### The Strava challenge

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### The Challenge

- Can you model the physical activities of the Strava users? What makes people become more physically active?
- Potential additional questions: Where/when/how far/how often people choose to go running/cycling? How popular a particular running/cycling route will be (route choice model)? What interventions could increase the amount of physical activity taken by certain groups of people in certain areas?
- Even more questions: Is there correlation between physical activity and household income?

# Background information What is Strava?

- More than 1M users worldwide some of them premium
- Cyclists and runners are the typical users
- Users can "follow" each other and activities are automatically grouped together when they occur at the same time and place
- Organised challenges
- Logged data includes:
  - 1. route (plan view)
  - 2. elevation (net and unidirectional)
  - 3. speed (average, min/max)
  - 4. timing (total and moving time)
  - 5. power/energy



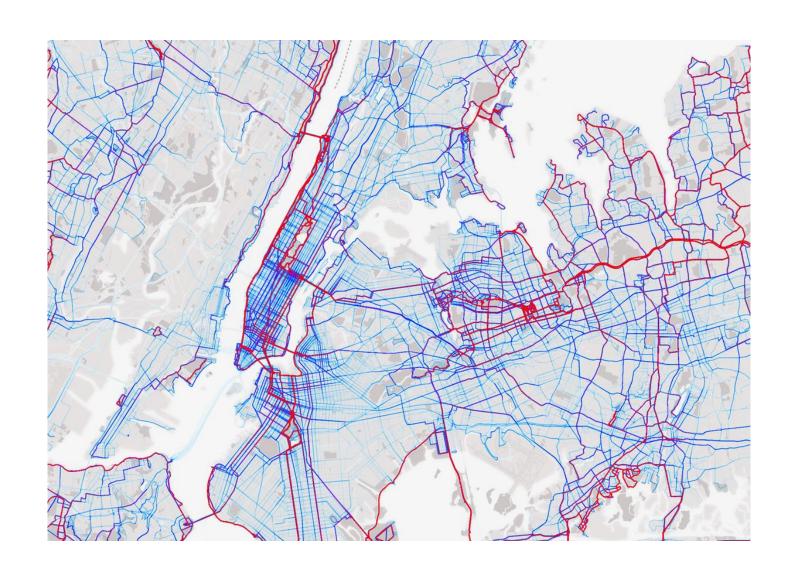
#### Strava Metro Core Data

- We have access to Strava Metro for Manchester 2017 many thanks to UBDC.
- Street—level database file (sql or csv) with minute-to-minute cycling/pedestrian information on every street for the time period of the delivery.
- Intersection database file (sql or csv) with minute-to-minute cycling/pedestrian information on nodes (street intersections) for the time period of the delivery.
- Origin/Destination file representing pairs for all trips during the time period of the delivery.

#### Stava Metro roll-ups

• Street/Intersections: each core dataset will have a set of summarised views that show monthly use, weekend/weekday, seasonality, hours groupings and total counts. This typically results in over 50 rolled-up views for the cycling data.

#### and it looks like this...



#### User guide with data dictionary

http://metro.strava.com/wp-content/uploads/2017/04/StravaMetro 5.01 User Guide.pdf

#### Some ideas about linking with other datasets

- OS Open Green Spaces covering a range of greenspaces in urban and rural areas including playing fields, sports' facilities, play areas and allotment.
- Open data greater Manchester <a href="http://open.manchester.gov.uk/">http://open.manchester.gov.uk/</a>
- Smart cities IoT data <a href="https://portal.bt-hypercat.com/index.php/data-catalogue/">https://portal.bt-hypercat.com/index.php/data-catalogue/</a>
- Is the weather/temperature a factor in physical activity? Openweathermap.org
- Open government data <u>data.gov.uk</u> (tip: search for Manchester)
- Open police data <u>data.police.uk/data/</u>
- road surface quality image processing using the Google StreetView API

#### Currently available dataset

Coverage : Manchester 2017

Format: esi.shp, CSV

• Size: ~700MB

- Any participant needs to sign an end-user agreement before receiving the data:
  - Online: <a href="https://ubdc.gla.ac.uk/itt8-bath">https://ubdc.gla.ac.uk/itt8-bath</a> user: <a href="itt8-user">itt8-user</a> password: <a href="ittbD@t@">ittbD@t@</a>
  - Or paper based forms (ask me after the presentation)

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## Questions?

#### Some links:

Bike Life Greater Manchester 2017 report - <a href="https://www.tfgm.com/cycling/bike-life-2017">https://www.tfgm.com/cycling/bike-life-2017</a>
Visualisation of London cycling heatmap: <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=QZ5DuQTUPqk">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=QZ5DuQTUPqk</a>