

A duality formula + Particle Gibbs for Feynman-Kac many body measures

M. Arnaudon, P. Del Moral

IMB & INRIA Bordeaux Sud Ouest

Neutron Transport Days, Sept. 16th 2021

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- ▶ this talk \rightsquigarrow Arxiv (18) & EJP (20), see also for discrete time + Kohn-Patras Arxiv (14), CRAS (15), IHP (16)
- ▶ FK+Moran particle: +Miclo SPA (00), Schröd. op. ESAIM (03), Rousset SIAM (06), ..., stability in Ferré-Rousset-Stoltz SPDE (21)

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Integration (Lebesgue or Riemann)

$$\eta(f) = \int \eta(dx) f(x)$$

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In this talk: Measure estimates w.r.t. total variation distance

$$\mu^\epsilon = \mu \pm \epsilon \iff \|\mu^\epsilon - \mu\|_{tv} \leq c \epsilon \quad \text{for some constant } c \perp \epsilon$$

X_t Markov \in metric space S and potential $V(X_t) \geq 0$

Historical processes

$$\hat{X}_t := (X_s)_{s \leq t} \in \hat{S} := \cup_{t \geq 0} S_t \quad \text{and} \quad \hat{V}_t(\hat{X}_t) = V_t(X_t)$$

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 \rightsquigarrow Obvious stochastic calculus (Genealogies [AAP-01], FK-04)

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 \rightsquigarrow Discrete time + density argument on cylindrical functions

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[+ Miclo SPA-00, Séminaire Probab.-00, SAA-07]

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 \rightsquigarrow Ito-functional calculus \in
[Dupire-09, Cont-Fournié-13, Jazaerli-Saporito-17, Saporito-14]

FK-measures on path space := $FK(\widehat{X}, \widehat{V})$

$$d\mathbb{Q}_t = \frac{1}{Z_t} \exp \left[- \int_0^t \widehat{V}_s(\widehat{X}_s) ds \right] d\mathbb{P}_t$$

with the normalizing constant

$$Z_t = \mathbb{E} \left(\exp \left[- \int_0^t \widehat{V}_s(\widehat{X}_s) ds \right] \right) \quad \text{and} \quad \mathbb{P}_t = \text{Law}(\widehat{X}_t)$$

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Weak formulation on test functions F on S_t :

$$\mathbb{Q}_t(F) = \int F(x) \mathbb{Q}_t(dx) \propto \mathbb{E} \left(F(\widehat{X}_t) \exp \left[- \int_0^t \widehat{V}_s(\widehat{X}_s) ds \right] \right)$$

Time marginal FK-measures = $FK(X, V)$

Path-space:

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Same $(\mathbb{Q}_t, \eta_t) \rightarrow$ different forms (Choice of X and V not unique)

$FK(\widehat{X}, \widehat{V})$ - particle sampler = N -path particles

$$\xi_t := (\xi_t^i)_{1 \leq i \leq N} \in S_t^N \quad \text{with ancestral lines} \quad \xi_t^i = (\xi_{s,t}^i)_{1 \leq s \leq t}$$

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- ▶ i.i.d. initial conditions.

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Ancestral line & Occupation measure of the ancestral tree

$$\mathbb{X}_t \sim m(\xi_t) := \frac{1}{N} \sum_{1 \leq i \leq N} \delta_{\xi_t^i}$$

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$$\underbrace{e^{-\widehat{V}(\xi_{t_n}^i)\Delta} \delta_{\xi_{t_n}^i}}_{\text{no jump}} + \underbrace{\left(1 - e^{-\widehat{V}(\xi_{t_n}^i)\Delta}\right)}_{\simeq_{\Delta \simeq 0} \text{jump rate } \widehat{V}(\xi_t^i)dt} \underbrace{\sum_{1 \leq j \leq N} \frac{e^{-\widehat{V}(\xi_{t_n}^j)\Delta t}}{\sum_{1 \leq k \leq N} e^{-\widehat{V}(\xi_{t_n}^k)\Delta t}} \delta_{\xi_{t_n}^j}}_{\simeq_{\Delta \simeq 0} \text{uniformly on the path-pool} = m(\xi_t)}$$

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Genetic type particle sampler

(on geo-clocks +Jacob+Lee+Murray+Peters SAA (13))

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(+ many other variants when $V = V_+ - V_-$)

**Genetic algo mimics the branching process
with FK-intensity (i.e. first moment unbiased)**

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Many other lively buzzwords (how to make new with old :-)):

Reconfiguration, resampling, bootstrapping, spawning, cloning, pruning, replenish, splitting, enrichment, recycling, go with the winner, look-ahead, weighted dynamics, quantum teleportation, Fleming-Viot, quasi-stationary Method/Monte Carlo, ...

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(please suggest new lively ideas for collector updates)

Some key results (when $FK(X, V)$ stable)

Fluctuation/clt + expo. concentration + ldp :

$$m(\xi_t) = \mathbb{Q}_t + \frac{1}{\sqrt{N}} \mathbb{V}_t \quad \text{with } \mathbb{V}_t \simeq \text{Gaussian field}$$

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Bias/propagation of chaos:

$$\text{Law}(\mathbb{X}_t) = \mathbb{Q}_t \pm \frac{t}{N} \quad \text{and} \quad \text{Law}(\mathbb{X}_{s,t}) = \mathbb{Q}_t \pm \frac{1 + (t - s)}{N}$$

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Unbiasedness property :

$$\mathbb{E} \left(F(\mathbb{X}_t) e^{-\int_0^t m(\xi_s)(\widehat{V}_s) ds} \right) = \mathbb{E} \left(F(\widehat{X}_t) e^{-\int_0^t \widehat{V}_s(\widehat{X}_s) ds} \right) \propto \mathbb{Q}_t(F)$$

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↳ *not so new*: \rightsquigarrow [discrete time MPRF-96, continuous time SPA-00]

Unbiasedness prop. \rightsquigarrow Many-body FK

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- Unbiasedness property \iff Under Π_t we have $\mathbb{X}_t \sim \mathbb{Q}_t$

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- *Independent Metropolis-Hastings - obvious*

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The Π_t -historical/ancestral process $\widehat{\xi}_t$ given $\mathbb{X}_t \rightarrow$

Interacting jump process: $\xi_s^- := (\xi_s^i)_{2 \leq i \leq N}$ and say $\xi_s^1 = \mathbb{X}_s$

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Nb.: without the blue

the above process coincides with the FK-particle sampler

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Given $\mathbb{X}_t = x = (x_u)_{0 \leq u \leq t} \sim \mathbb{Q}_t$

Coincides with the particle sampler $\zeta_s^- := (\zeta_s^i)_{2 \leq i \leq N}$ of FK measures:

$$\widehat{V}_s \rightsquigarrow (1 - 1/N) \widehat{V}_s$$

$$\widehat{X}_s \rightsquigarrow \widehat{X}_s \oplus \text{extra jump rate } (2/N) \widehat{V}_s \text{ onto } (x_u)_{0 \leq u \leq s}$$

Equivalent formulation - Duality formula

Theo.: [+Arnaudon \rightsquigarrow Arxiv (18)]

$$\mathbb{E} \left(F(\widehat{\xi}_t, \mathbb{X}_t) e^{-\int_0^t m(\xi_s)(\widehat{V}_s) ds} \right) = \mathbb{E} \left(F(\widehat{\zeta}_t, \widehat{\mathbb{X}}_t) e^{-\int_0^t \widehat{V}_s(\widehat{\mathbb{X}}_s) ds} \right)$$

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$$(\widehat{\xi}_t \mid \mathbb{X}_t = x) = (\widehat{\zeta}_t \mid \widehat{\mathbb{X}}_t = x) \quad \mathbb{Q}_t - a.e. x$$

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- *discrete time version*

\subset +Kohn+Patras, Arxiv (14), CRAS (15)+IHP (16)

⇒ Gibbs-sampler with target Q_t

$$\mathbb{X}_t = x \longrightarrow \left[\hat{\zeta}_t^x \sim \left(\hat{\zeta}_t \mid \hat{X}_t = x \right) \right] \longrightarrow \bar{\mathbb{X}}_t = \bar{x} \sim m(\zeta_t^x)$$

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Q_t -reversible Markov transition:

$$\mathbb{K}_t(f)(x) = \mathbb{E}(f(\bar{\mathbb{X}}_t) \mid \mathbb{X}_t = x) = \mathbb{E}[m(\zeta_t^x)(f)]$$

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Key observation for the convergence analysis:

$$m(\zeta_t^x) = \frac{1}{N} \delta_x + \left(1 - \frac{1}{N}\right) m(\zeta_t^{x,-})$$

with $\widehat{\zeta}_t^{x,-} = (\zeta_s^{x,-})_{0 \leq s \leq t}$ = particle sampler of an FK measure:

$$\begin{aligned} \widehat{V}_s &\rightsquigarrow (1 - 1/N) \widehat{V}_s \\ \widehat{X}_s &\rightsquigarrow \widehat{X}_s \oplus \text{extra jump rate } (2/N) \widehat{V}_s \text{ onto } x_s \end{aligned}$$

The FK-bias/propagation of chaos

$$\mathbb{K}_t(f)(x) = \mathbb{E} [m(\zeta_t^x)(f)] = \mathbb{Q}_t^x(f) \pm \frac{t}{N}$$

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”A little” perturbation analysis

$$\mathbb{Q}_t^x = \mathbb{Q}_t \pm \frac{t}{N} \implies \delta_x \mathbb{K}_t = \mathbb{Q}_t \pm \frac{t}{N} \implies \delta_x \mathbb{K}_t - \delta_y \mathbb{K}_t = \frac{t}{N}$$

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For any starting path $x \in S_t$ after n iterations we have

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More refined (discrete time)

Theo. [+Kohn+Patras, [Arxiv \(14\)](#), [CRAS \(15\)](#)+IHP (16)]

$$\mathbb{K}_t = \mathbb{Q}_t + \sum_{1 \leq k < l} \left(\frac{t}{N}\right)^k \partial^{(k)} \mathbb{K}_t + \left(\frac{t}{N}\right)^l \bar{\partial}^l \mathbb{K}_t$$

($\forall l \geq 1$) \oplus Differential operators \sim coalescent/colored trees and s.t.

$$\left\| \partial^{(k)} \mathbb{K}_t \right\| \vee \left\| \bar{\partial}^{(k)} \mathbb{K}_t \right\| \leq k^{2k} \quad \text{as soon as } l^2 t / N < 1.$$

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\Downarrow [direct]

$$\left| \left\| \mathbb{K}_t^n(f) - \mathbb{Q}_t(f) \right\|_{L_p(\mathbb{Q}_t)} - \left(\frac{t}{N}\right)^n \left\| [\partial \mathbb{K}_t]^n(f) \right\|_{L_p(\mathbb{Q}_t)} \right| \leq \left(c \frac{t}{N}\right)^{n+1}$$

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Continuous time ? \rightsquigarrow Open problem/question

"Hint/solution" \rightsquigarrow Taylor/Bias [+ Rubenthaler-Patras] [JTP \(09\)](#)

\oplus backward analysis using prop 2.1 in \rightsquigarrow [Arxiv \(18\)](#)