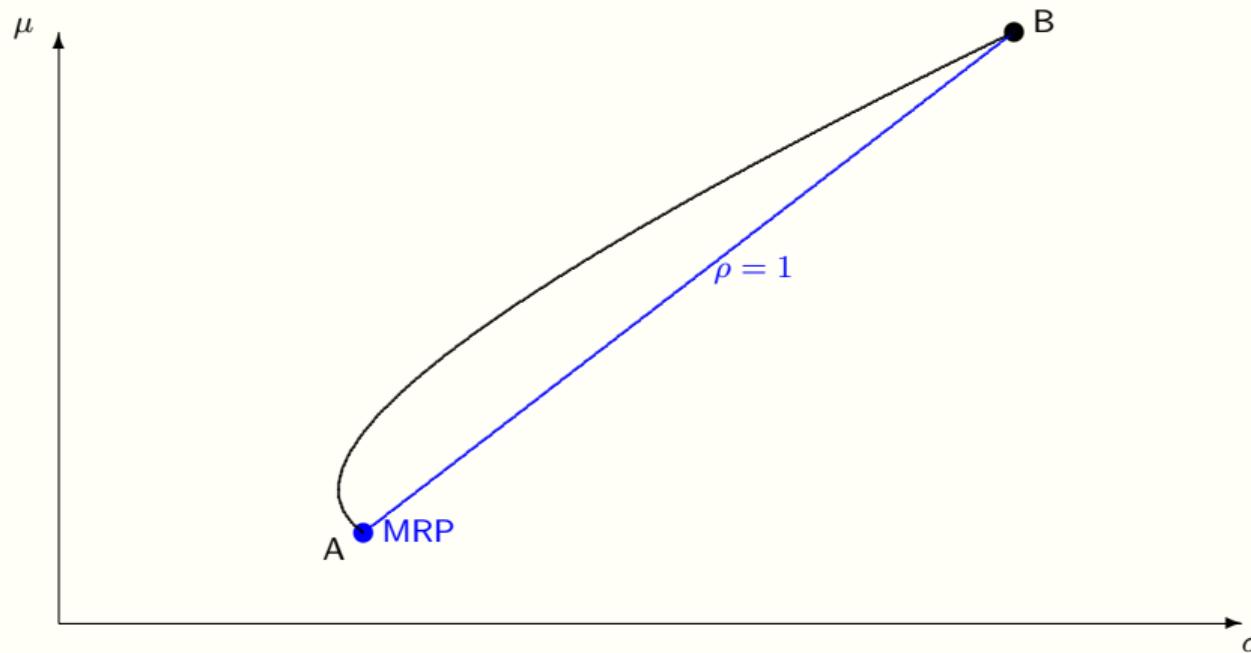
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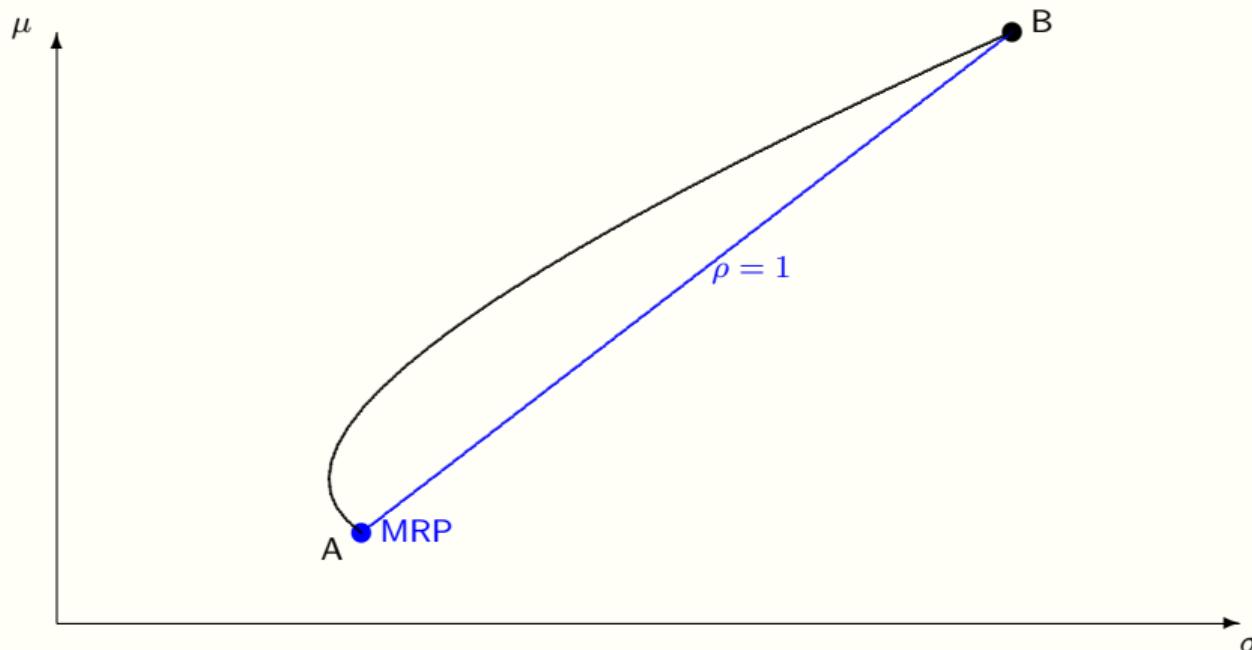
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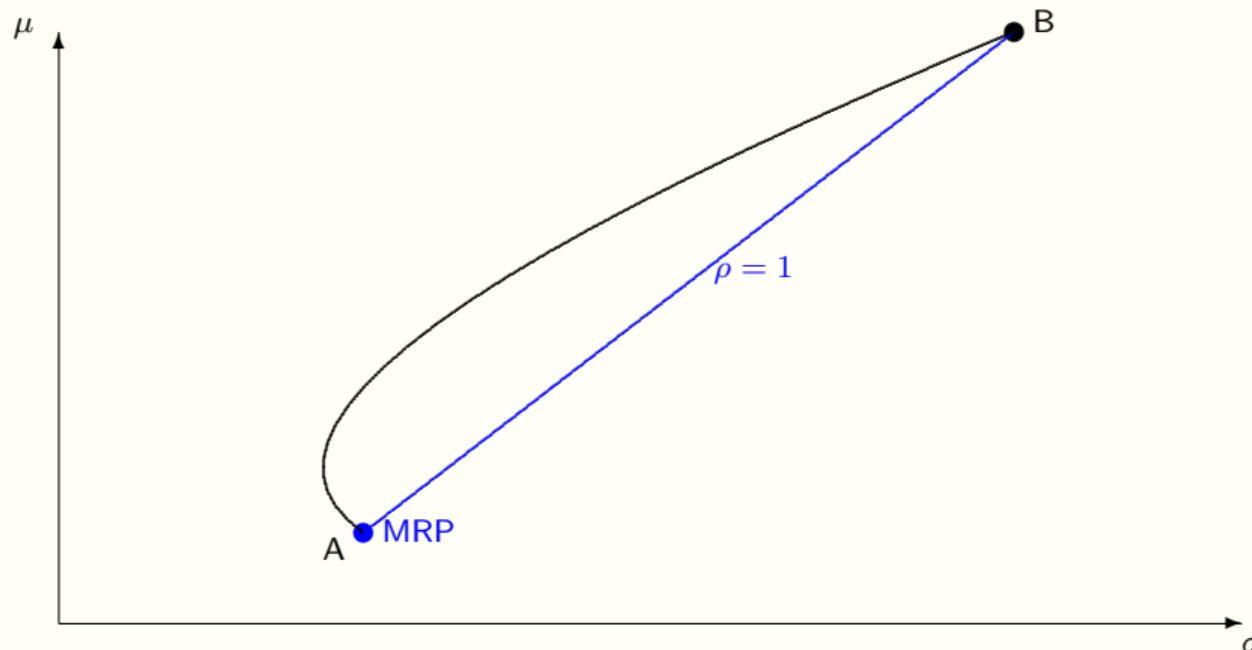
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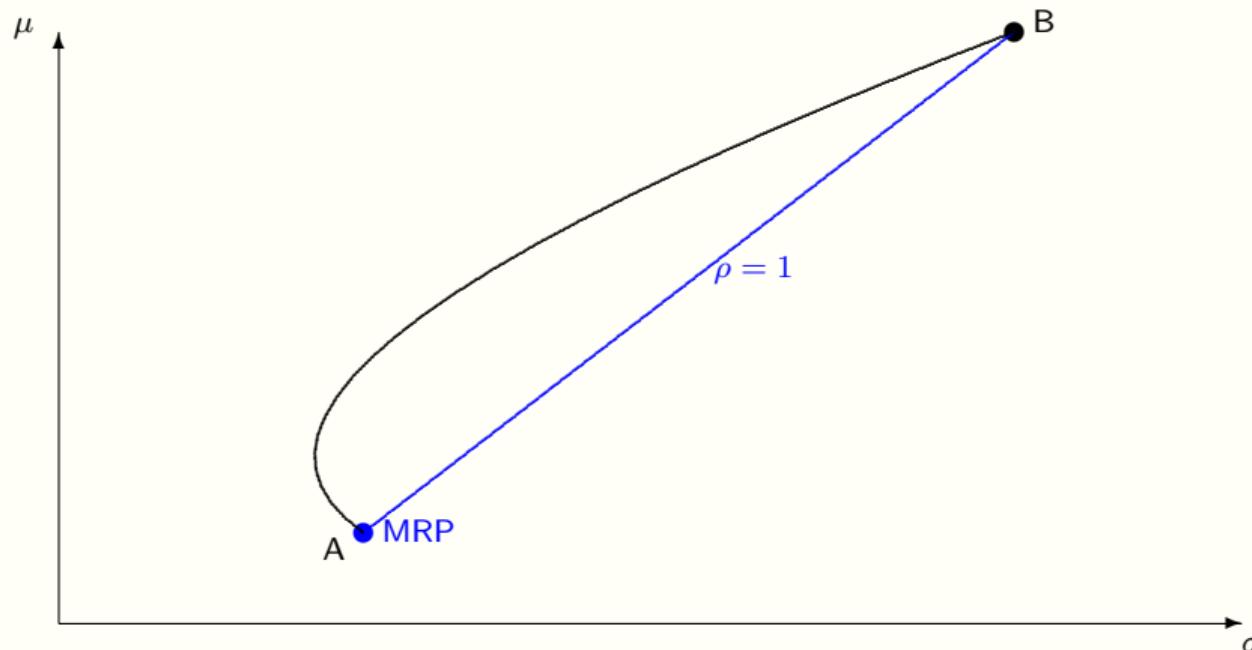
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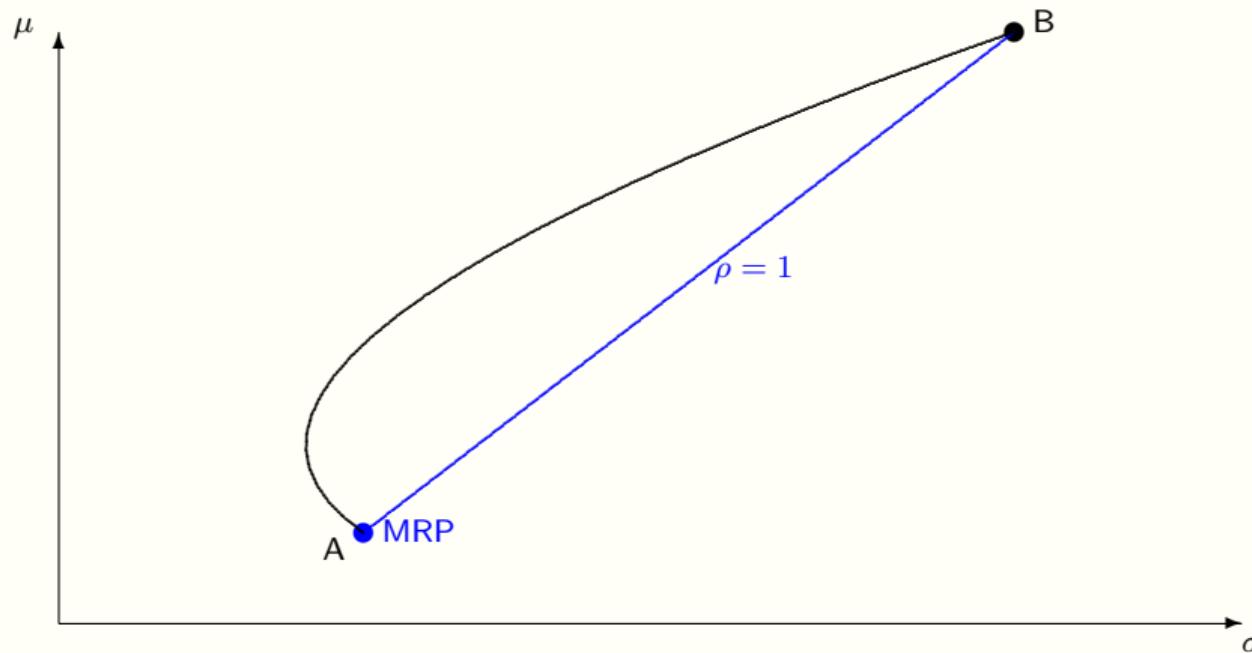
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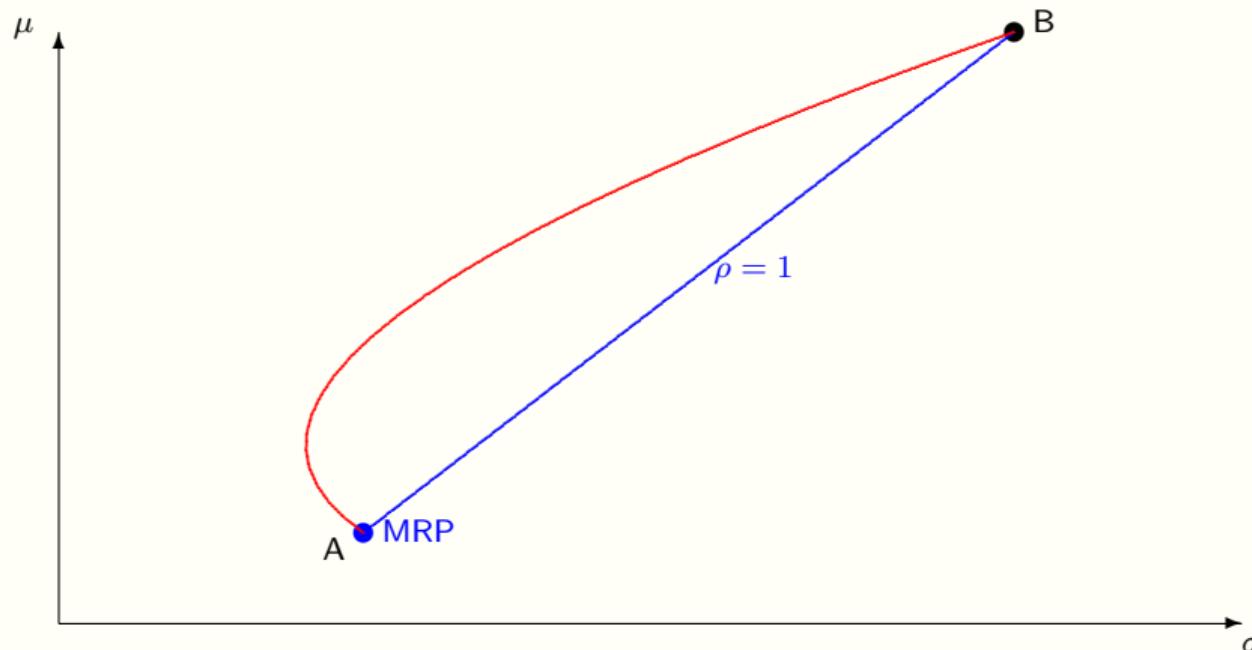
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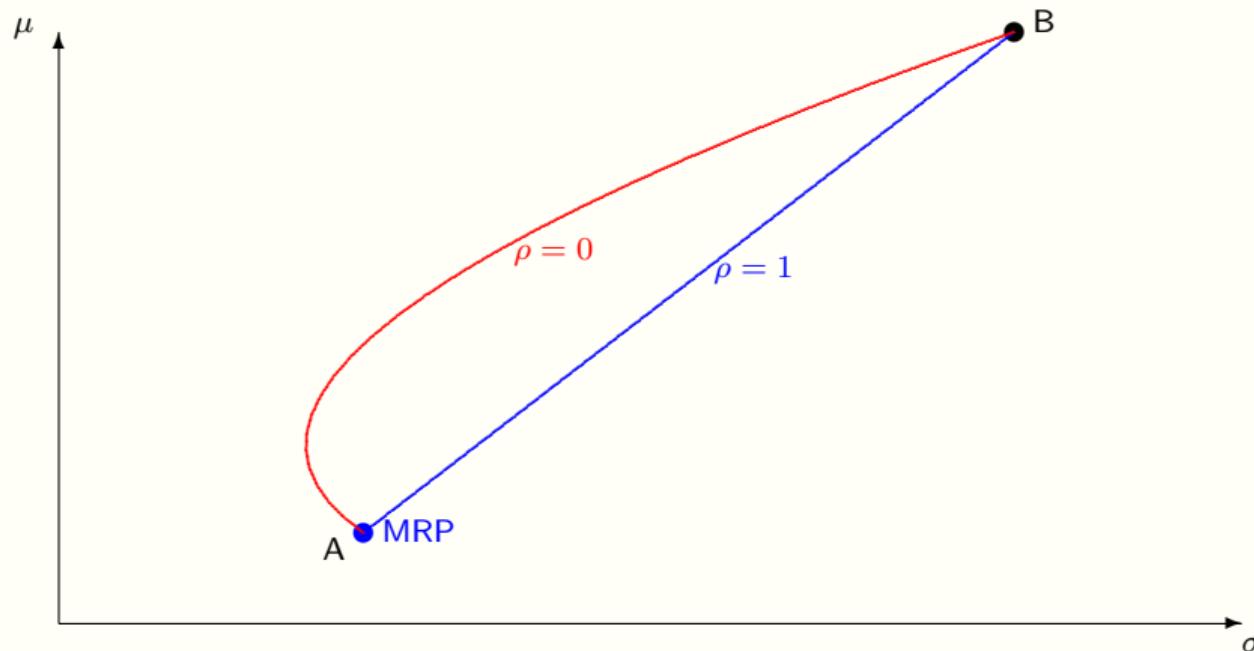
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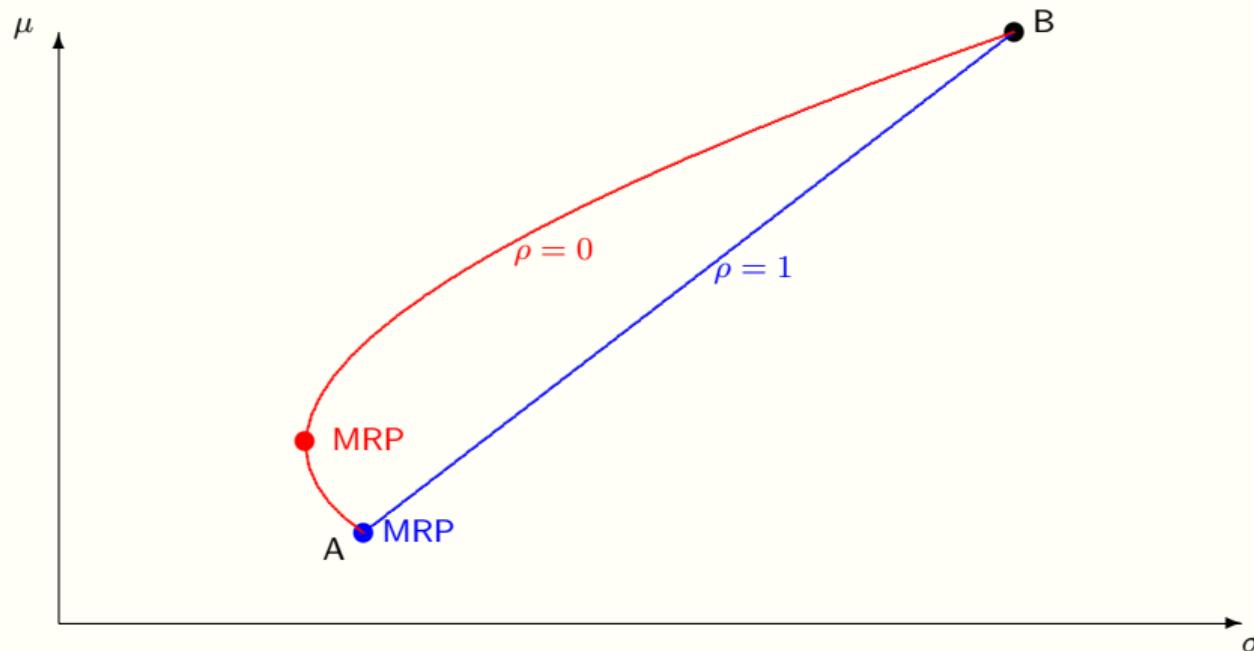
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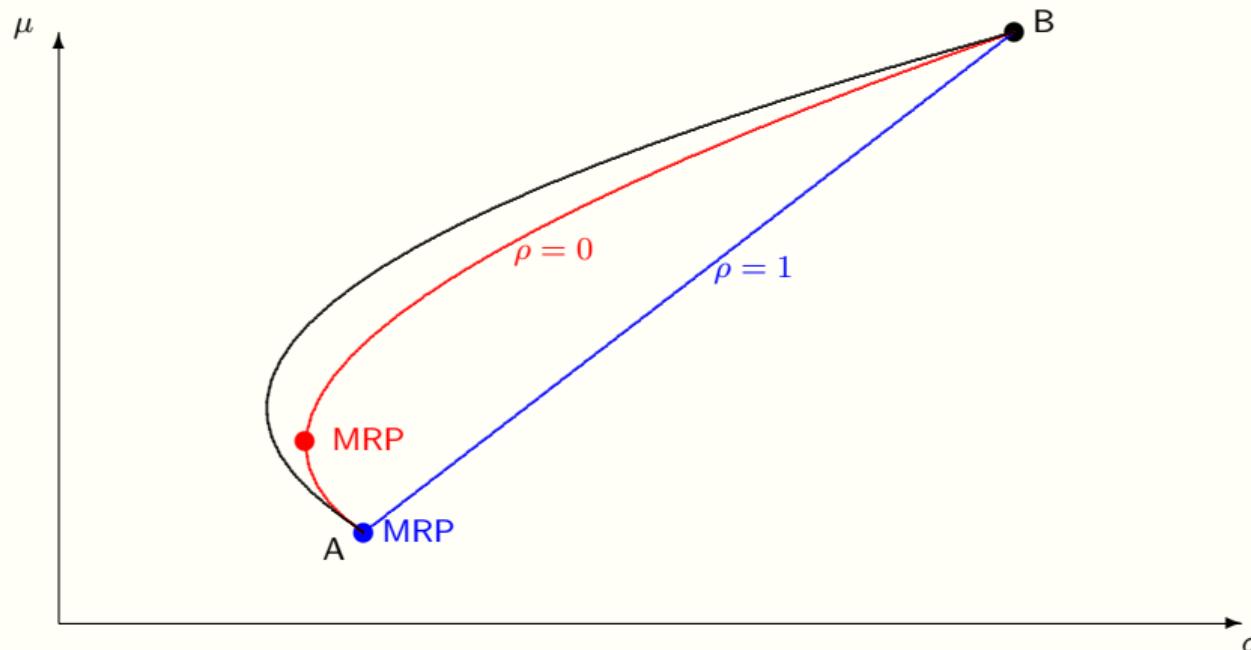
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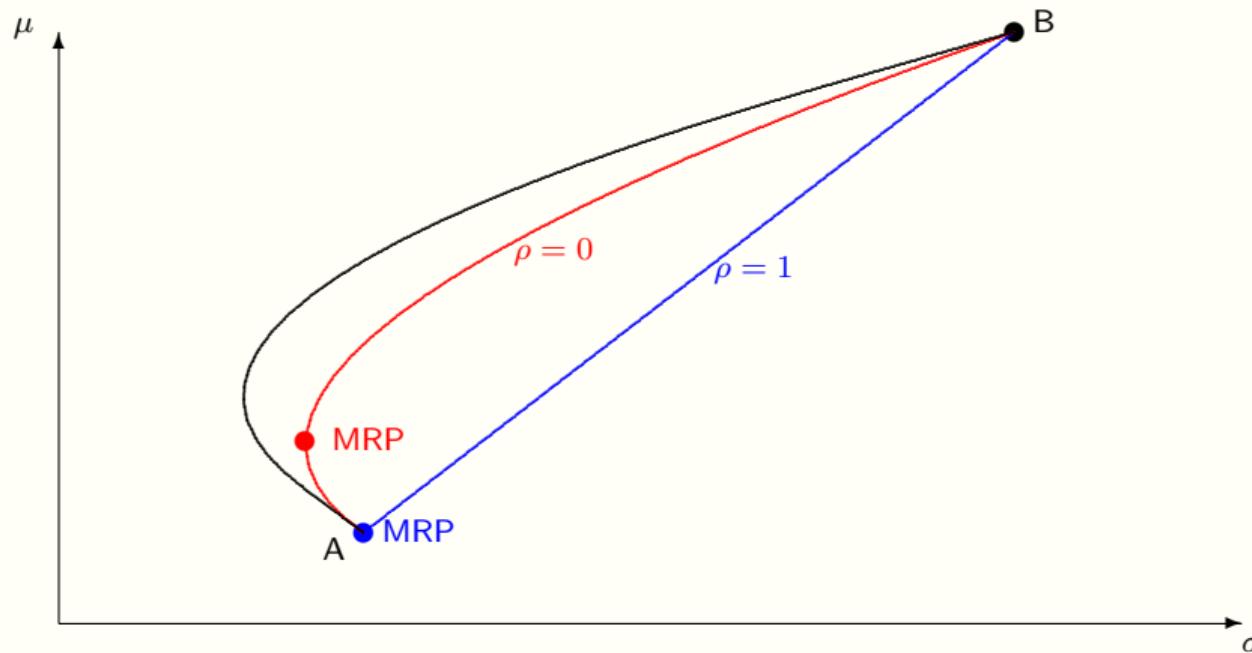
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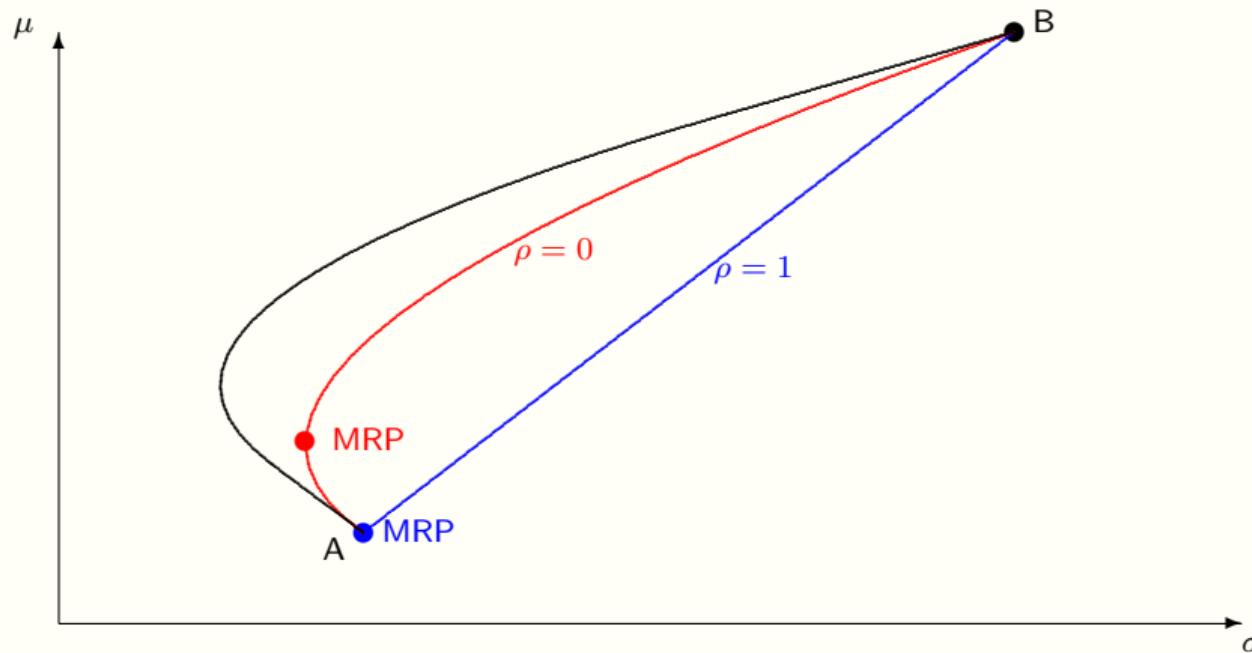
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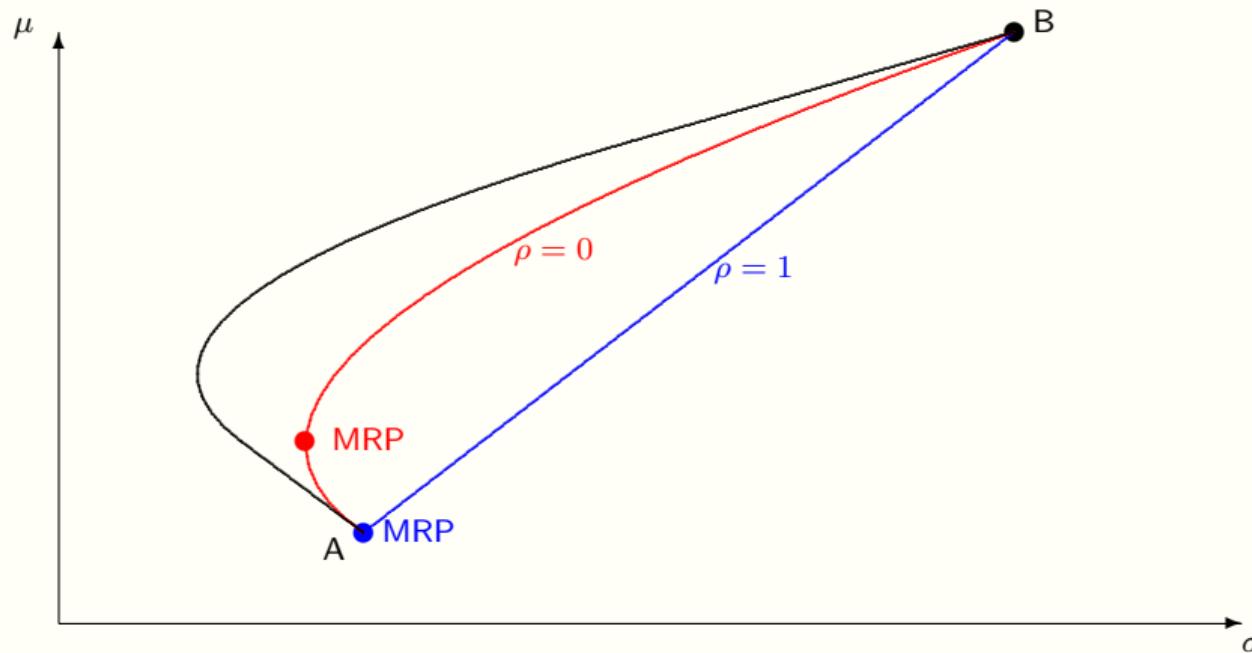
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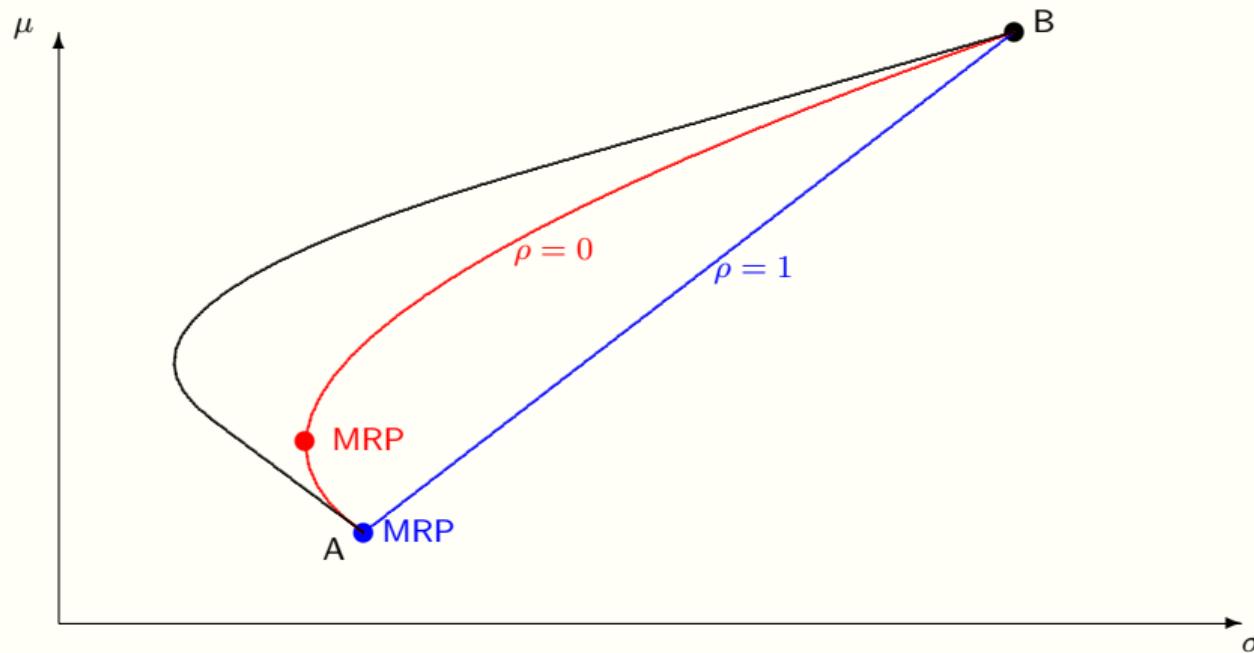
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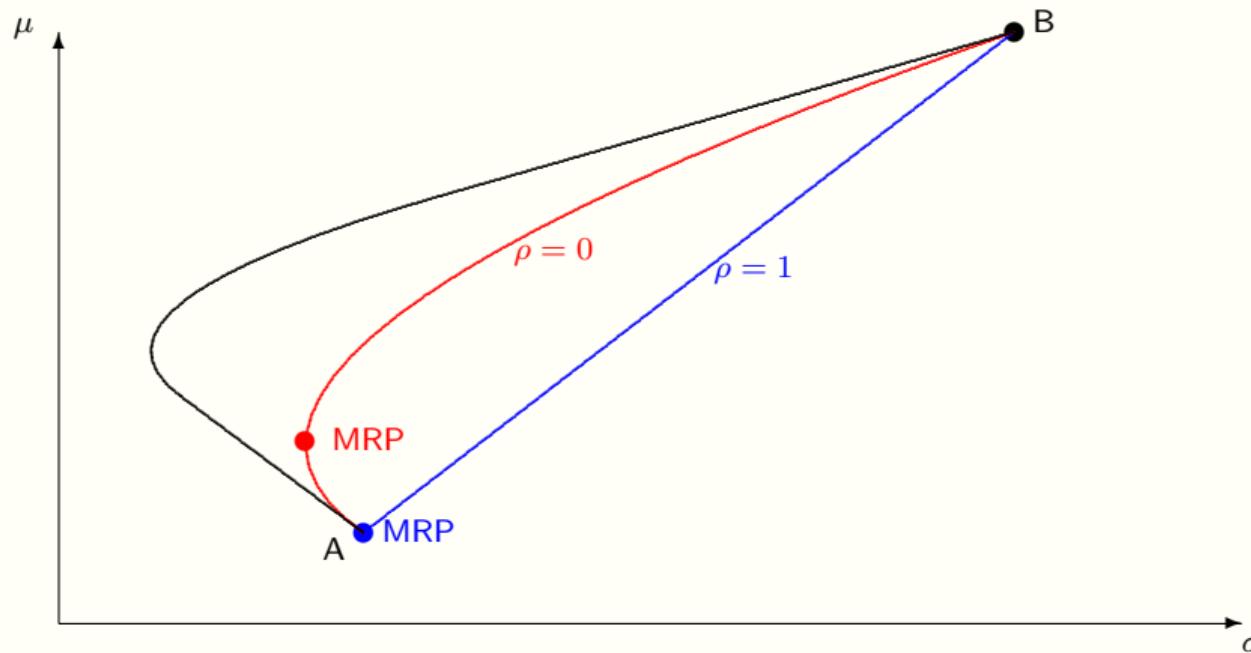
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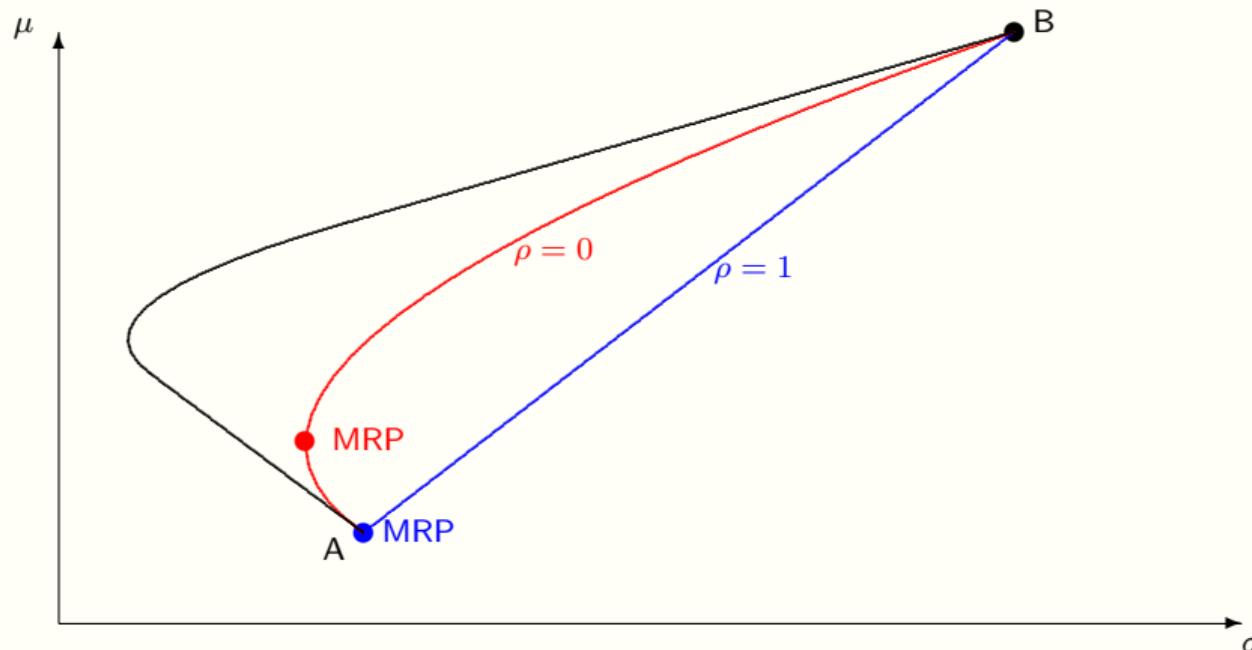
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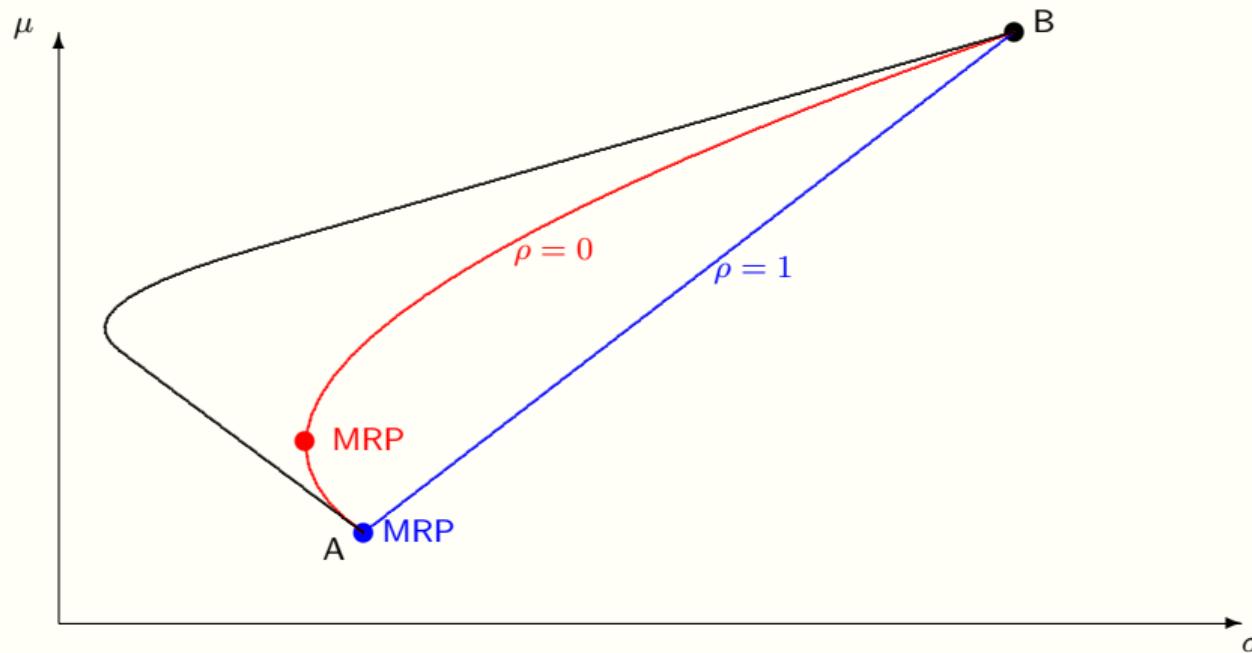
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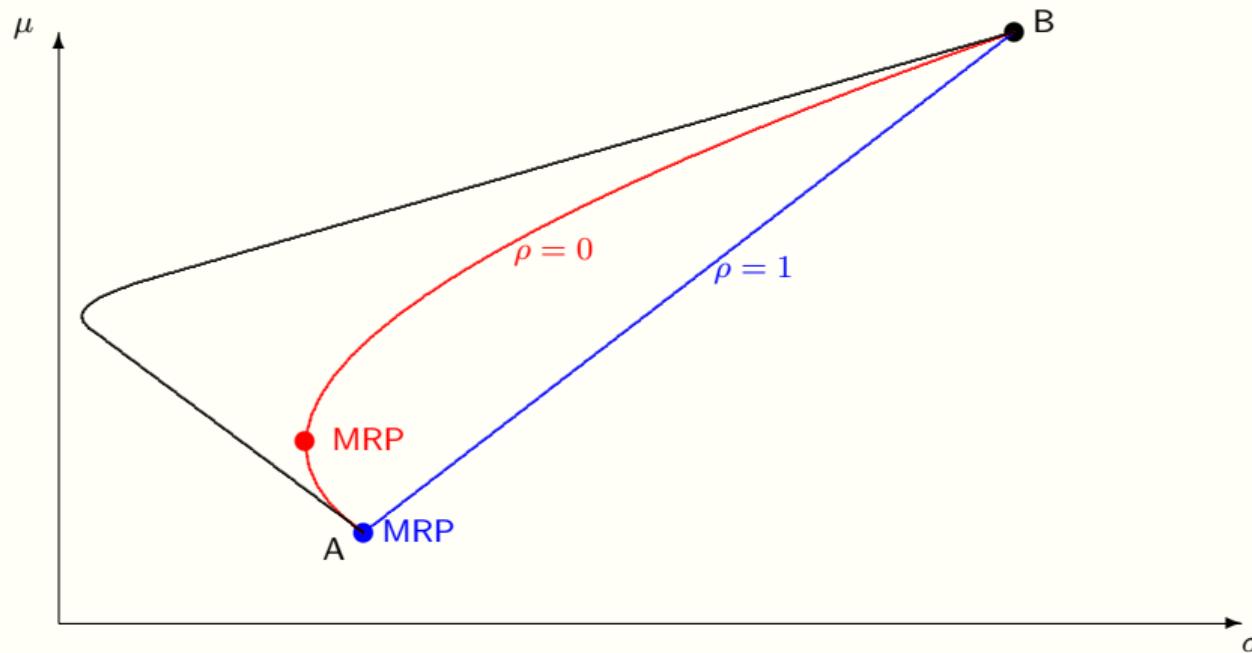
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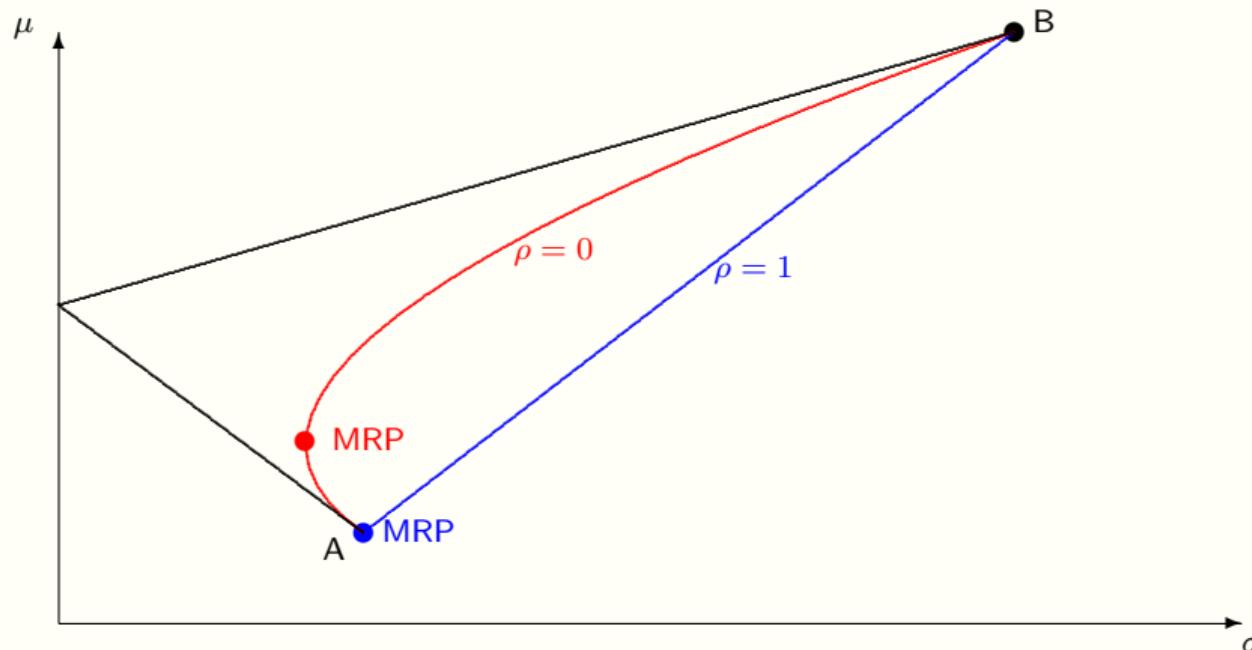
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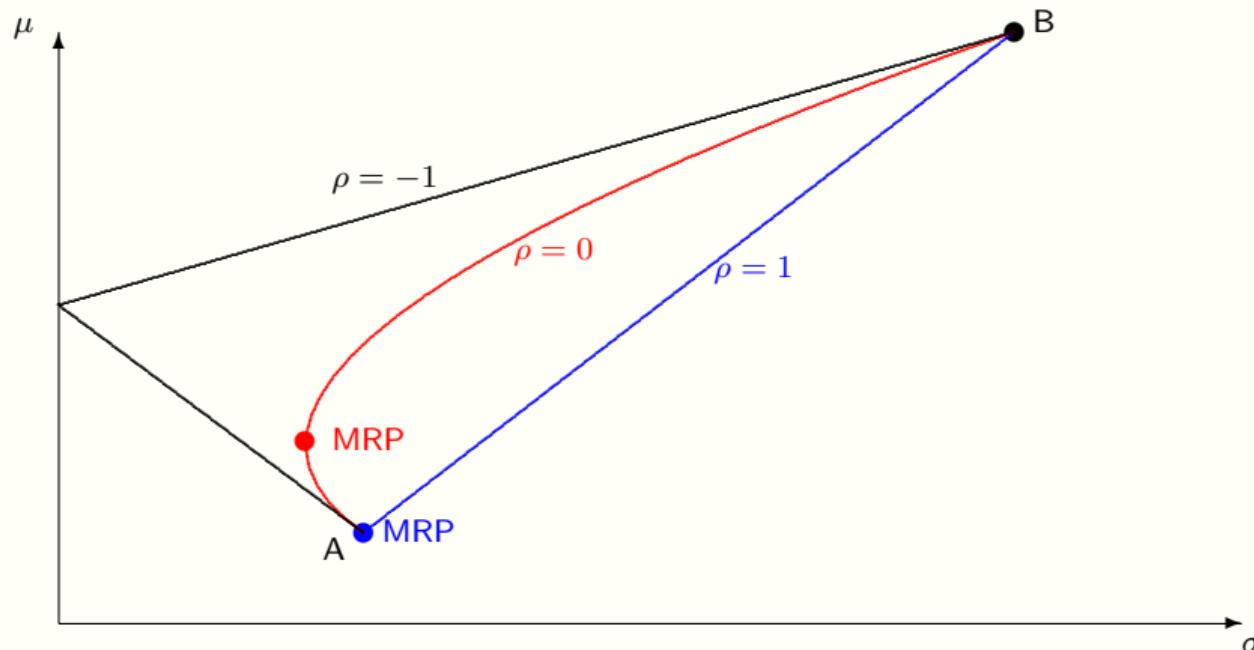
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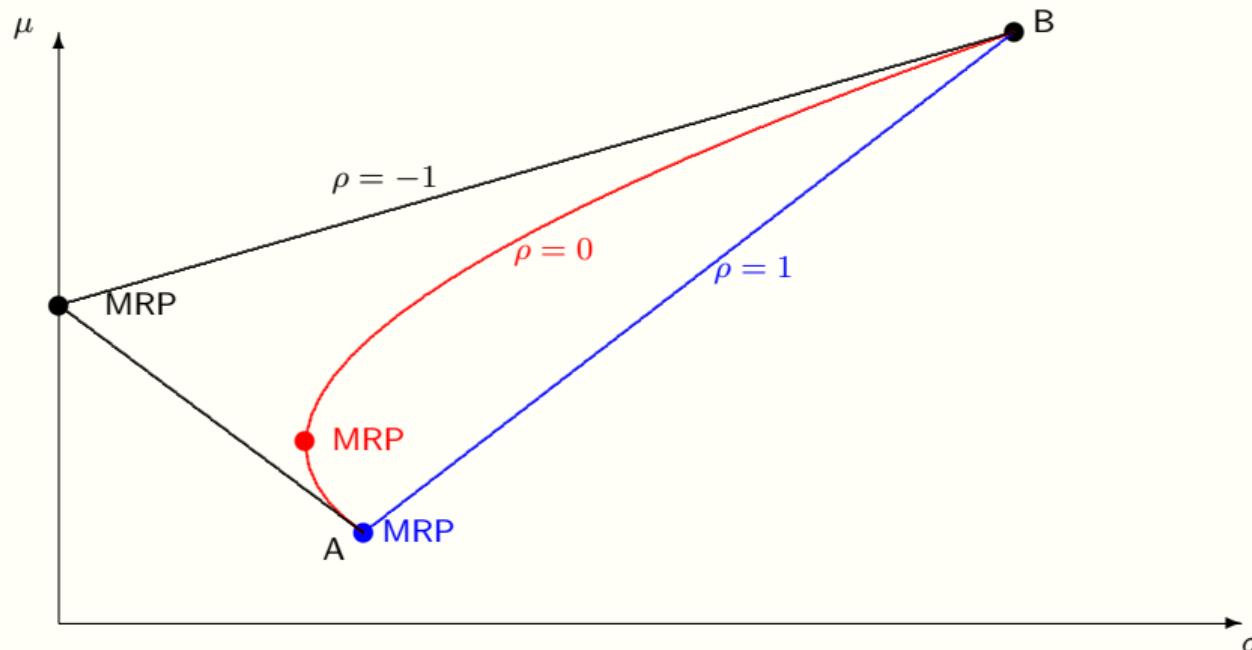
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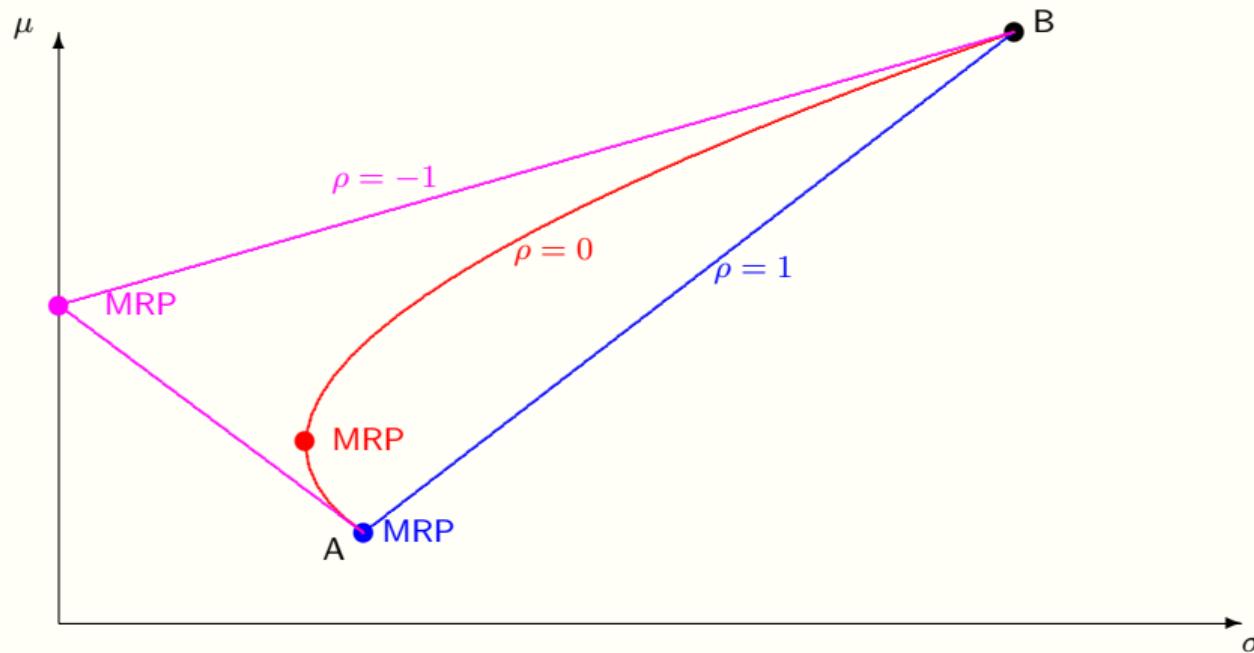
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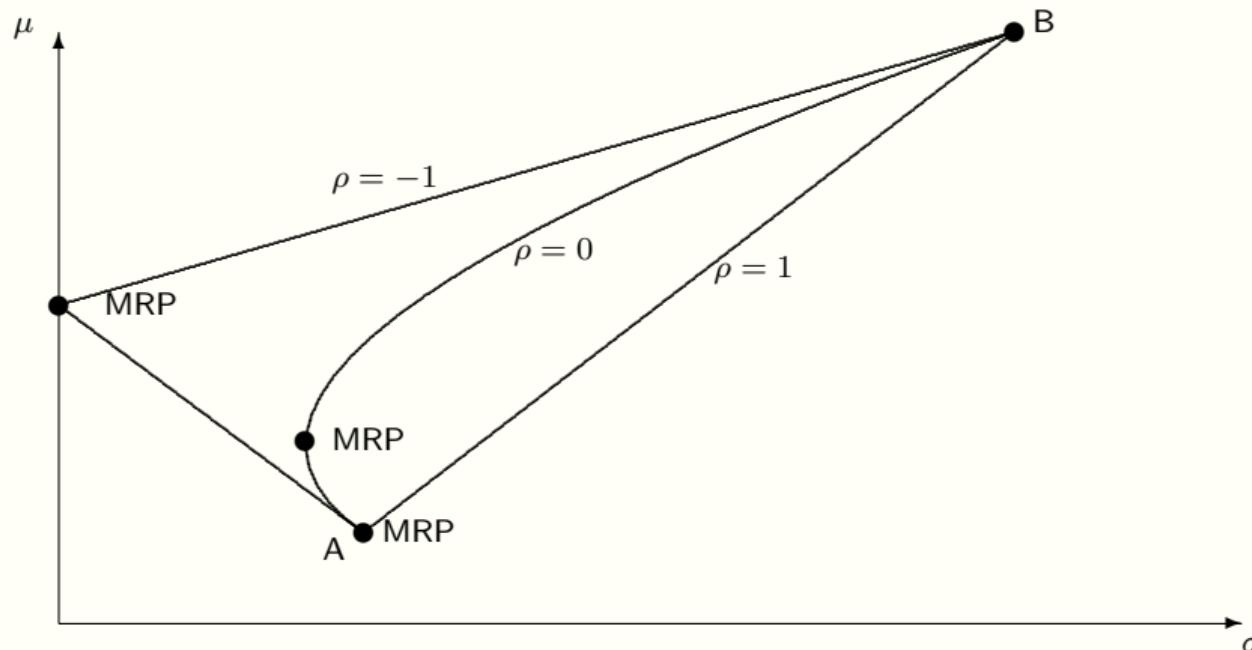
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Correlation of assets and portfolio risk

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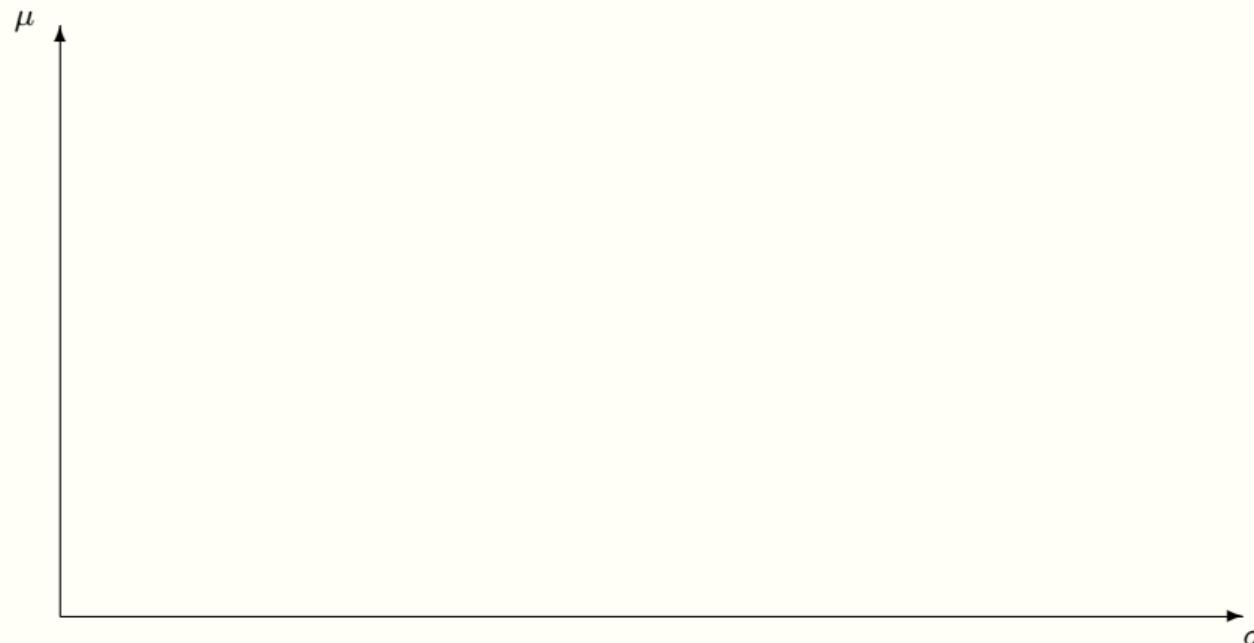
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Portfolio with more assets

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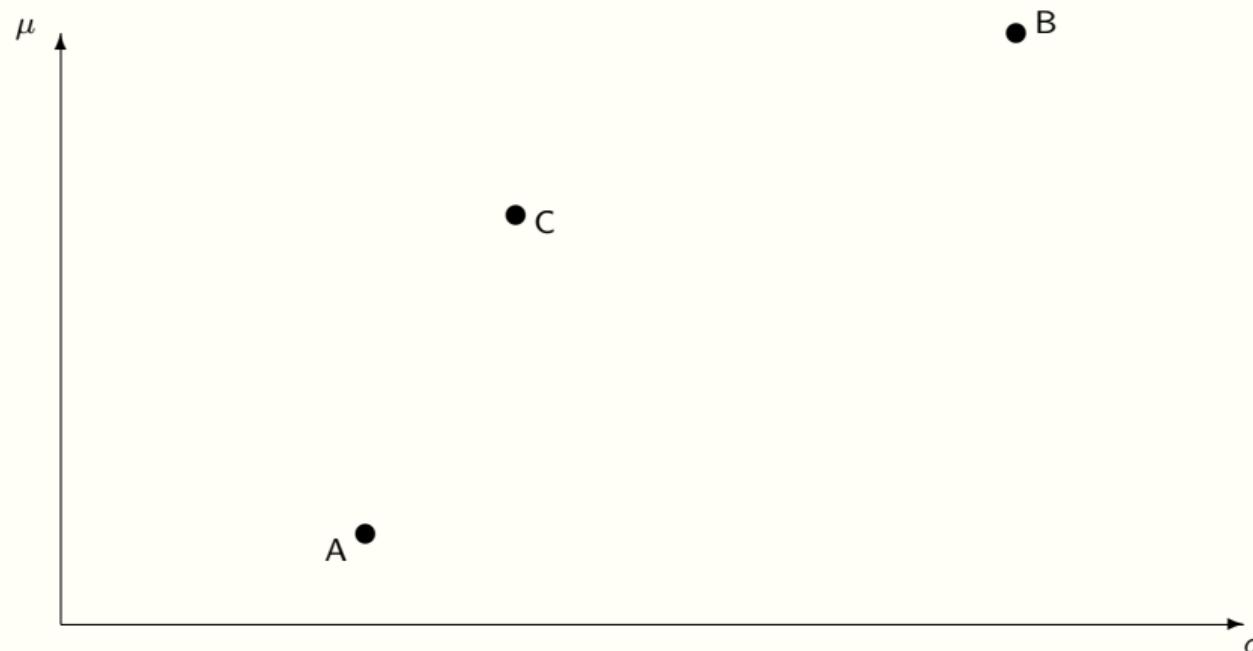
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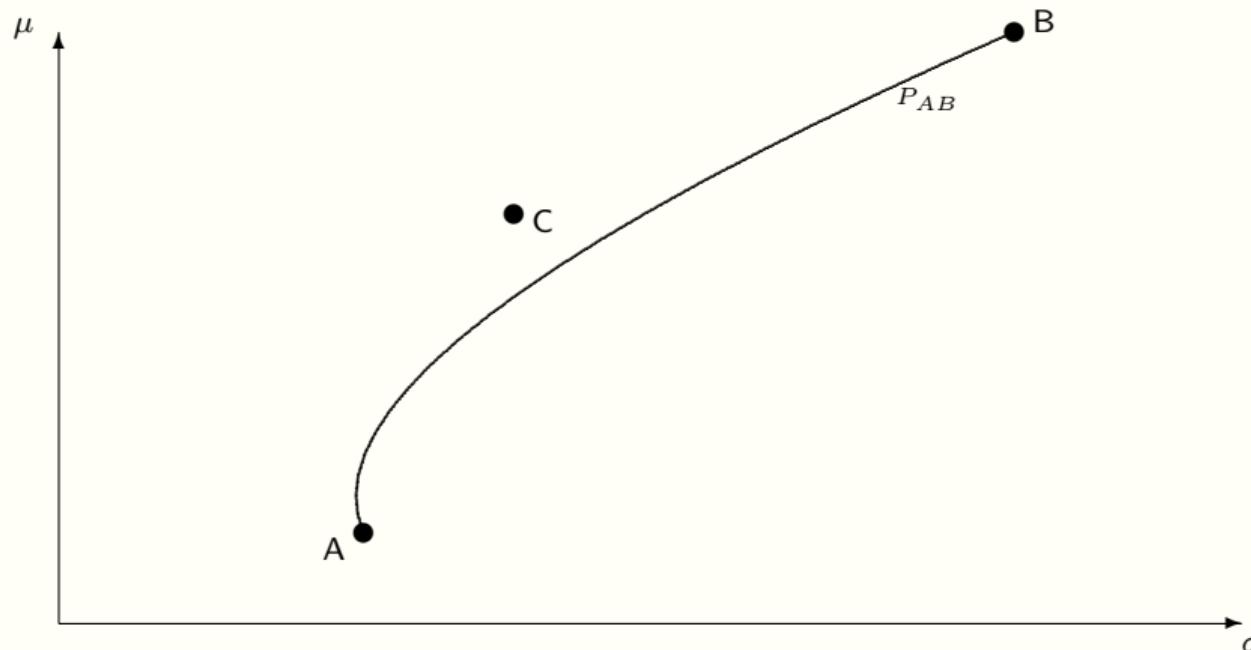
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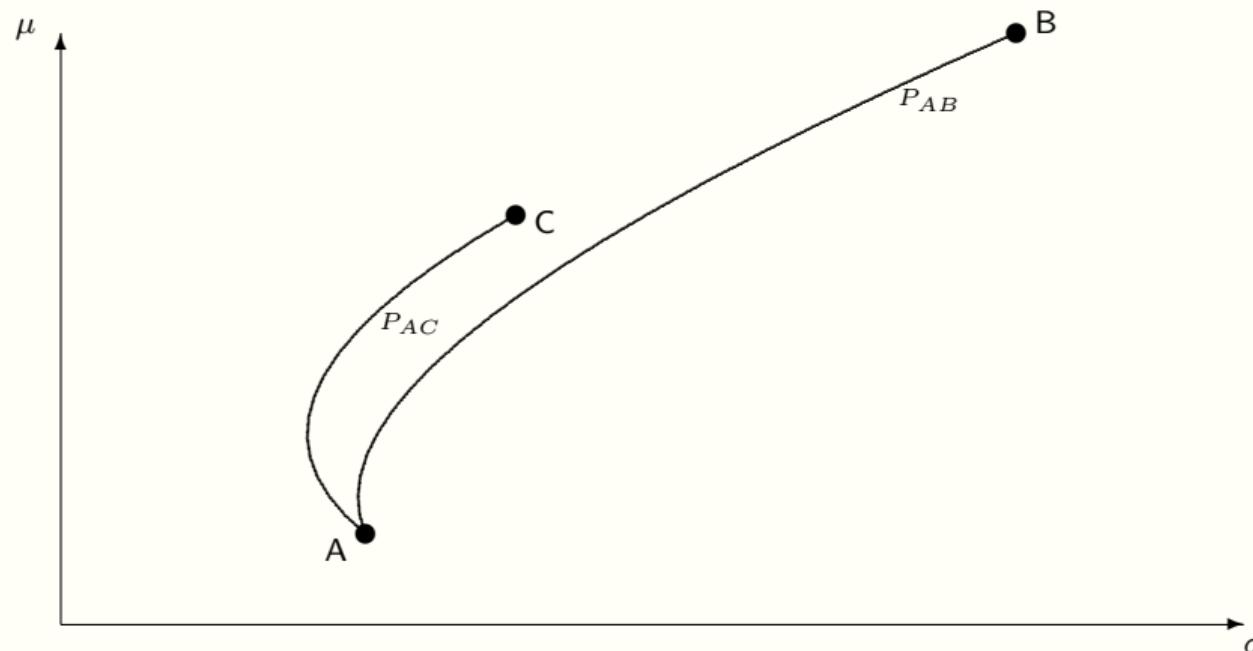
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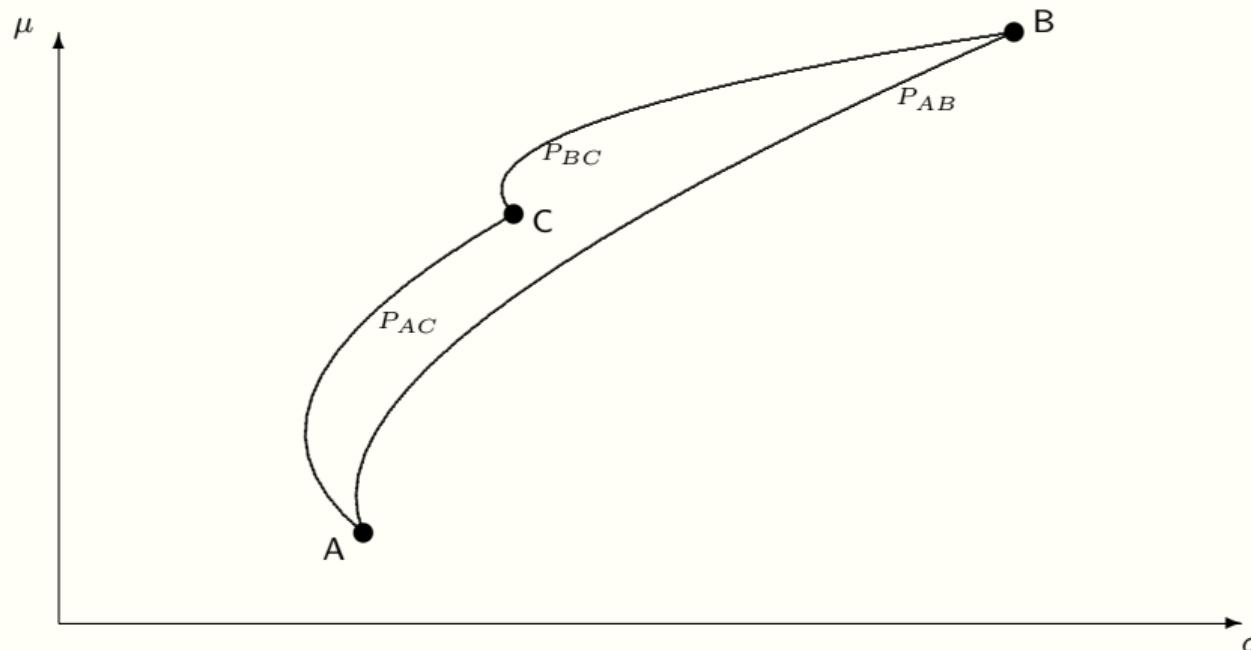
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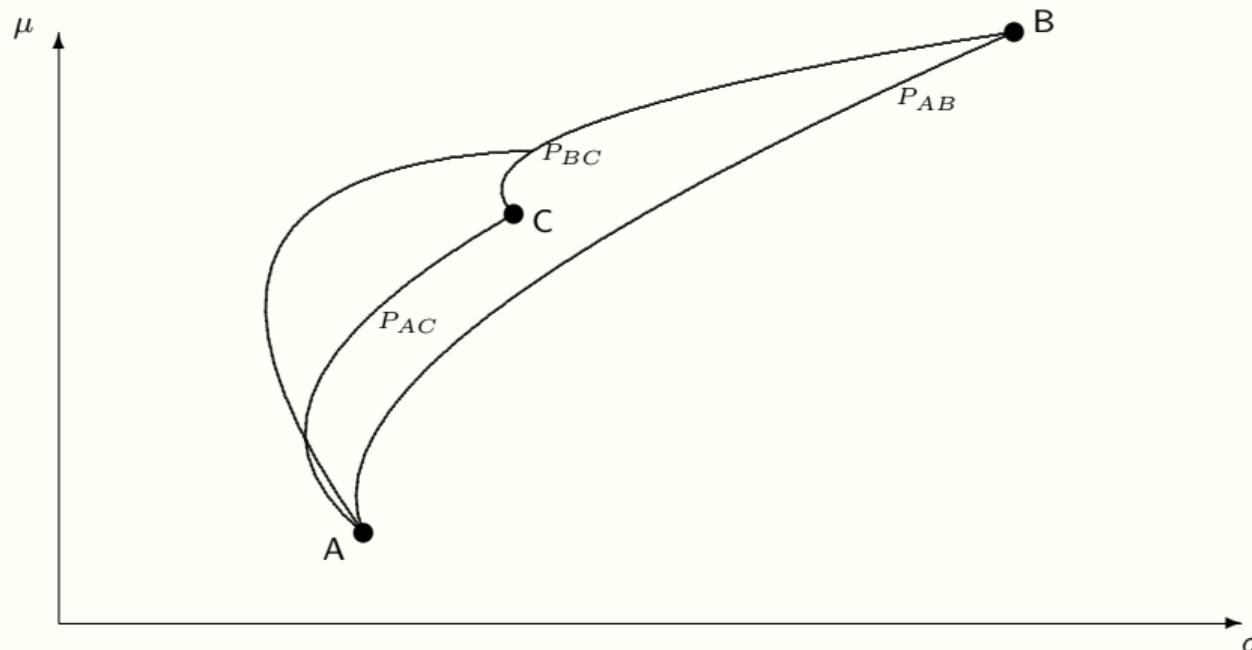
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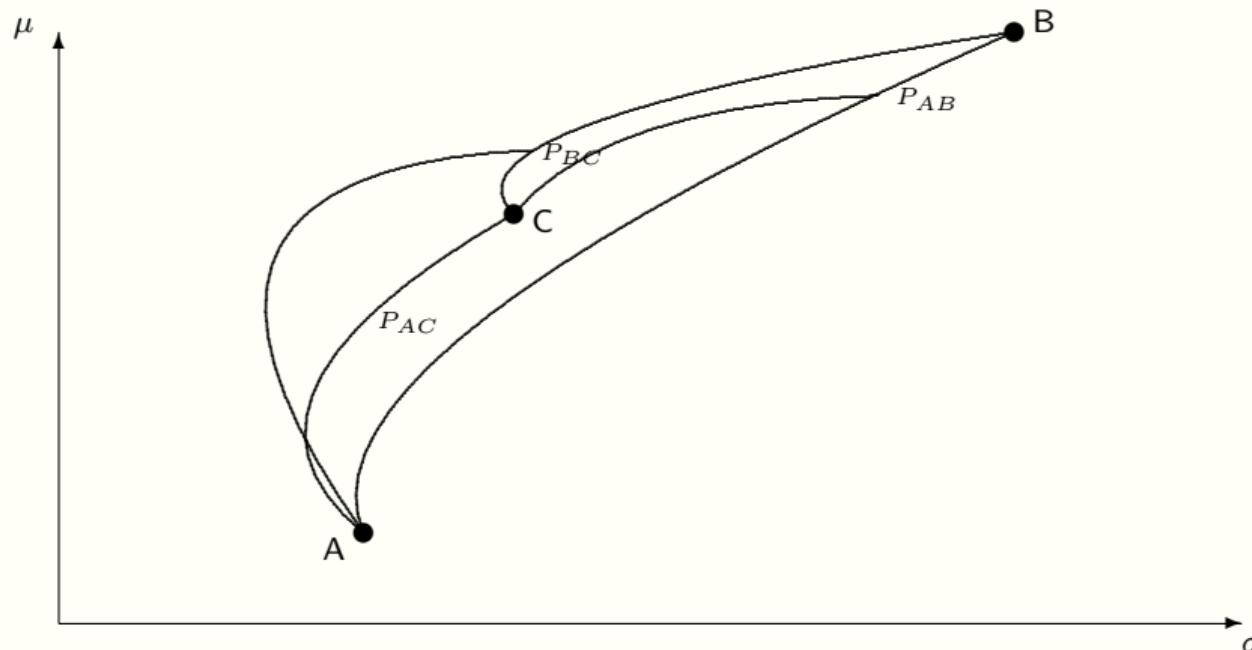
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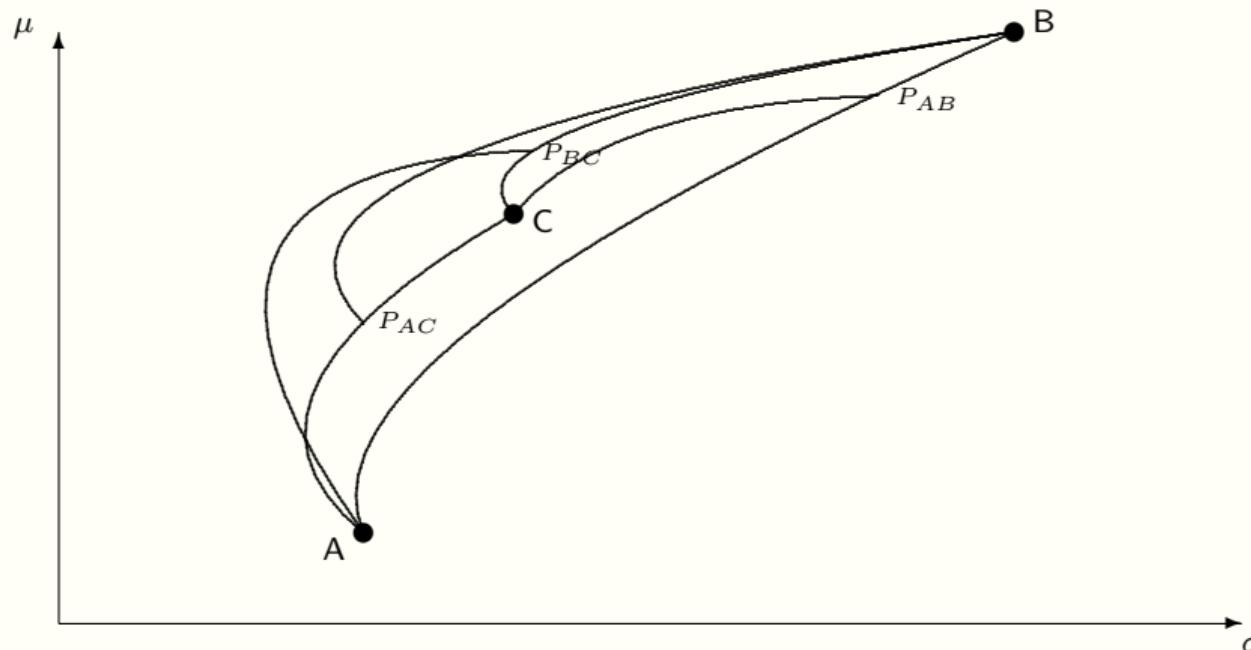
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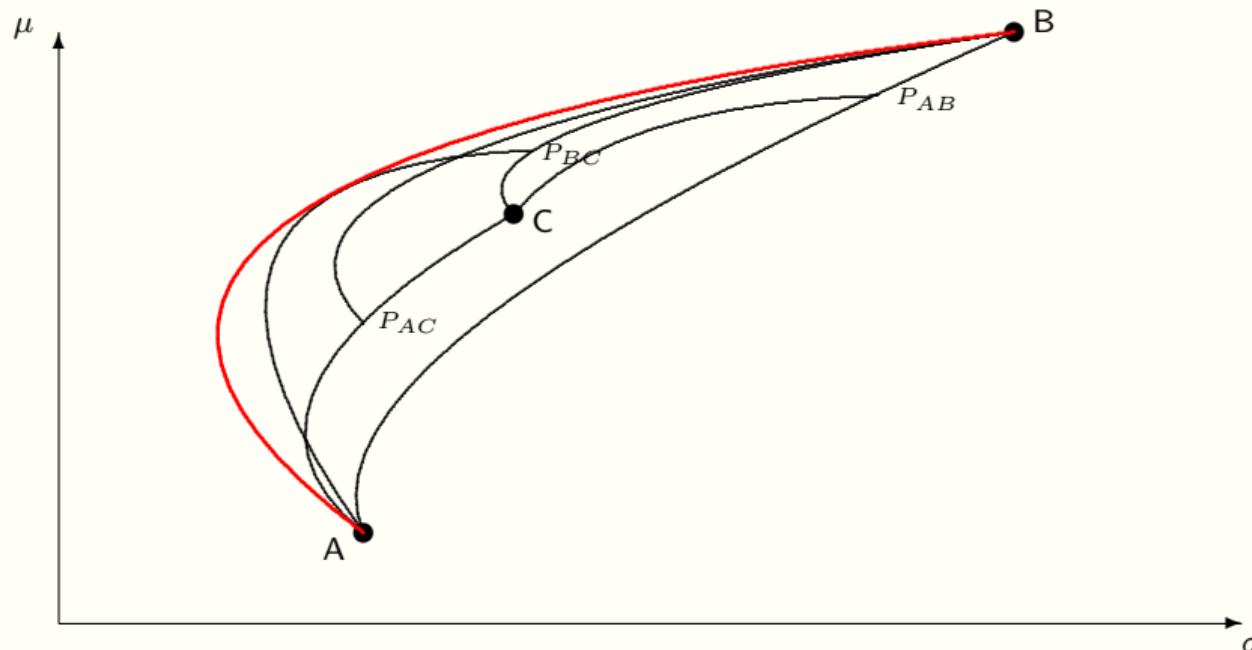
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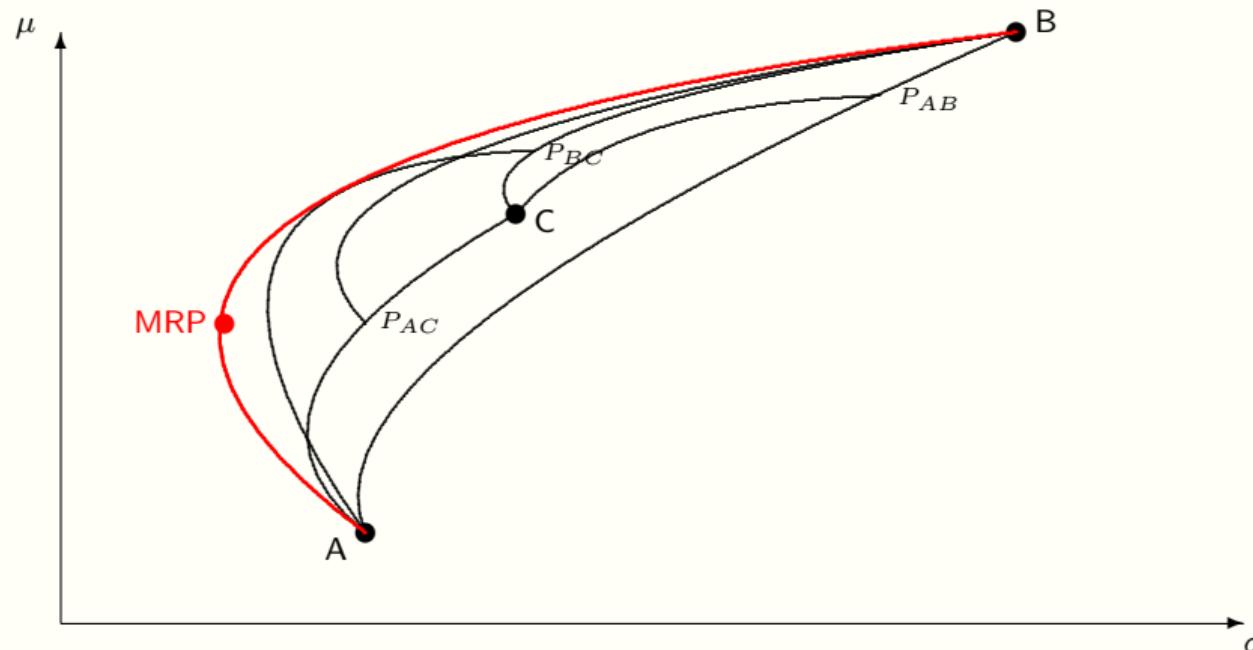
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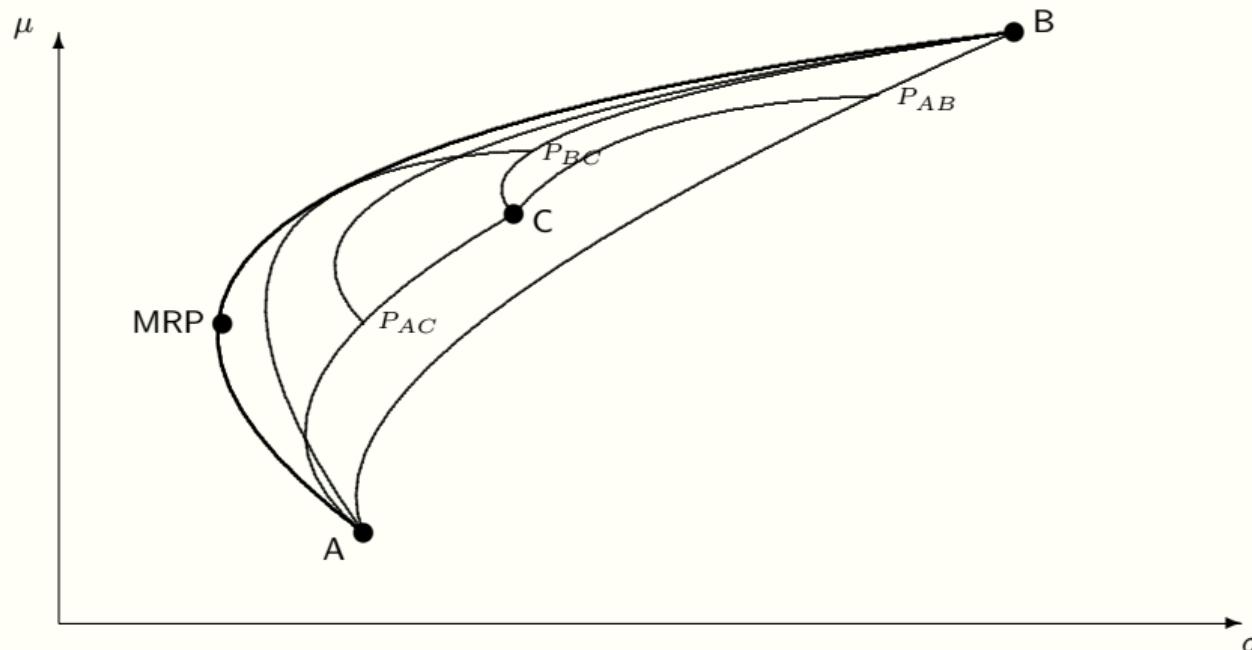
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The effect of diversification

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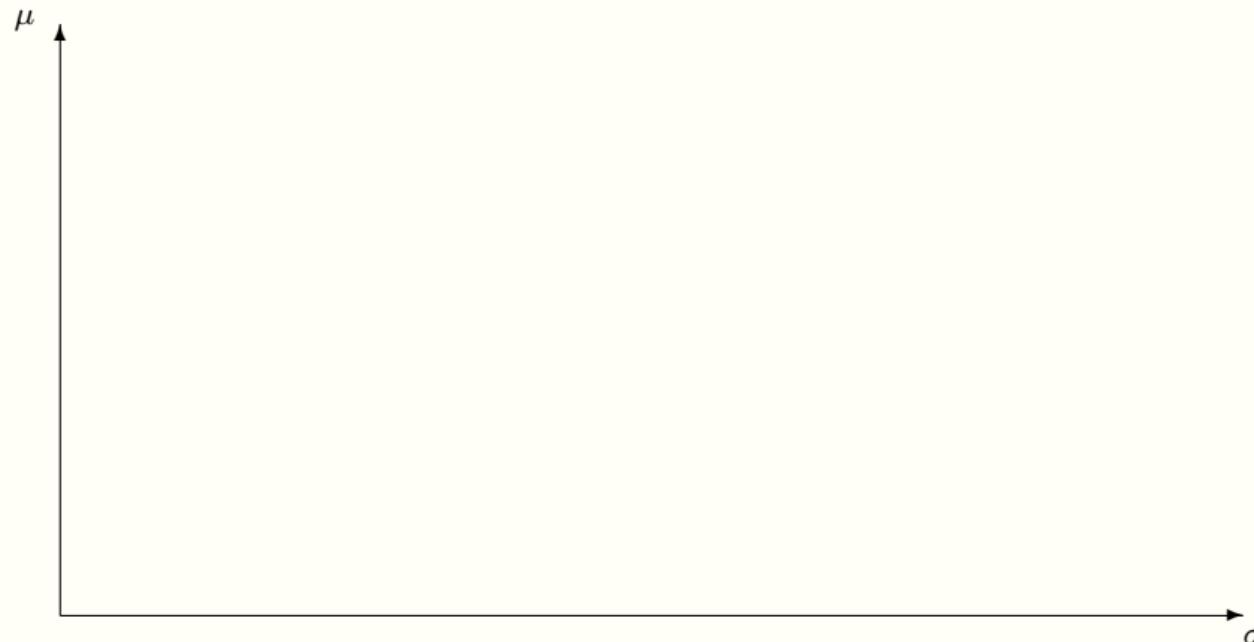
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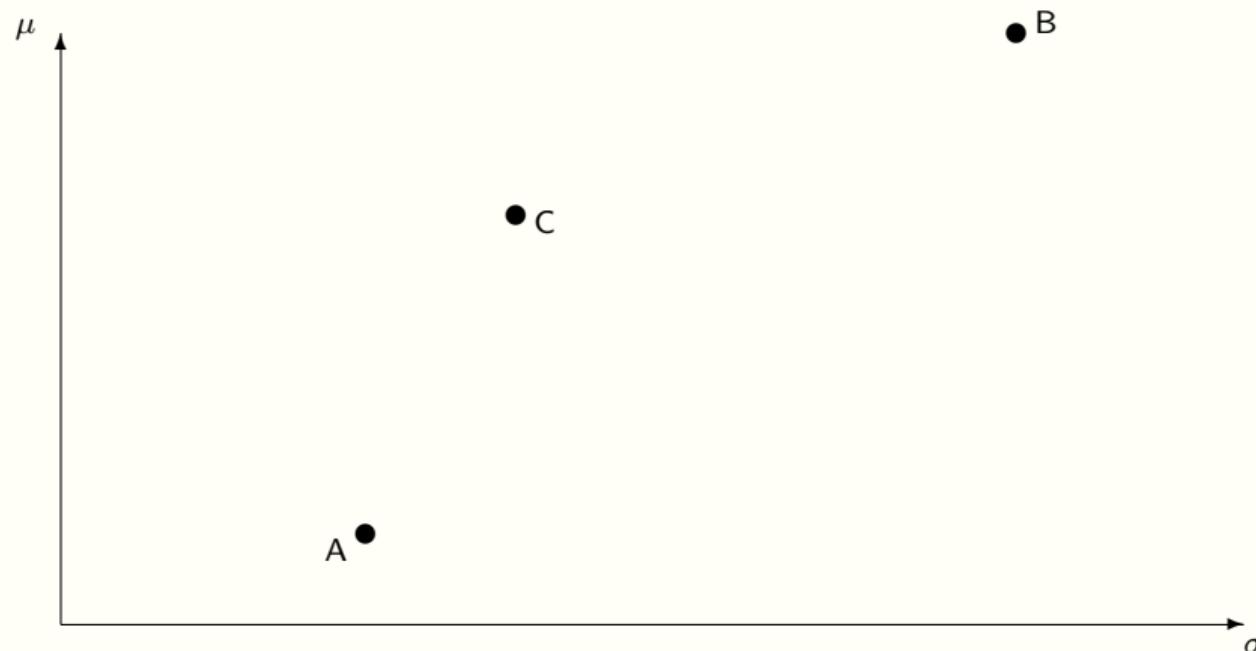
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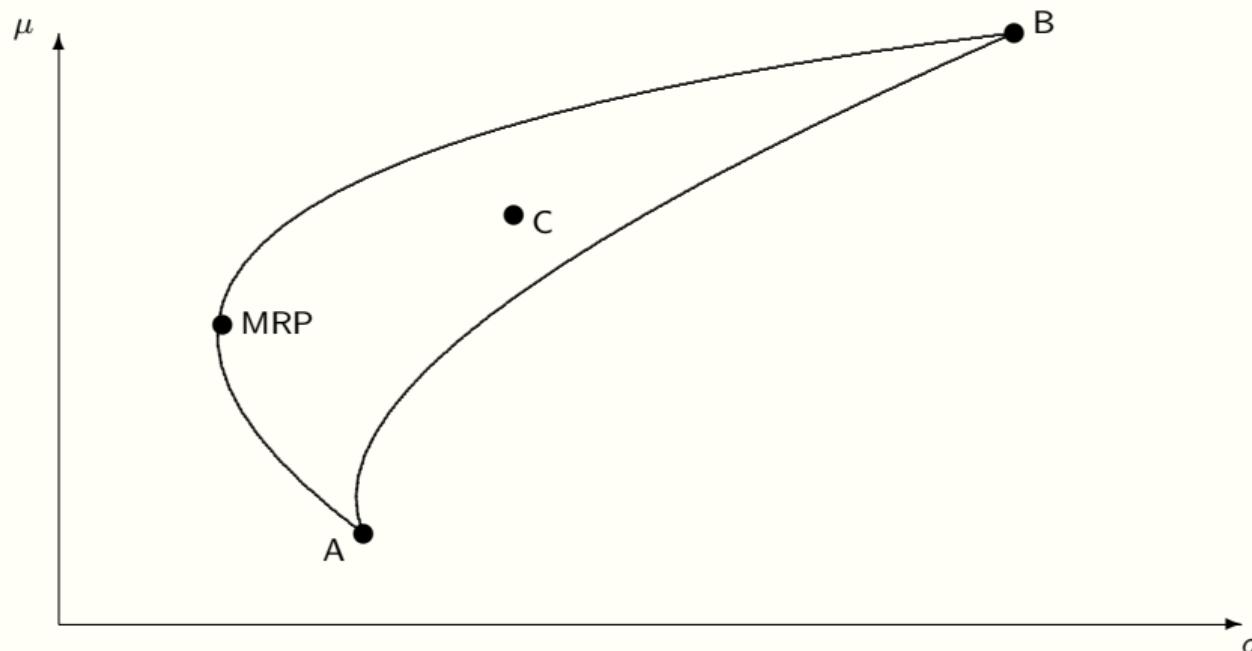
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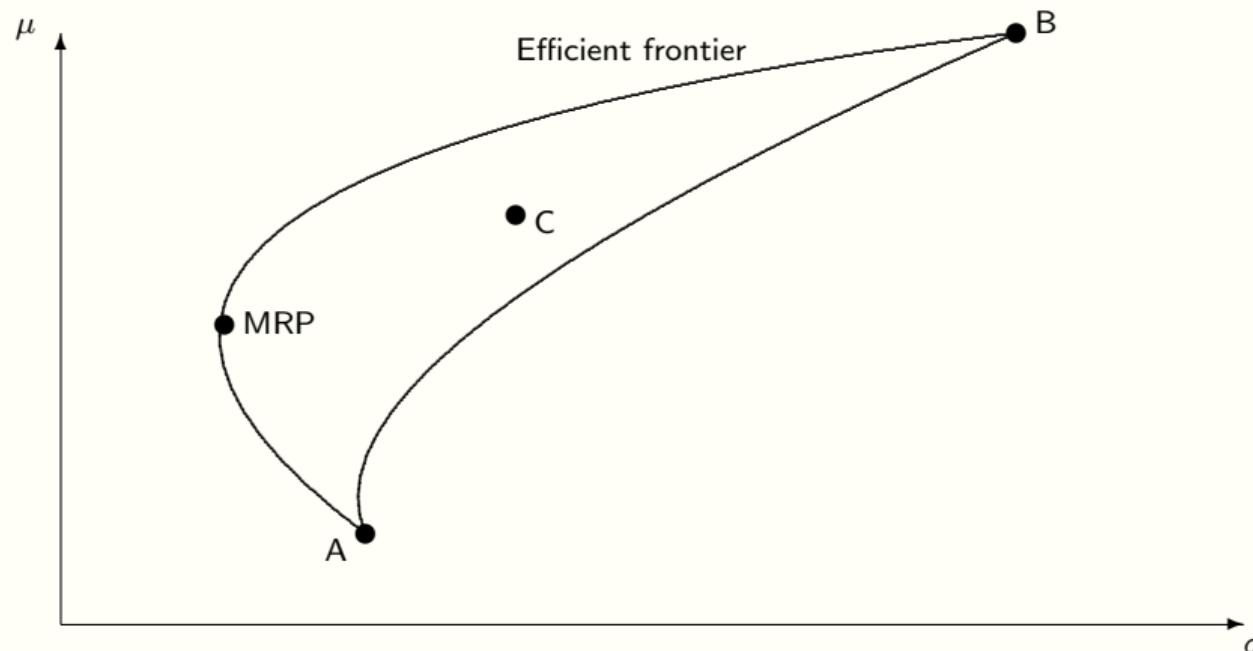
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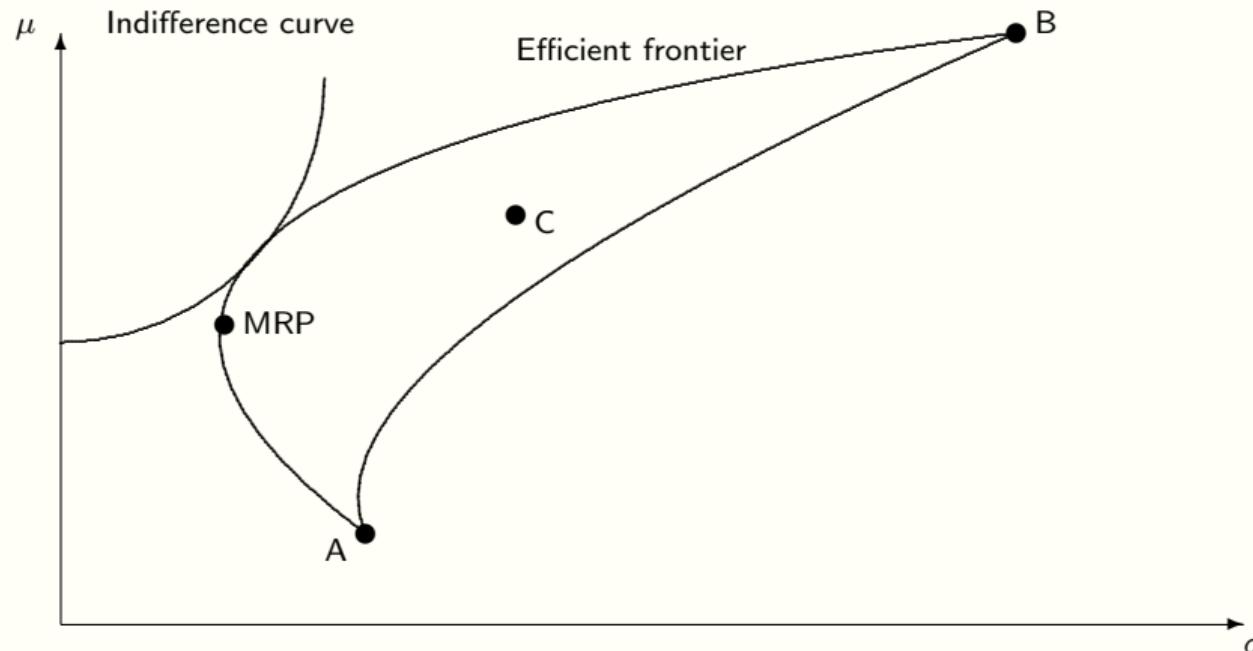
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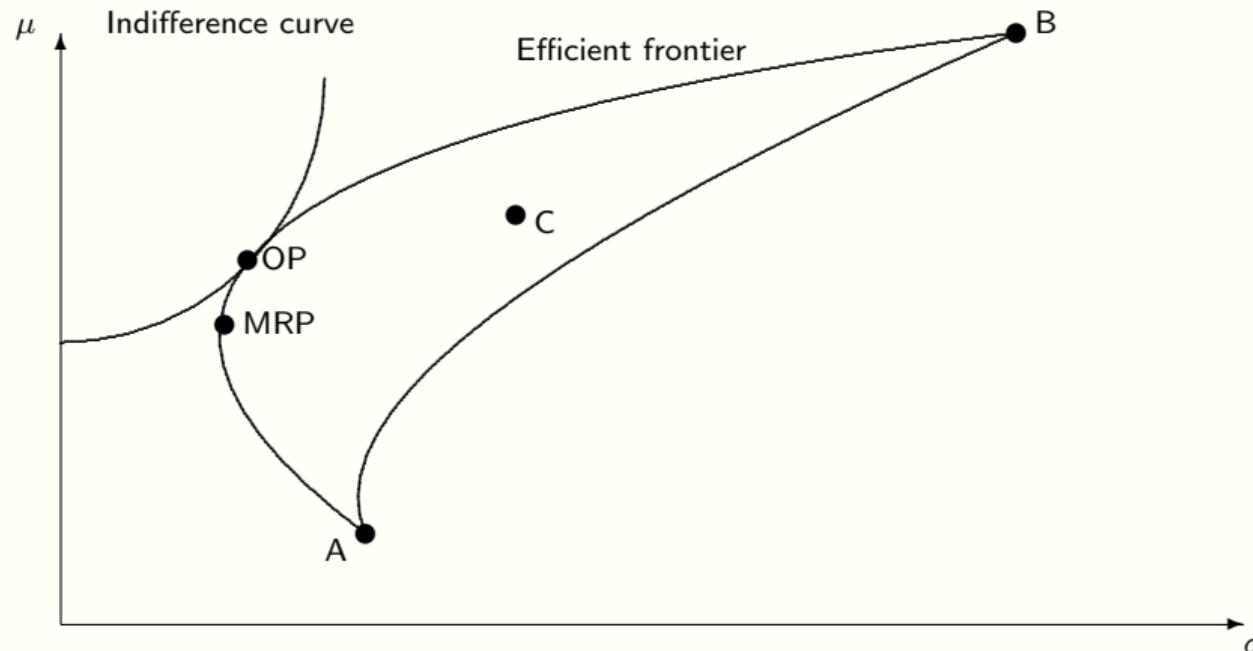
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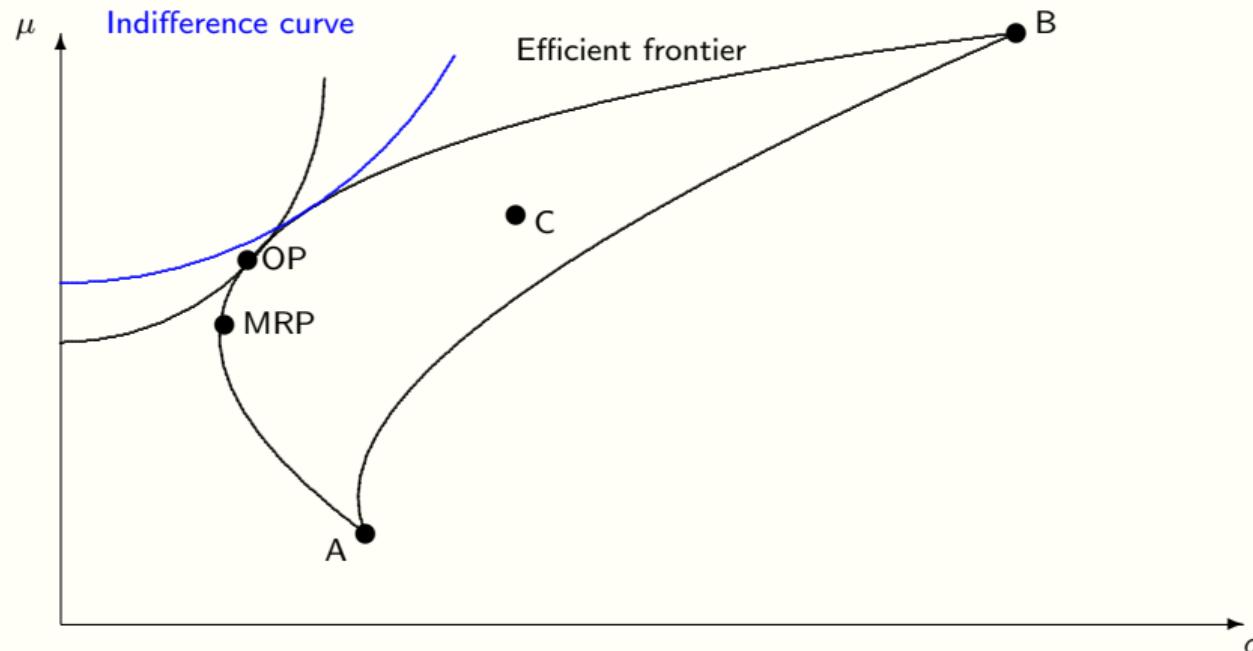
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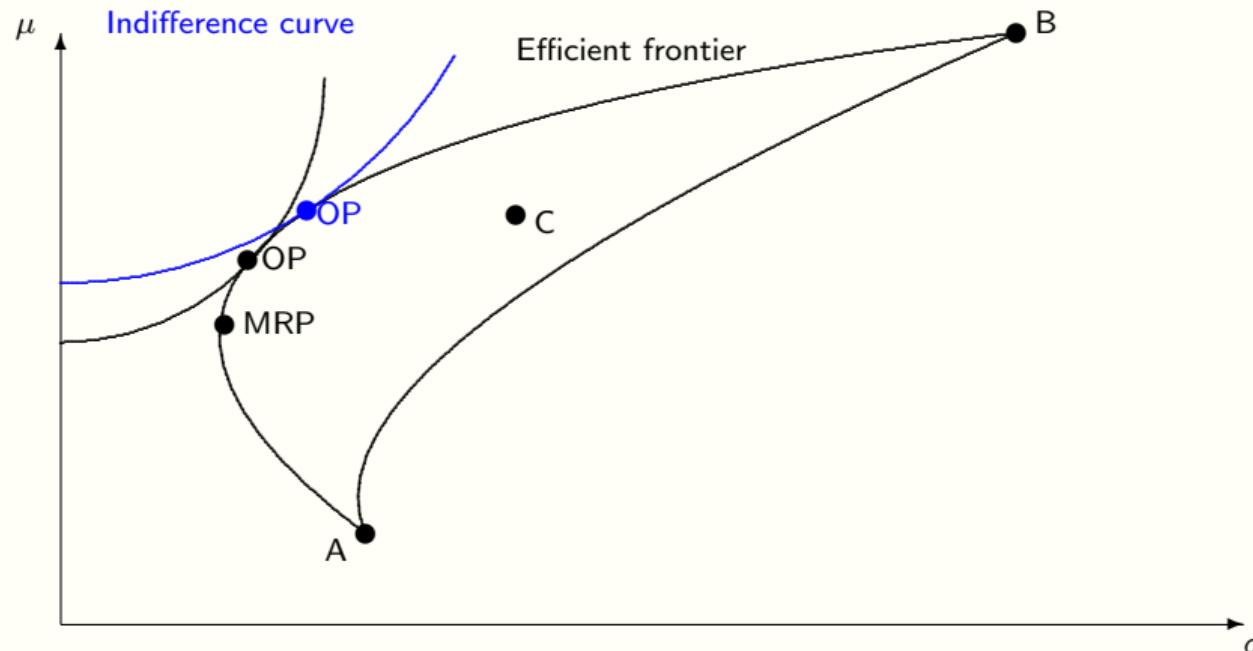
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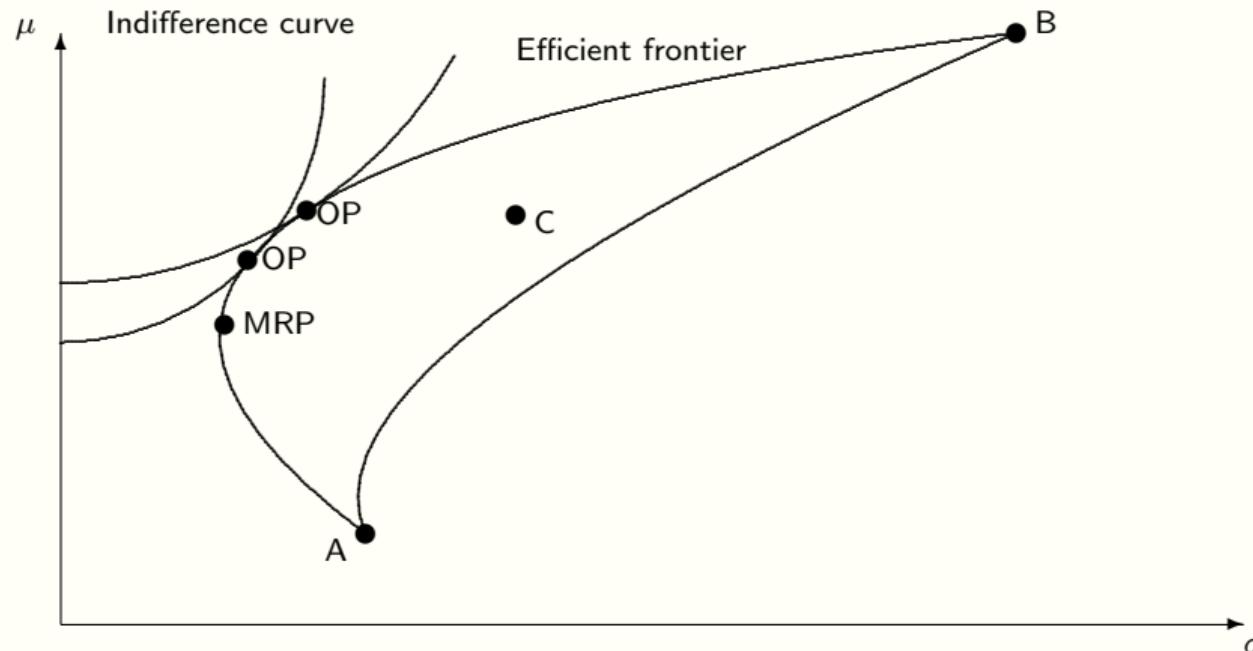
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Optimal portfolios with risky assets

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Optimal portfolios with risky assets

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Optimal portfolios with risky assets

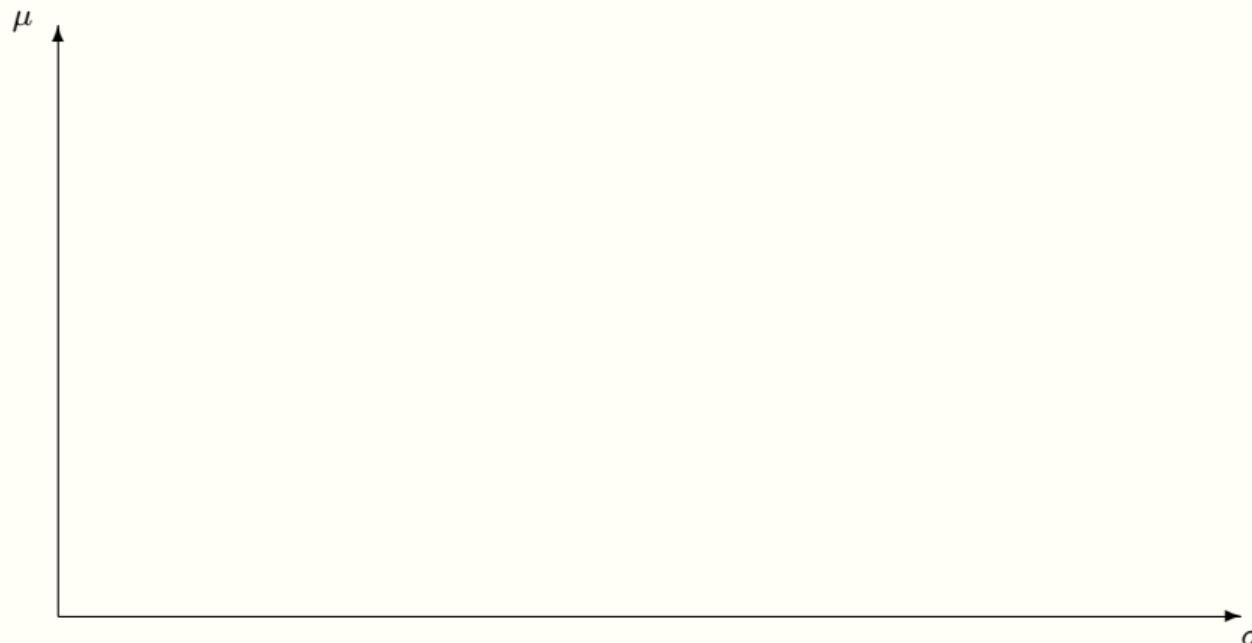
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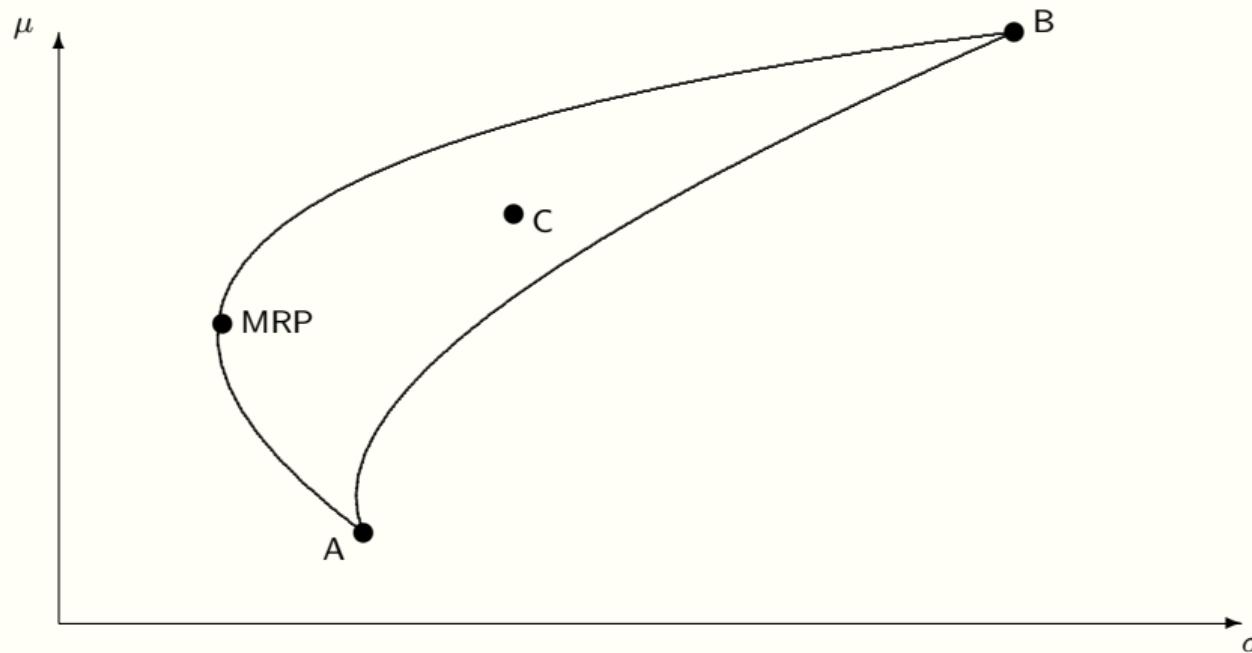
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Portfolios with a risk-free asset

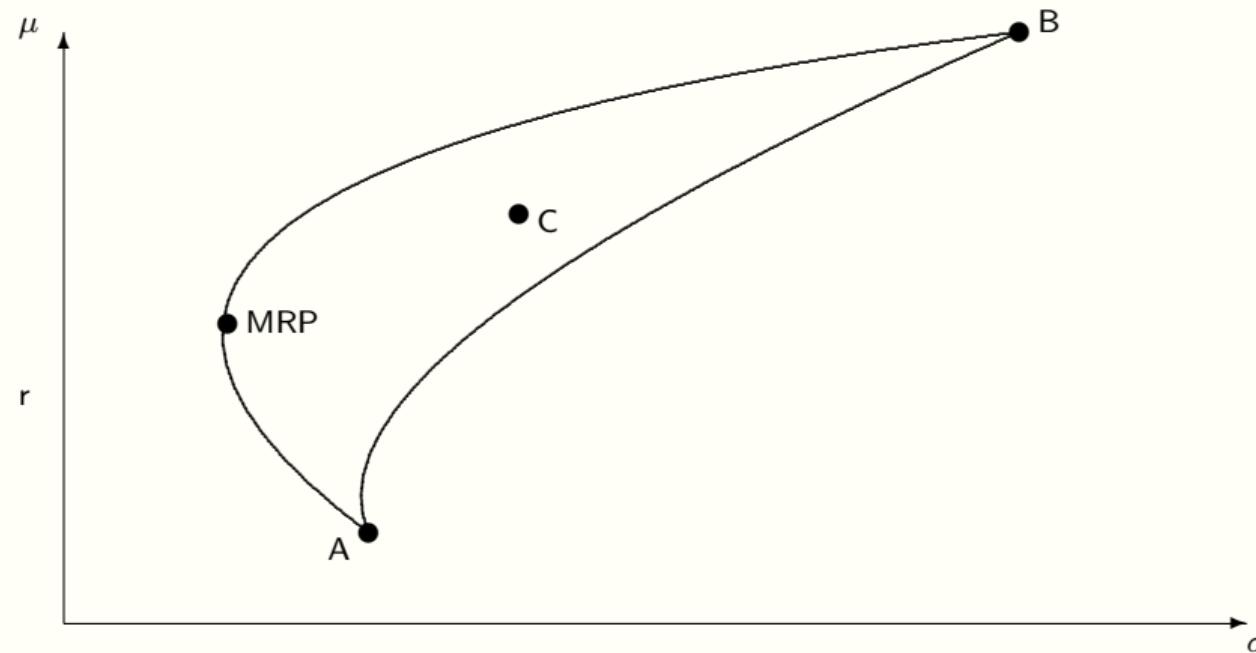
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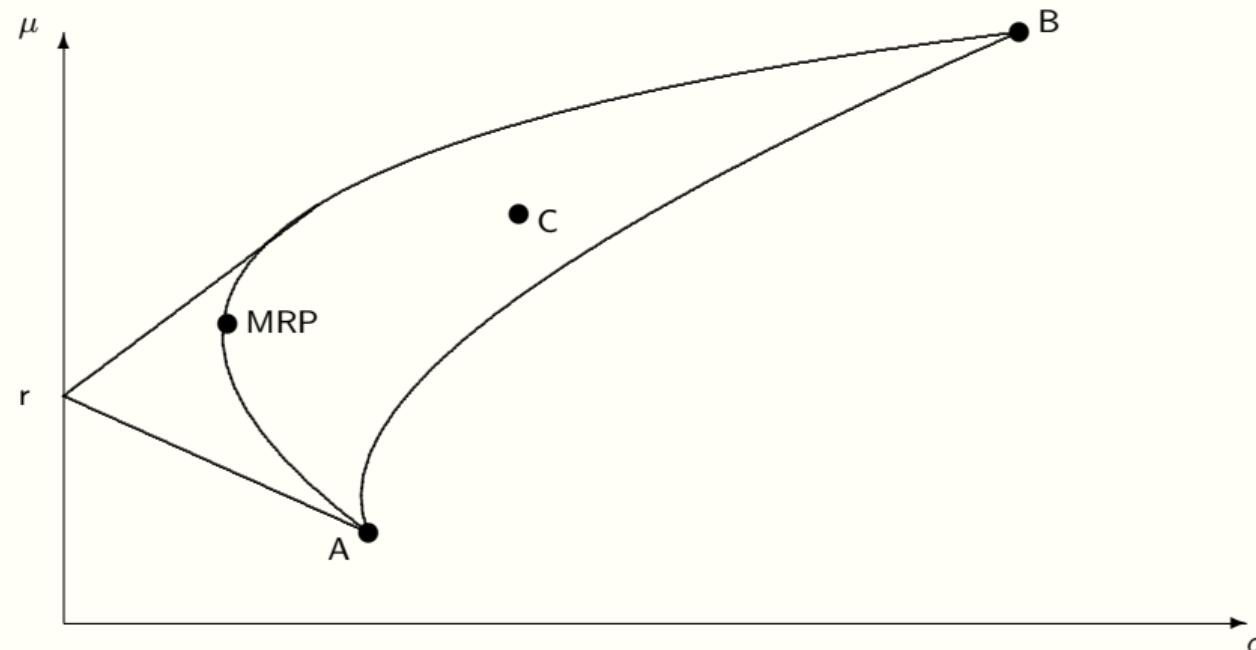
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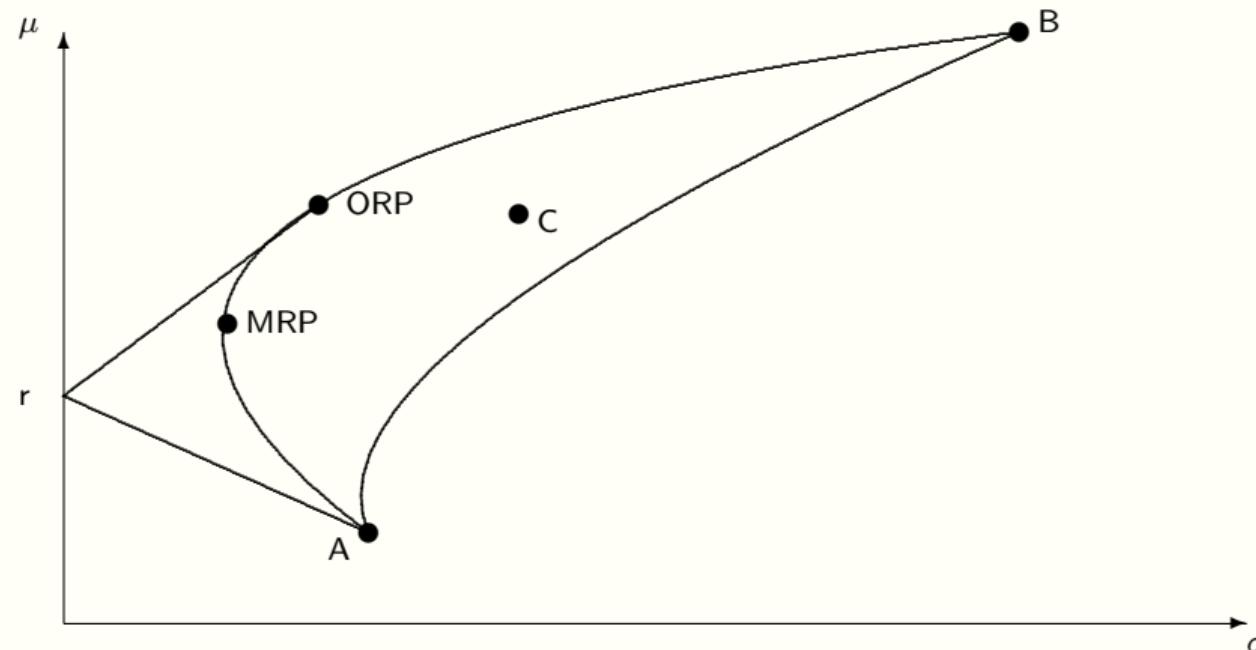
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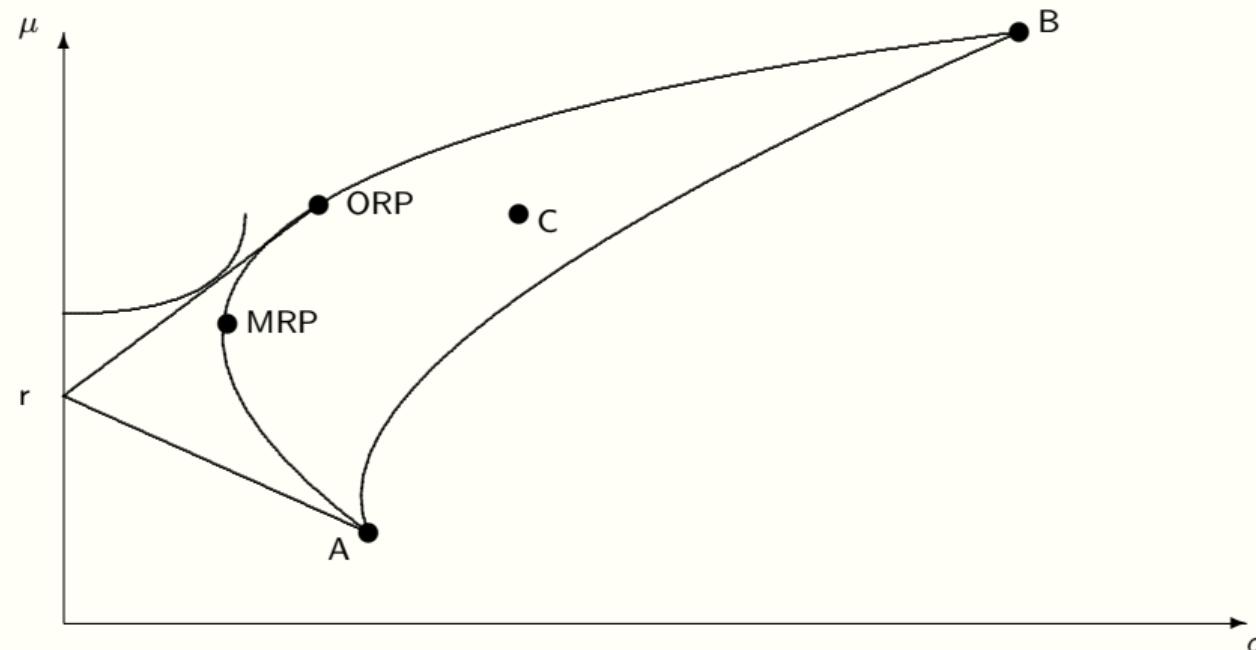
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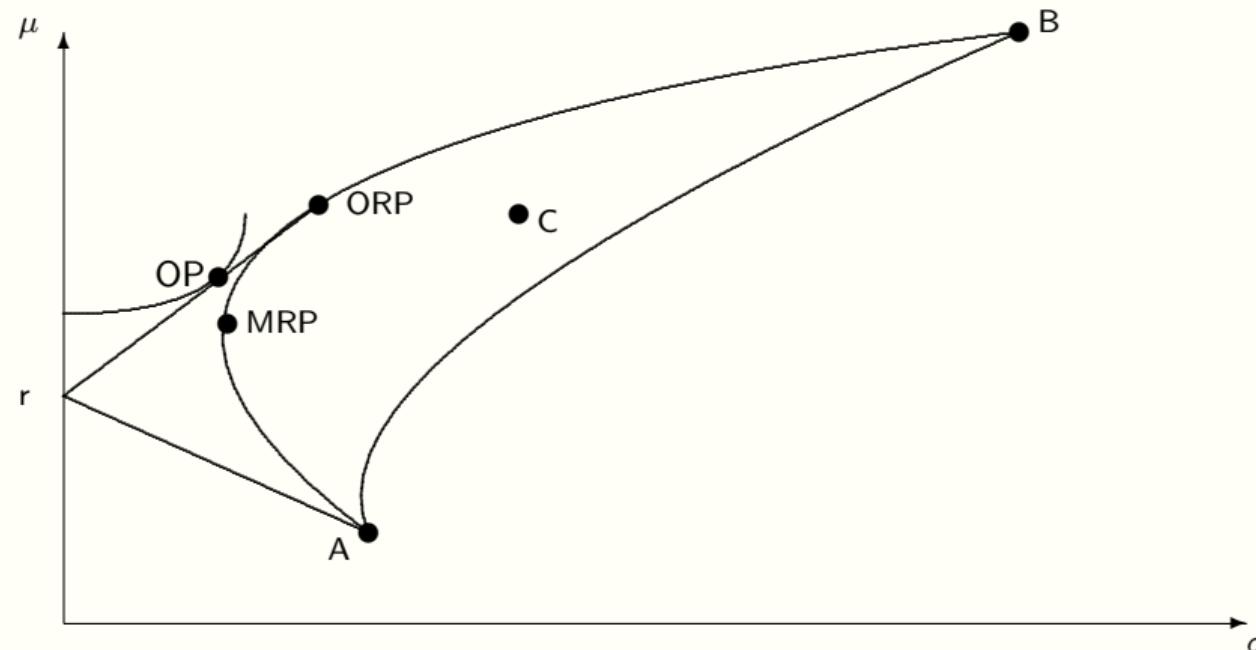
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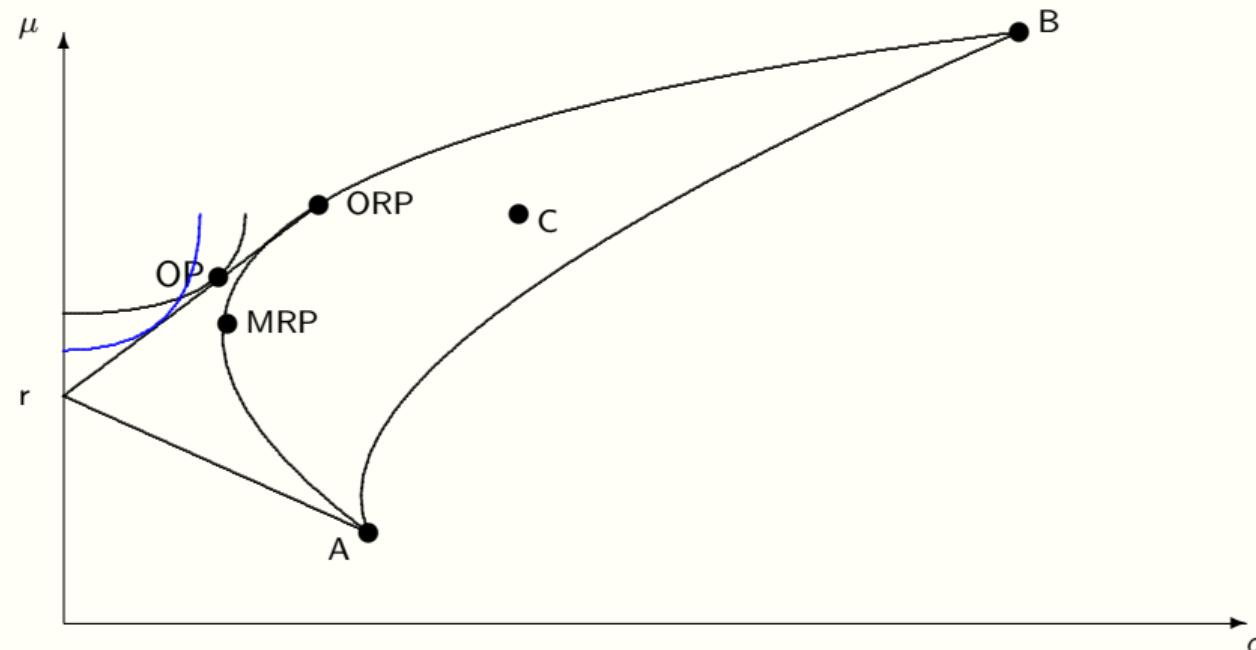
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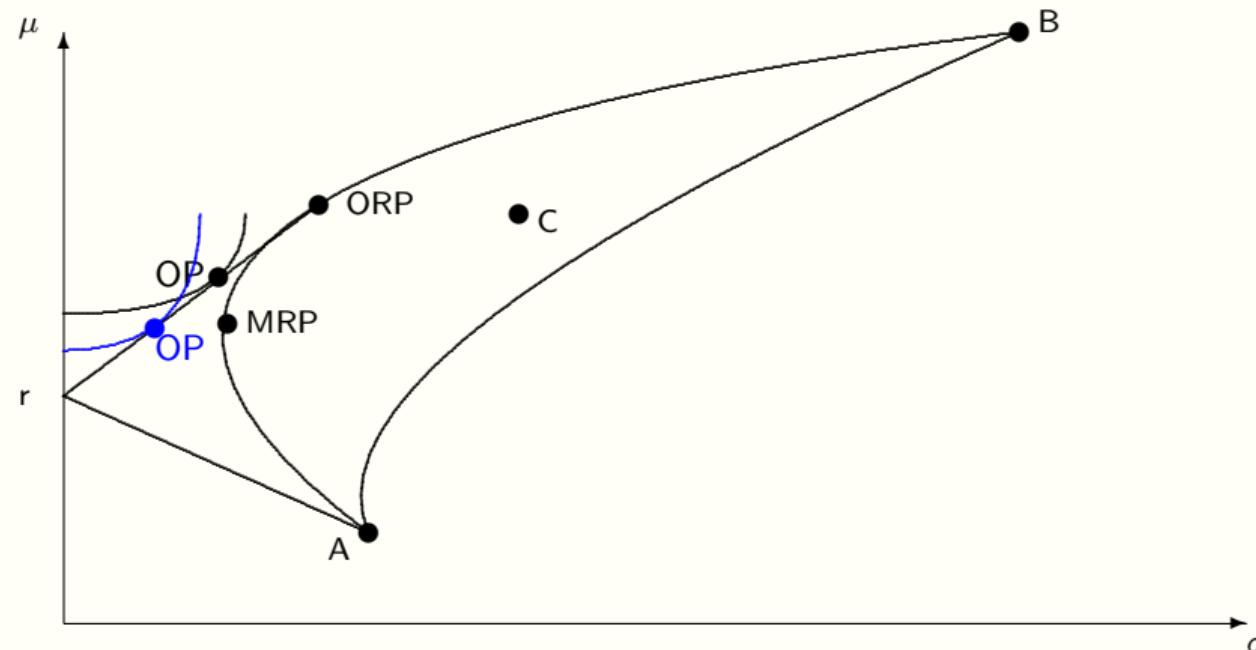
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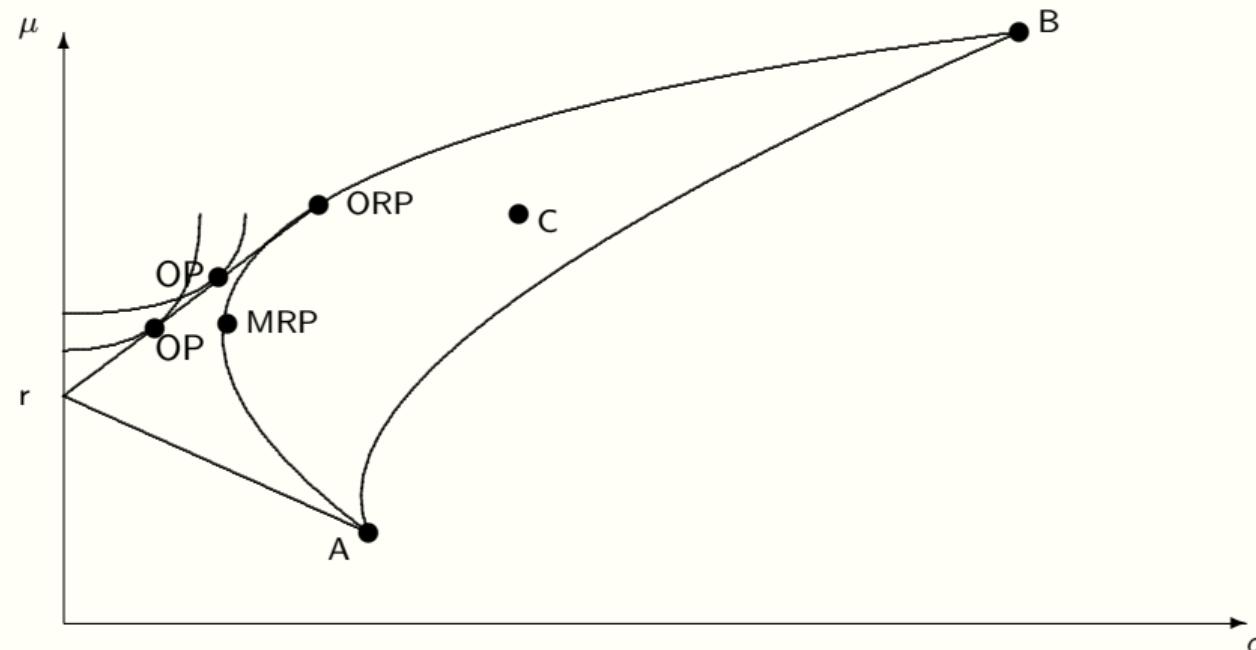
Portfolios with a risk-free asset



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Portfolios with a risk-free asset



Optimal risky portfolio

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- A risk-free asset has **no risk**

Optimal risky portfolio

- A risk-free asset has no risk and **no covariance** with any asset

Optimal risky portfolio

- ▶ A risk-free asset has no risk and no covariance with any asset
- ⇒ The efficient frontier with a risk-free assets is a **straight line**

Optimal risky portfolio

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- ⇒ The efficient frontier with a risk-free assets is a straight line
- ▶ The efficient frontier is the line that is **tangential** to the efficient frontier of the risky assets

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- ⇒ All individuals combine the optimal risky portfolio and the risk-free assets
- ▶ Only the weights of the risk-free asset and the optimal risky portfolio depends on **individual preferences**

Separation theorem

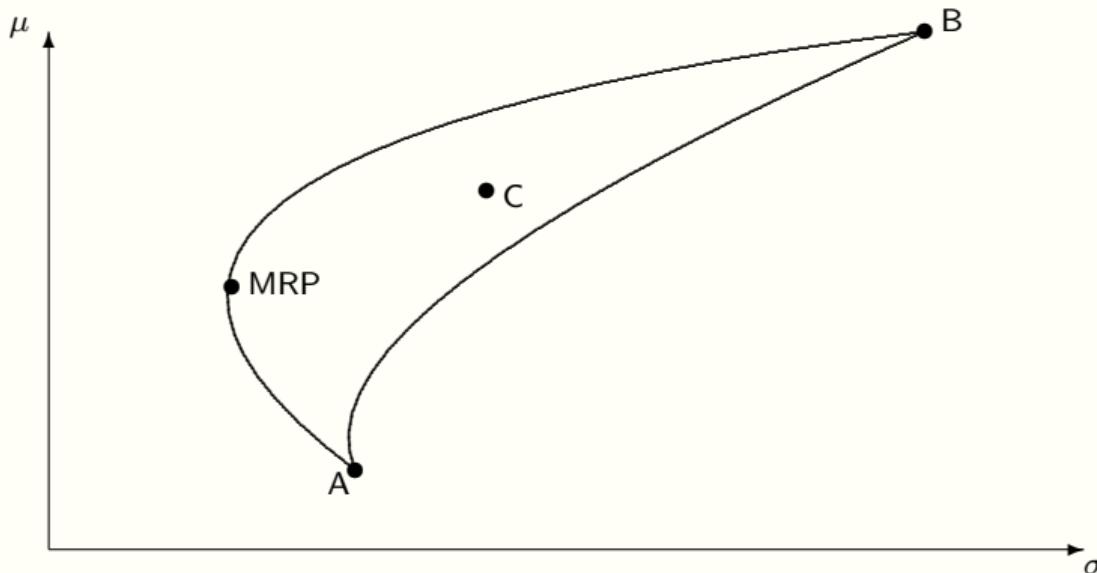
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Optimal portfolio with short sales

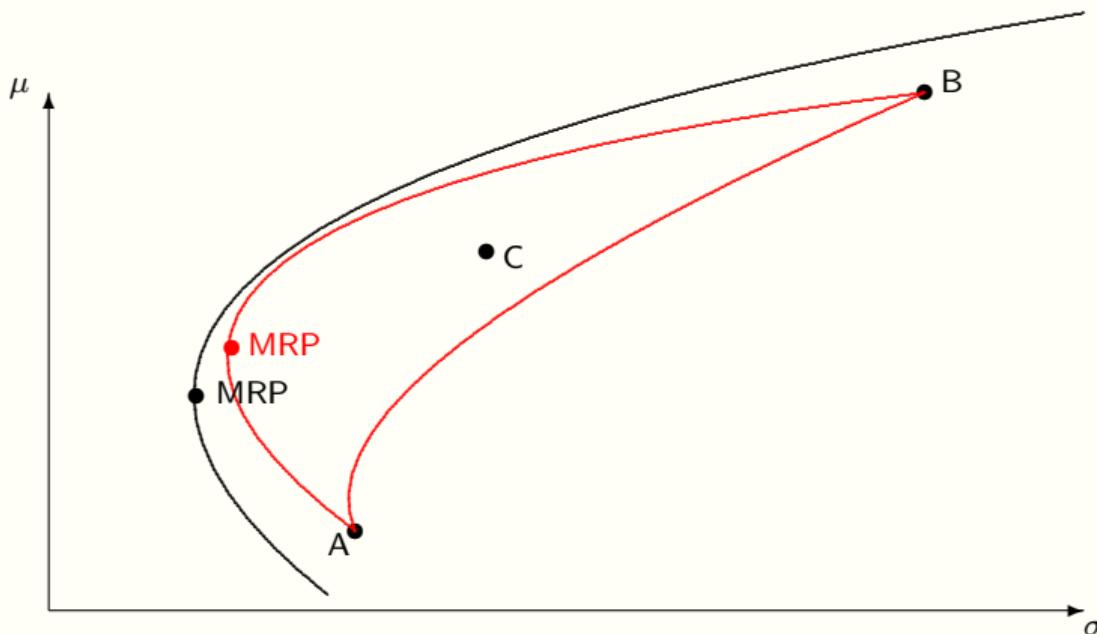
Optimal portfolio with short sales



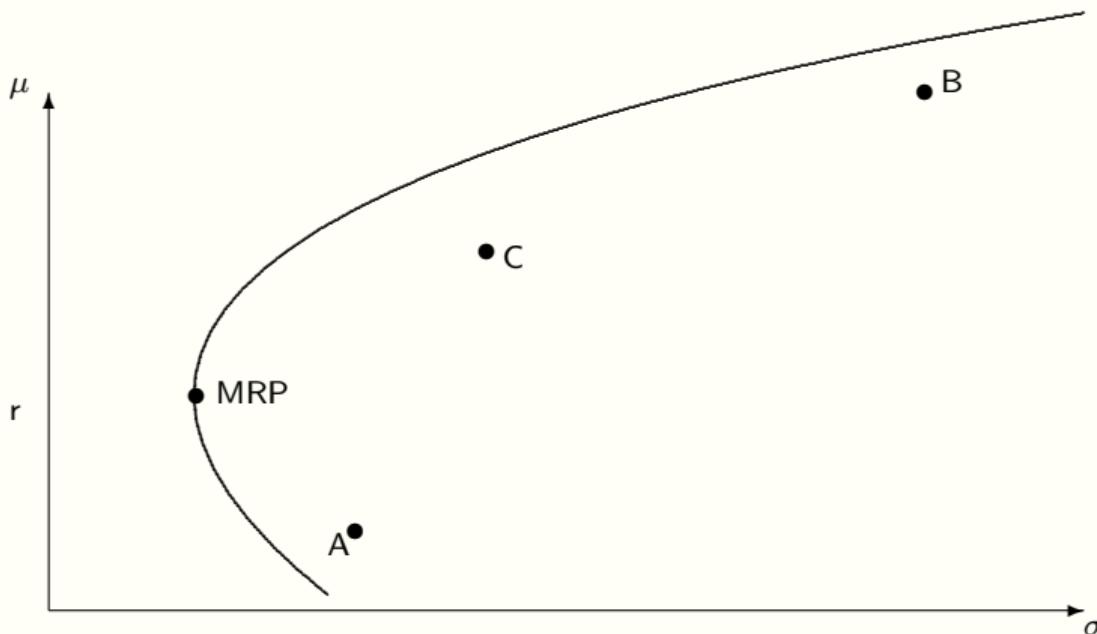
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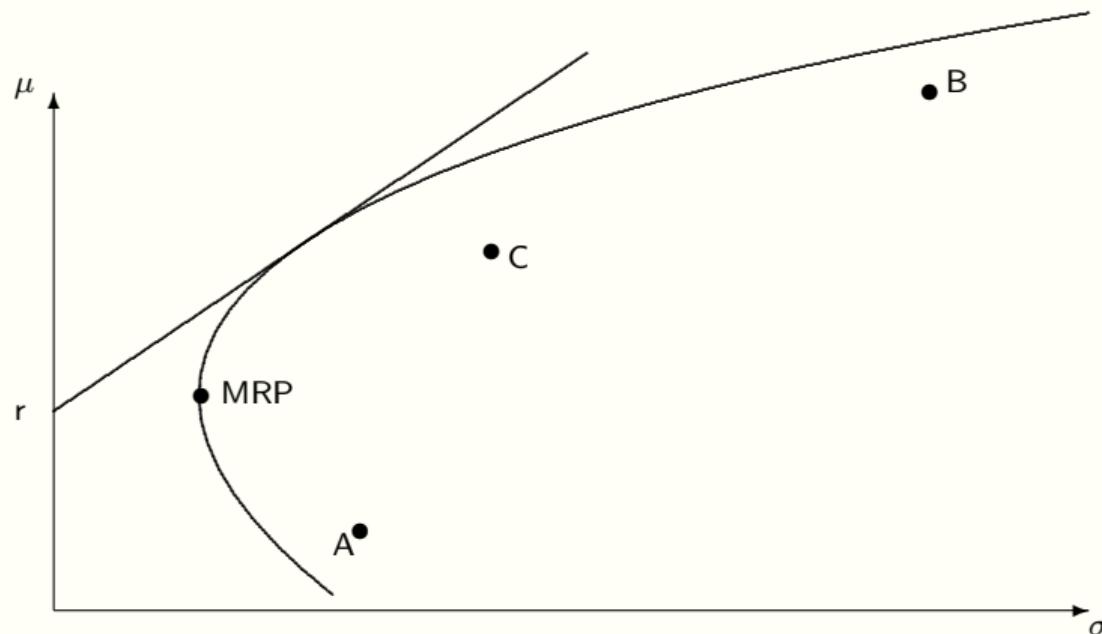
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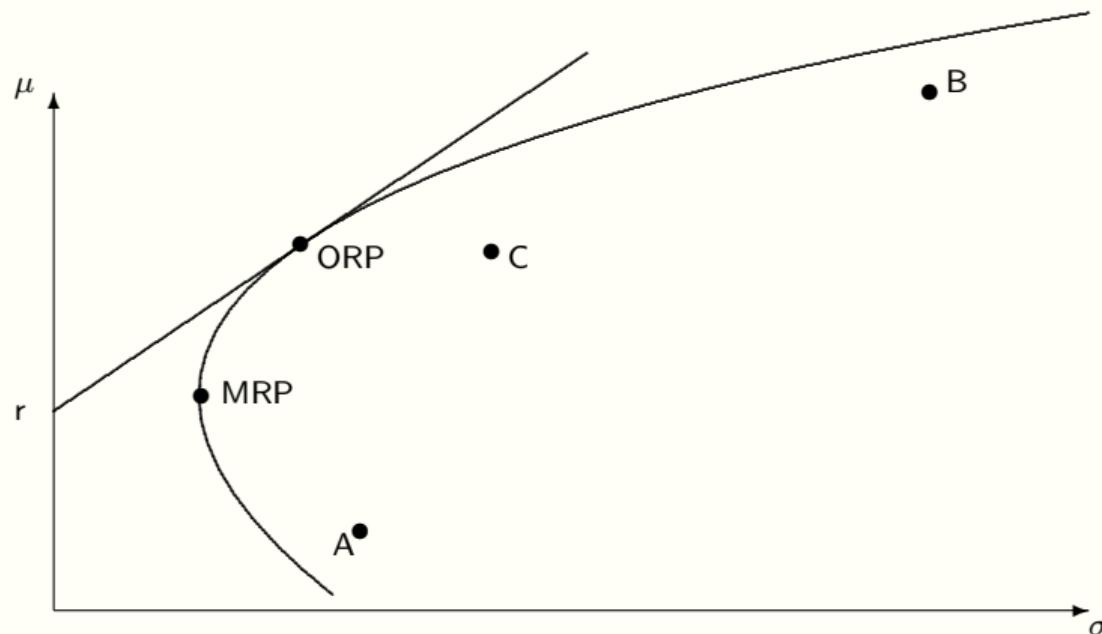
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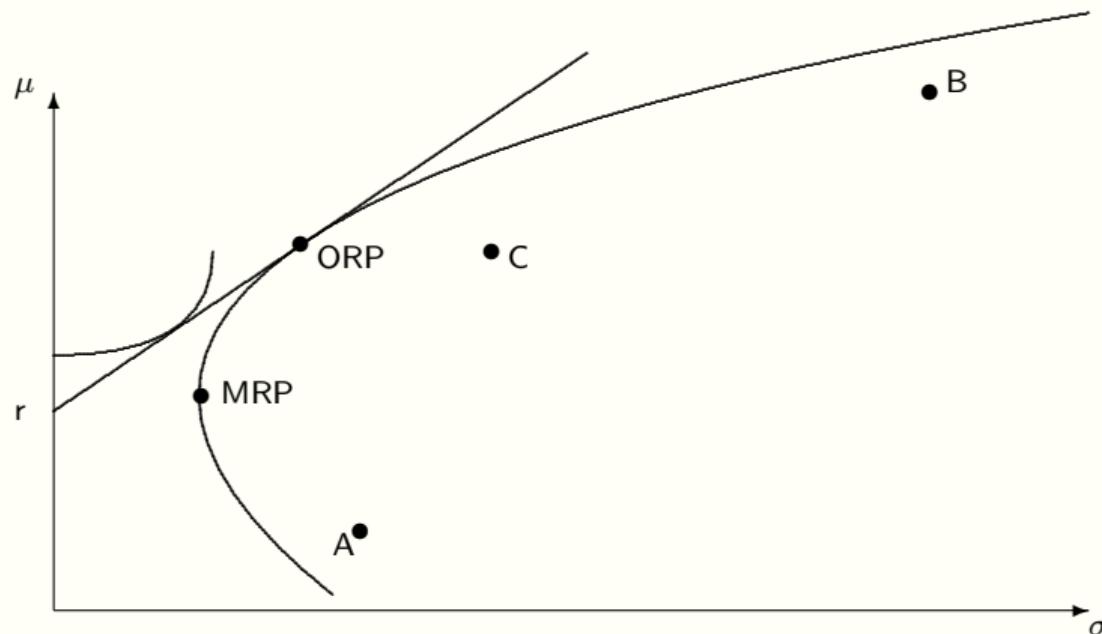
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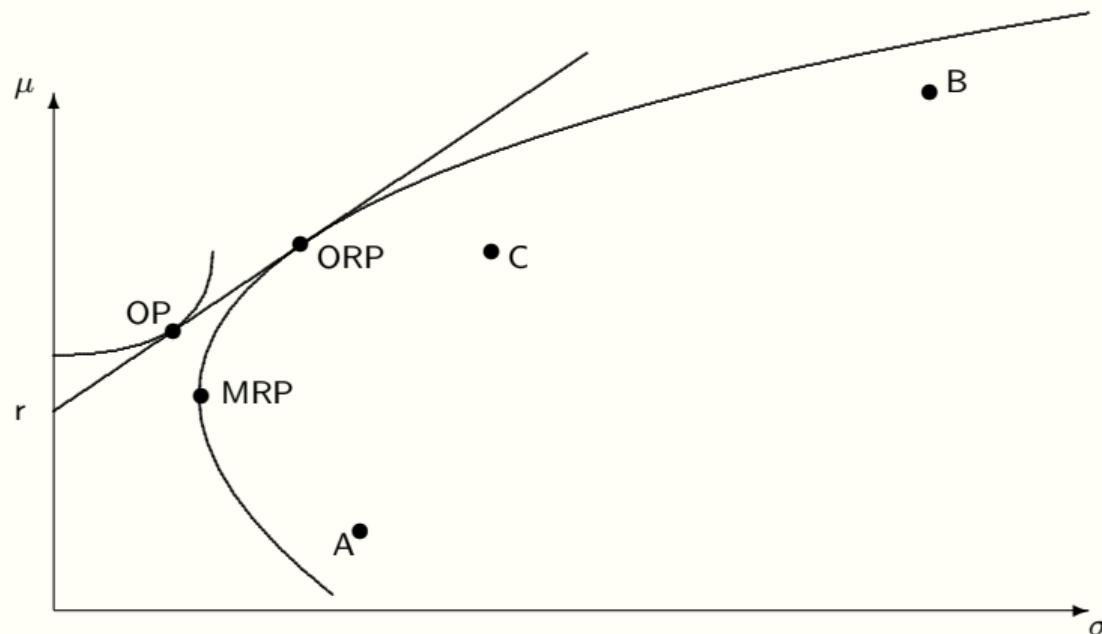
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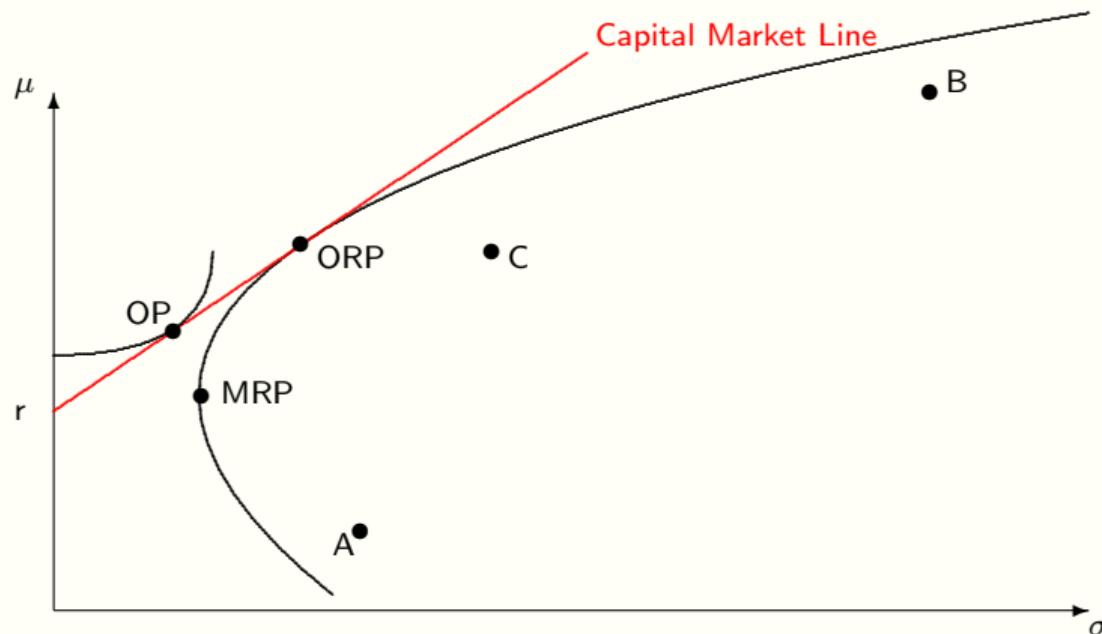
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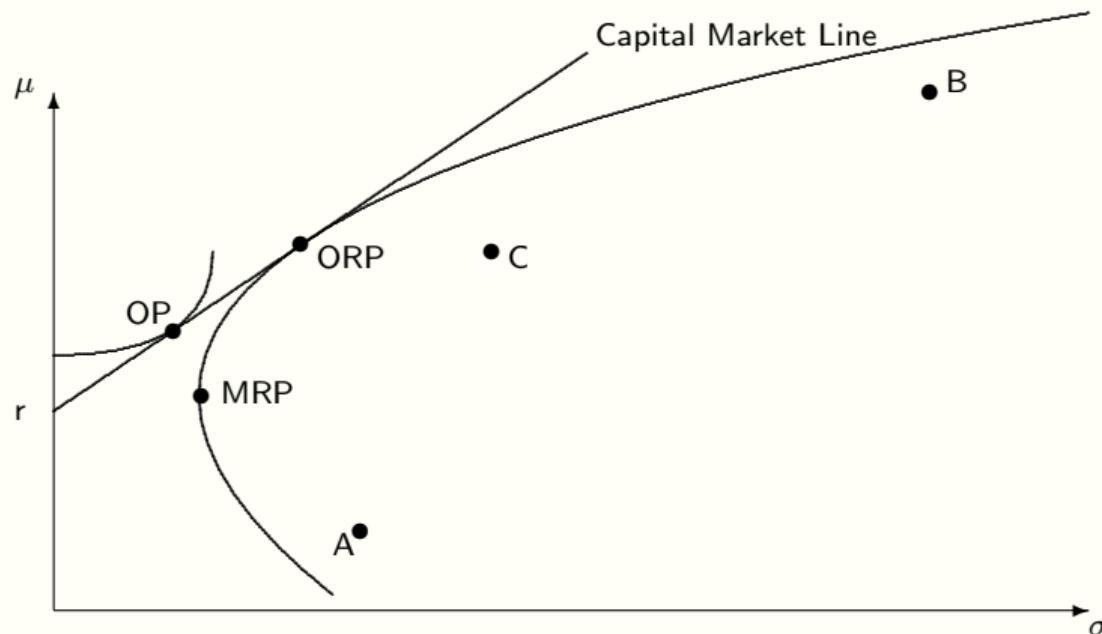
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Optimal portfolio with short sales



The effect of short sales

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- Short-sales are occurring if an asset is sold **without holding it**

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- ▶ You obtain a loan in form of the asset, sell it for cash, then have to **repay the asset** in the future

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- ▶ Short-sales are occurring if an asset is sold without holding it, giving a negative weight
- ▶ You obtain a loan in form of the asset, sell it for cash, then have to repay the asset in the future, **buying it back** for cash

The effect of short sales

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