

Interesting

Small holes – ~~big~~ problems

Matthew Lennox

M.J.Lennox@bath.ac.uk

Tina Düren

t.duren@bath.ac.uk

# What is adsorption?

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Adsorption is the adhesion of atoms, ions, or molecules from a gas, liquid, or dissolved solid to a surface.

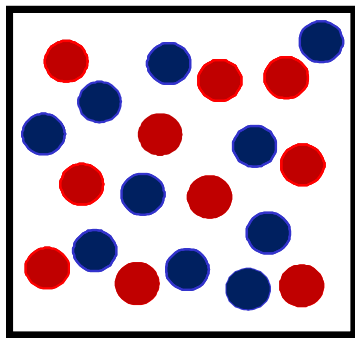
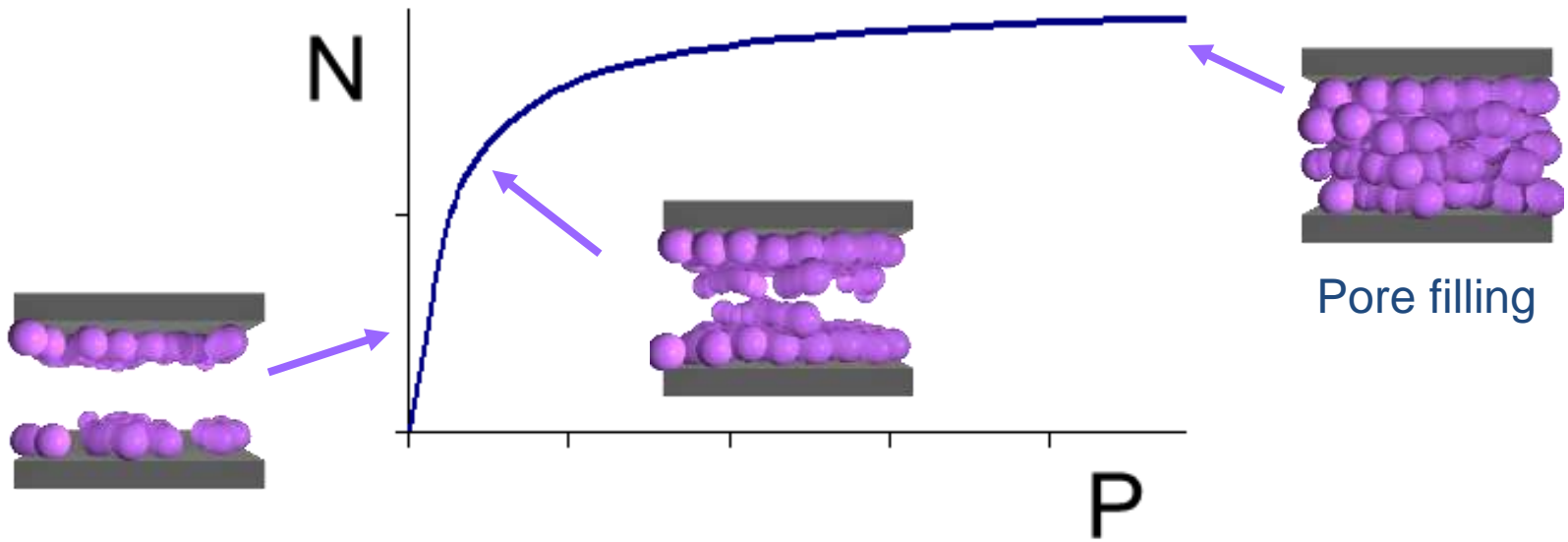


**Adsorption**  
Surface process

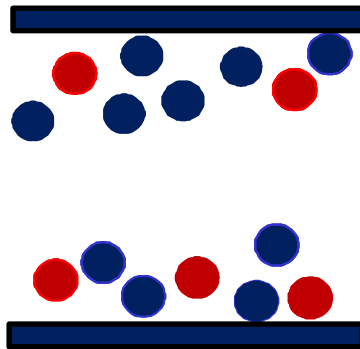


**Absorption**  
Bulk process

# Adsorption isotherms & selectivities



y: mole fraction in bulk  
 $y_{\text{red}} = 0.5$



x: mole fraction in pore  
 $x_{\text{red}} = 2/3$

$$\text{Selectivity} = \frac{x_1/x_2}{y_1/y_2}$$

$$S_{\text{blue / red}} = 2$$

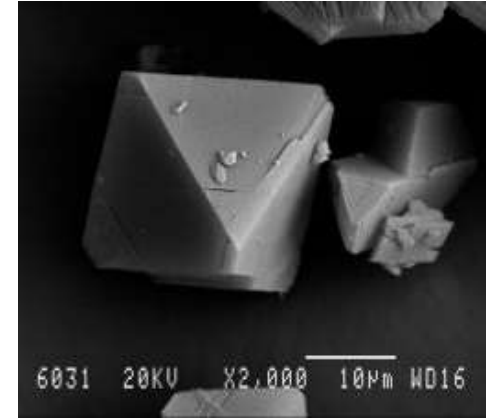
# Length scales : from adsorption columns to individual molecules in the solid



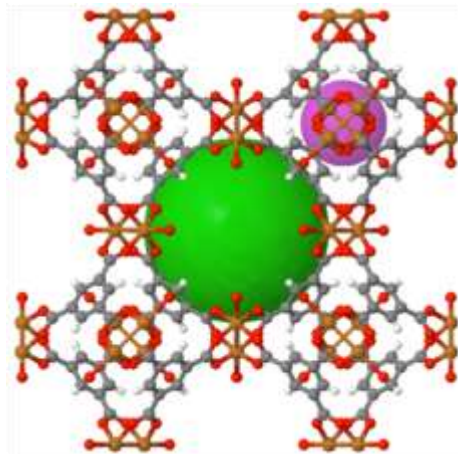
m



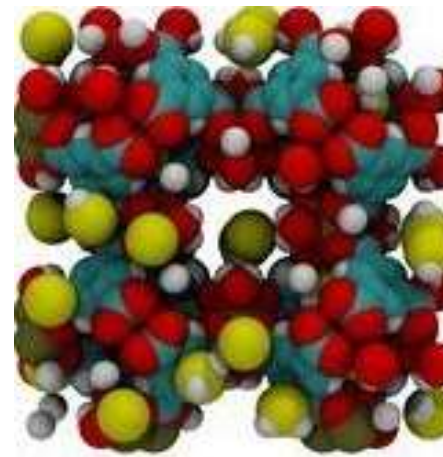
mm



μm



nm =  $10^{-9}$  m



CO<sub>2</sub> & SO<sub>2</sub> in CuBTC

# Metal-organic frameworks – Building blocks allow tailoring for practical applications

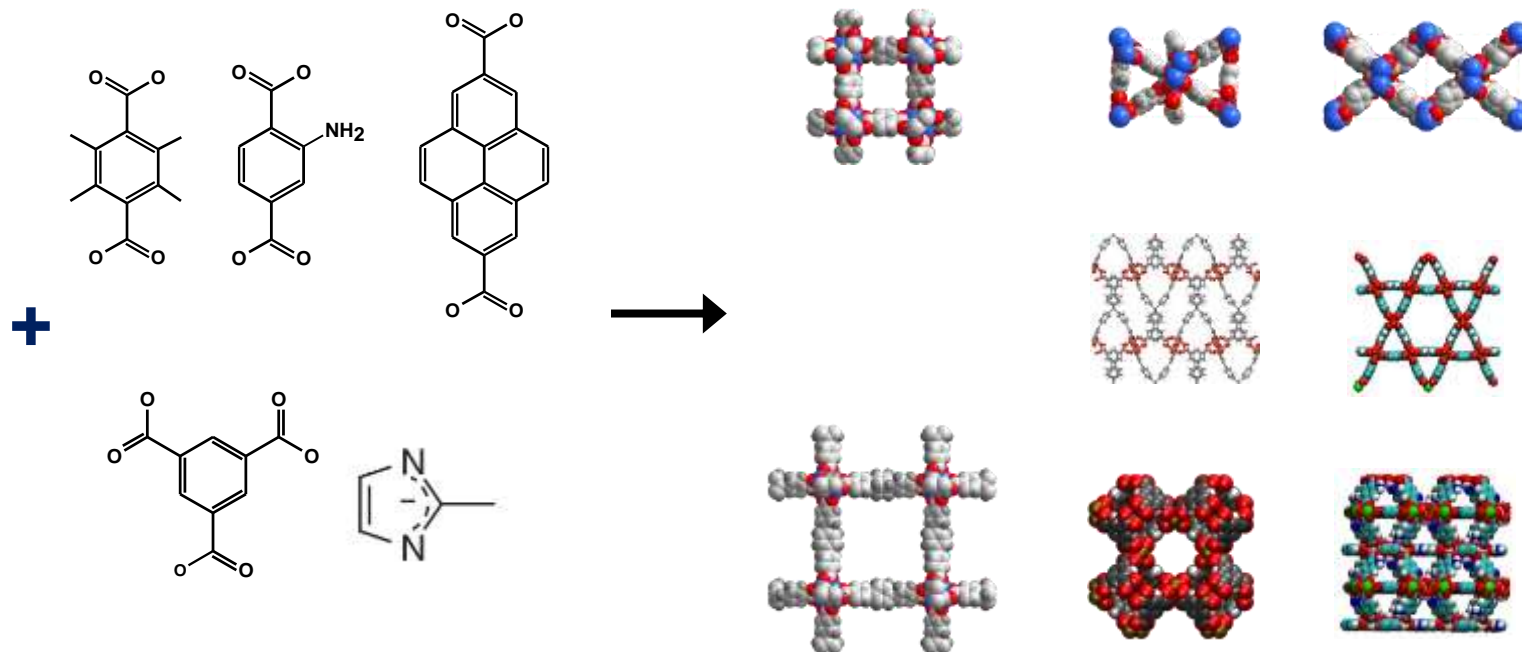


Zn

V

Cu

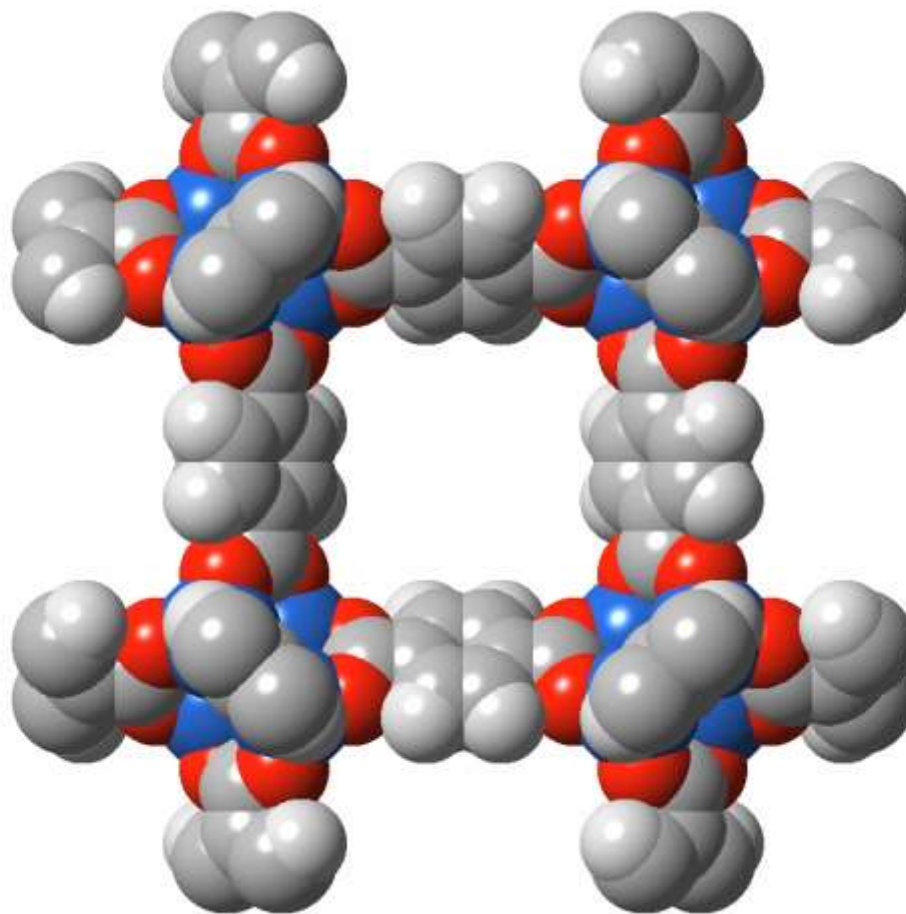
Zr





# What is it like inside IRMOF-1?

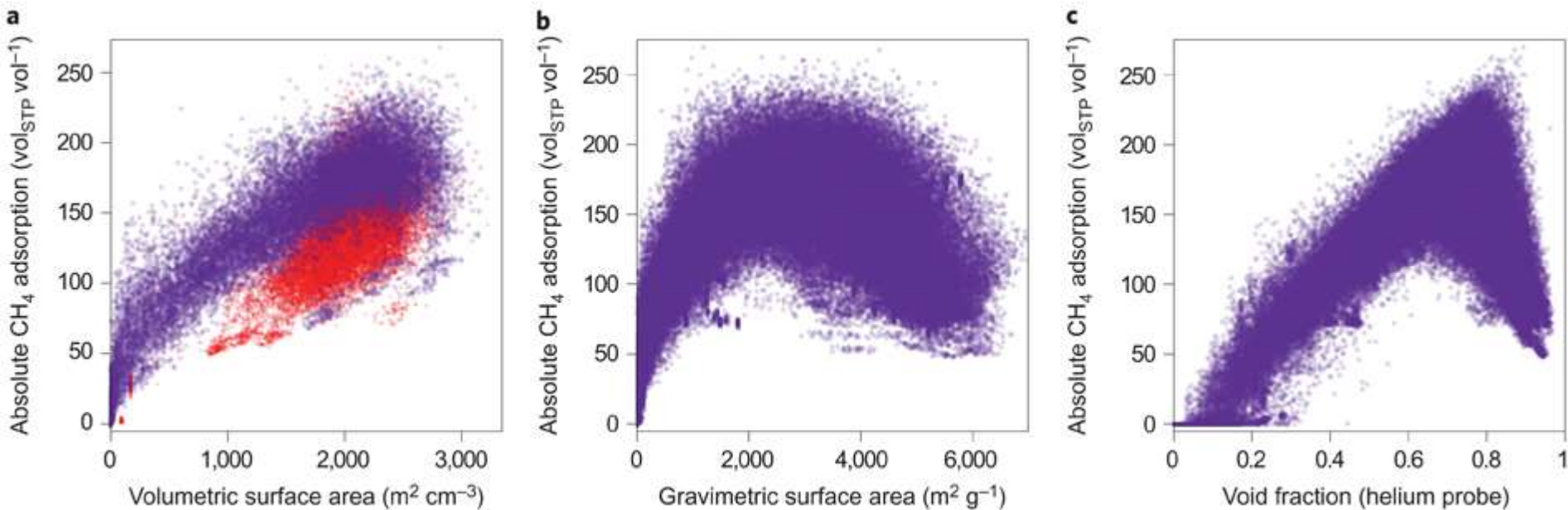
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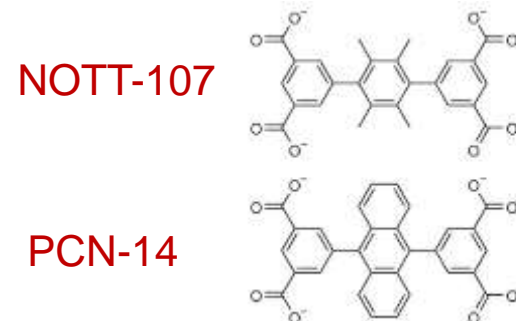
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# **Characterisation, screening, finding applications**

# Computational screening of 137,953 hypothetical MOFs for methane storage



- Screening allows finding promising
  - Structures (NOTT-107 better than PCN-14)
  - Functional groups (methyl, ethyl, propyl)



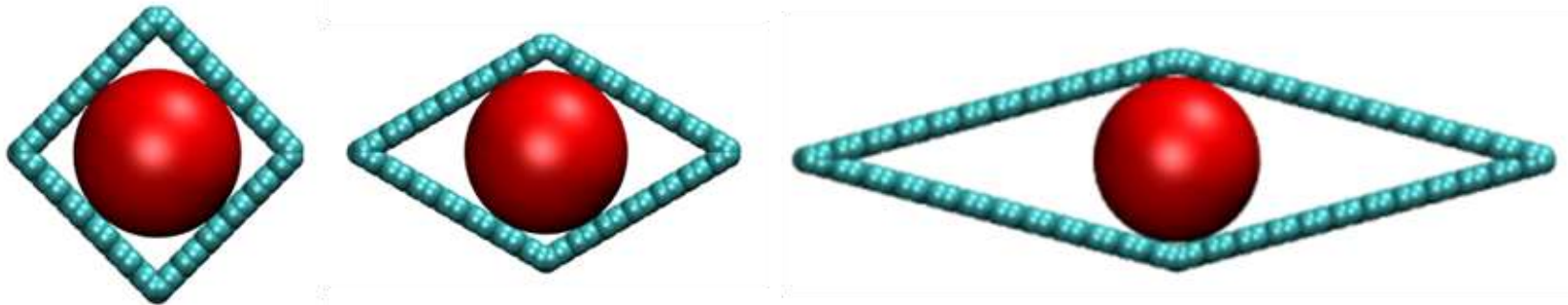
- But contain no information about how (if) structures can be synthesised.



# Geometry: size is not enough

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- Pores often described by largest sphere diameter:

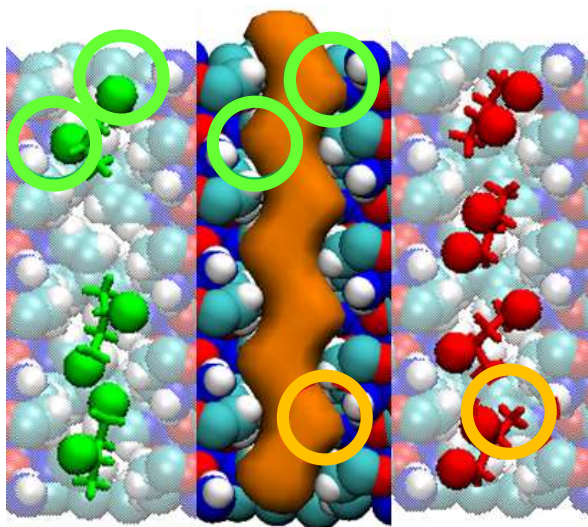


- Same 'size' but very different performance!

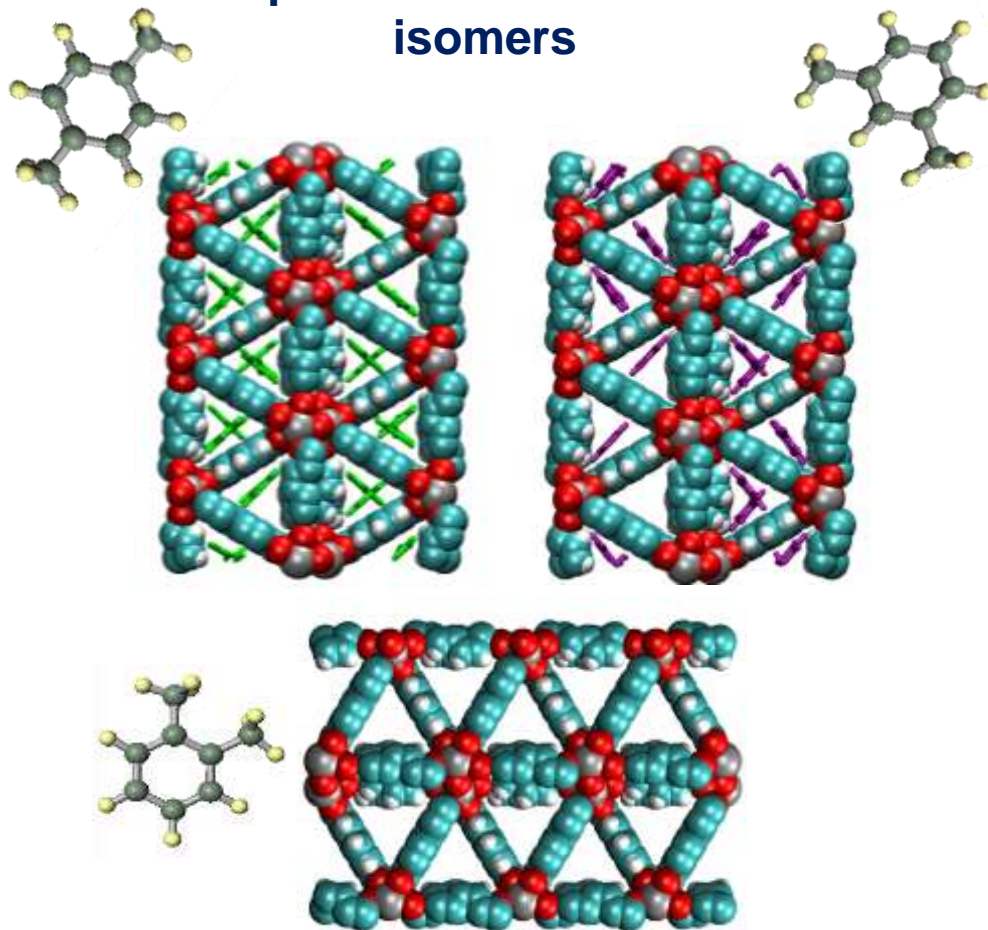
**Can we quantify/characterise by shape – even for complex pore geometries?**

# Shape: important for (some) separations

Chromatographic separation of chiral molecules



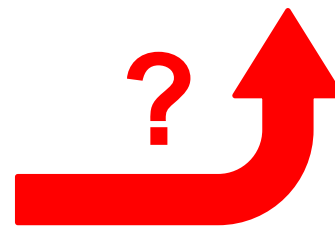
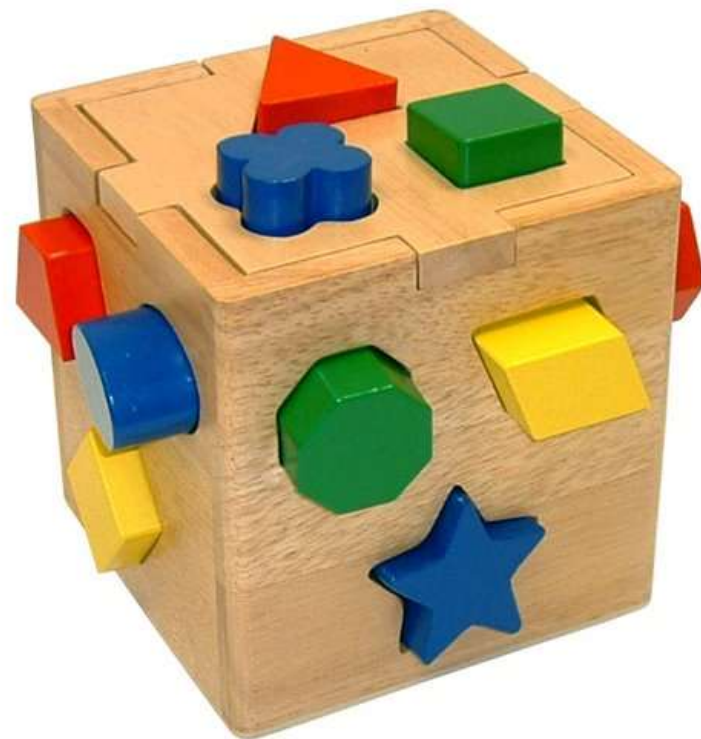
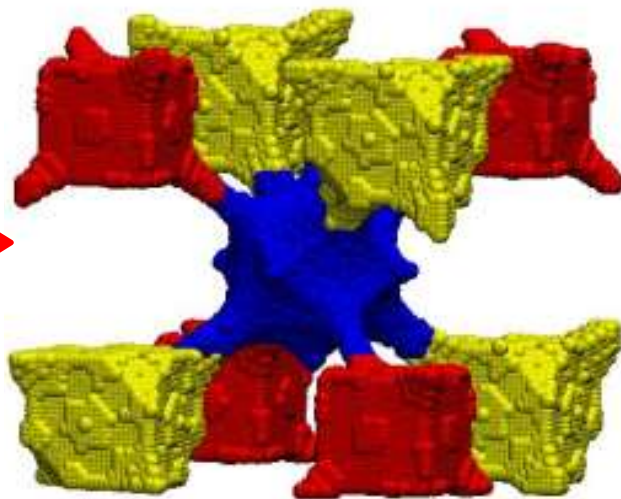
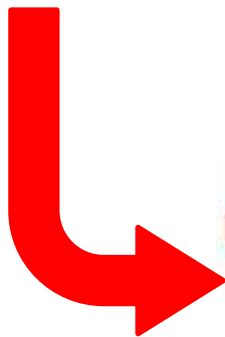
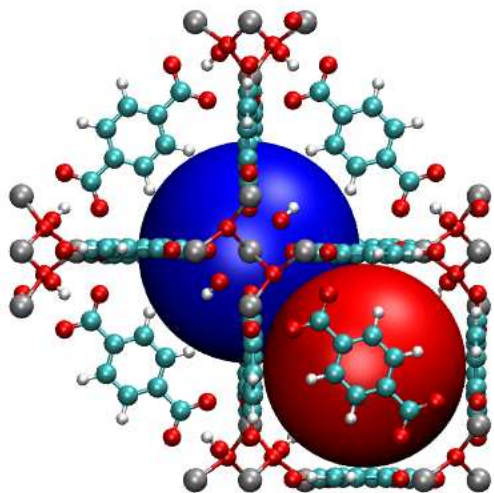
Separation of non-chiral isomers



Is there a clever way of finding “similarity”?

# A new MOF – what can we do with it?

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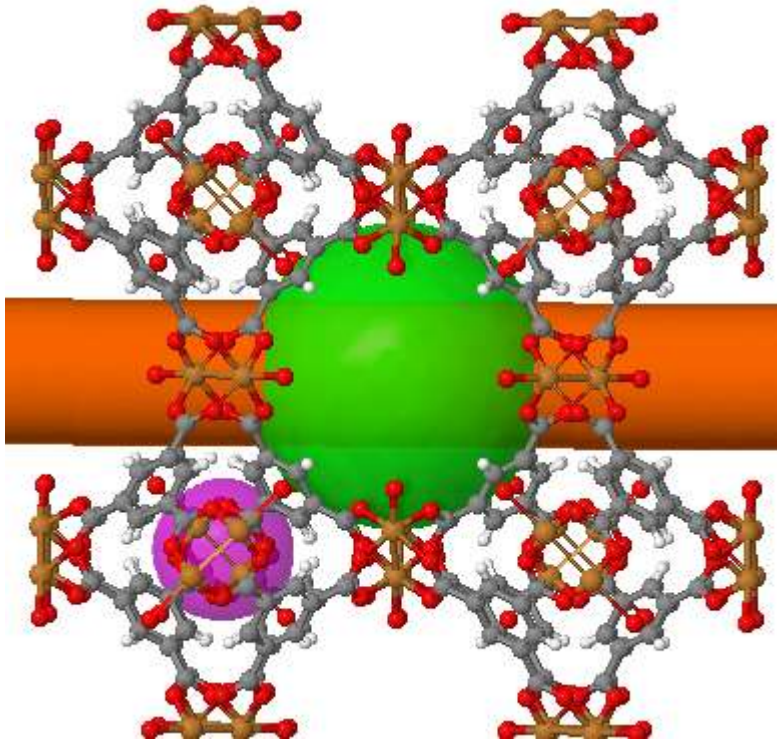




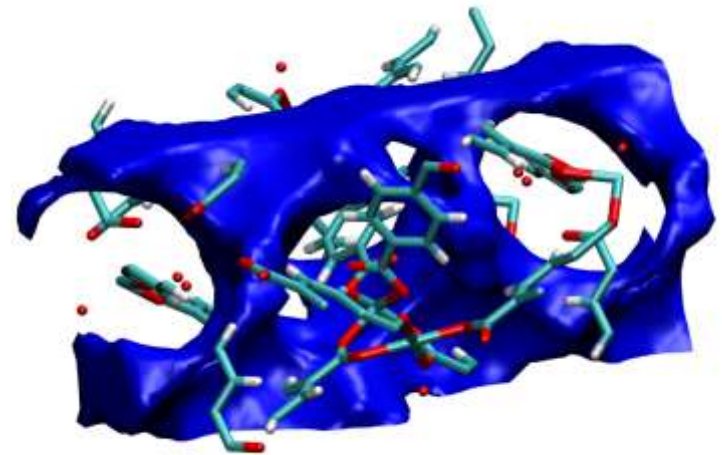
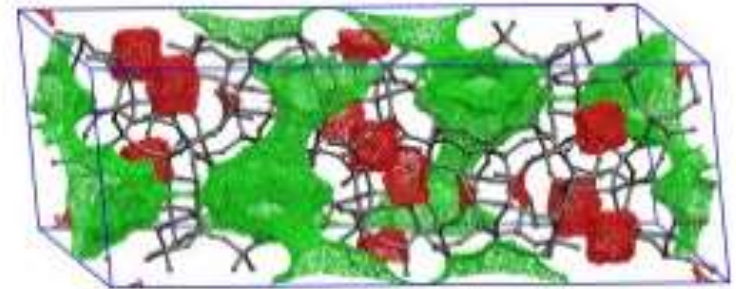
# Challenge: Integrating complex geometry into screening

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Simple sphere and channel representation



Simple shapes don't help with many MOFs



# Useful things to look at

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- <http://www.chemtube3d.com/solidstate/MOF-home.html>  
Images to play around with on the web
- <http://helios.princeton.edu/mofomics/>  
Numbers & images  
(java)
- <http://www.maciejharanczyk.info/Zeopp/>  
Numbers & images  
(Linux, Windows, Mac)
- <http://www.homepages.ed.ac.uk/lsarkiso/Research.html>  
Numbers  
(Linux, Windows)

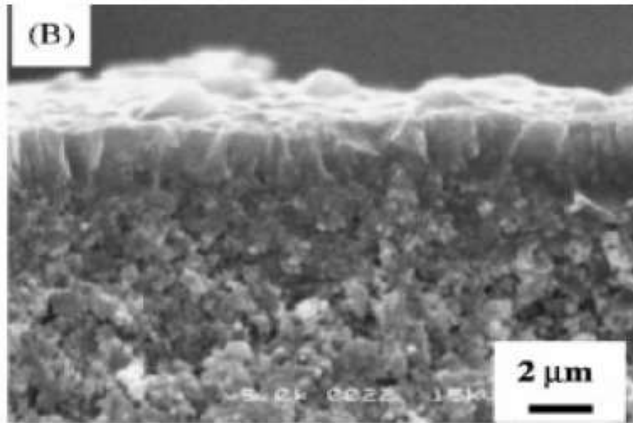


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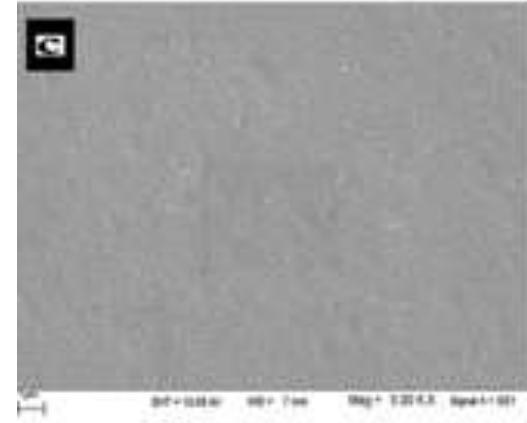
# **Multiscale modelling: connecting atomistic and continuum models**

# Mixed Matrix Membranes

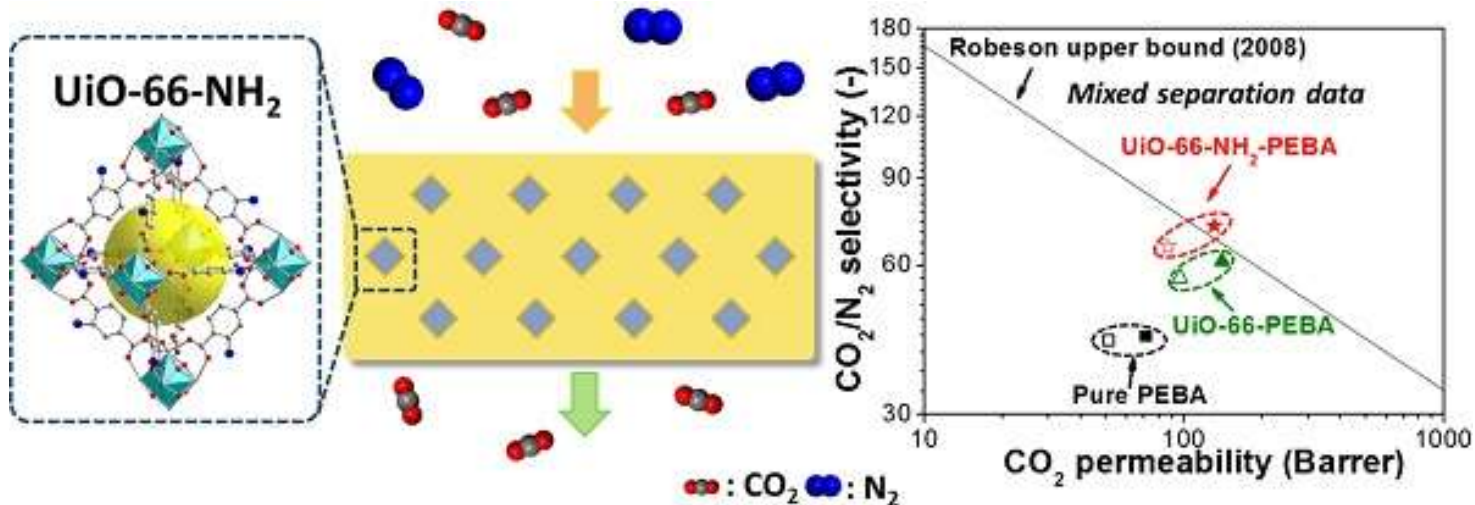
MOF membrane



Polymer membrane

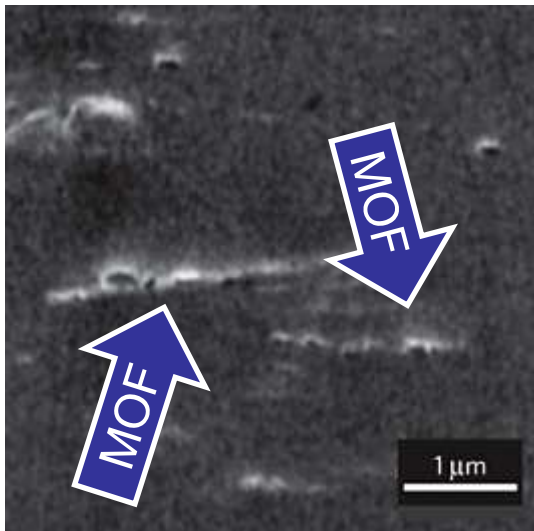


The best of both worlds: **mixed matrix membranes**

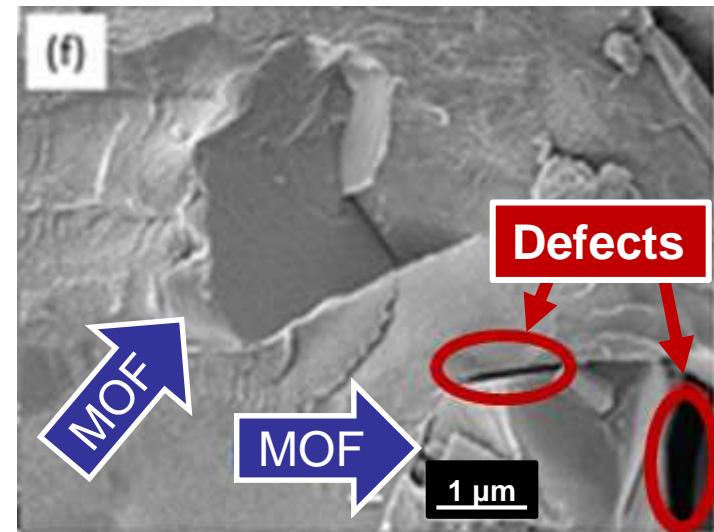


# Mixed Matrix Membranes

- Detailed atomistic description for the MOF
- Bulk models for polymers
- But no good way of connecting the two
- Interfaces? Defects?



T. Rodenas et al, Nature Materials, 2014



R. Lin et al ACS Appl. Mater. Interfaces, 2014

# Back-up slides

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# Molecular simulation

## Input

e.g. model for fluids and solids  
force fields to describe interactions



## Simulation methods based on statistical mechanics

e.g. Monte Carlo  
Molecular Dynamics



## Output

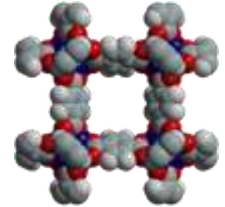
e.g. adsorption isotherms  
diffusion coefficients  
detailed picture on molecular level



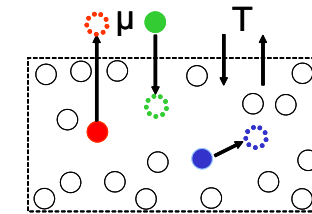
CH<sub>4</sub>



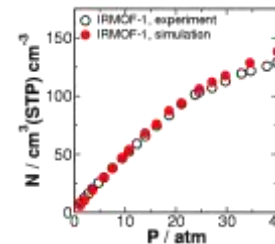
CO<sub>2</sub>



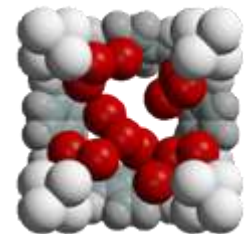
IRMOF-1



GCMC simulation



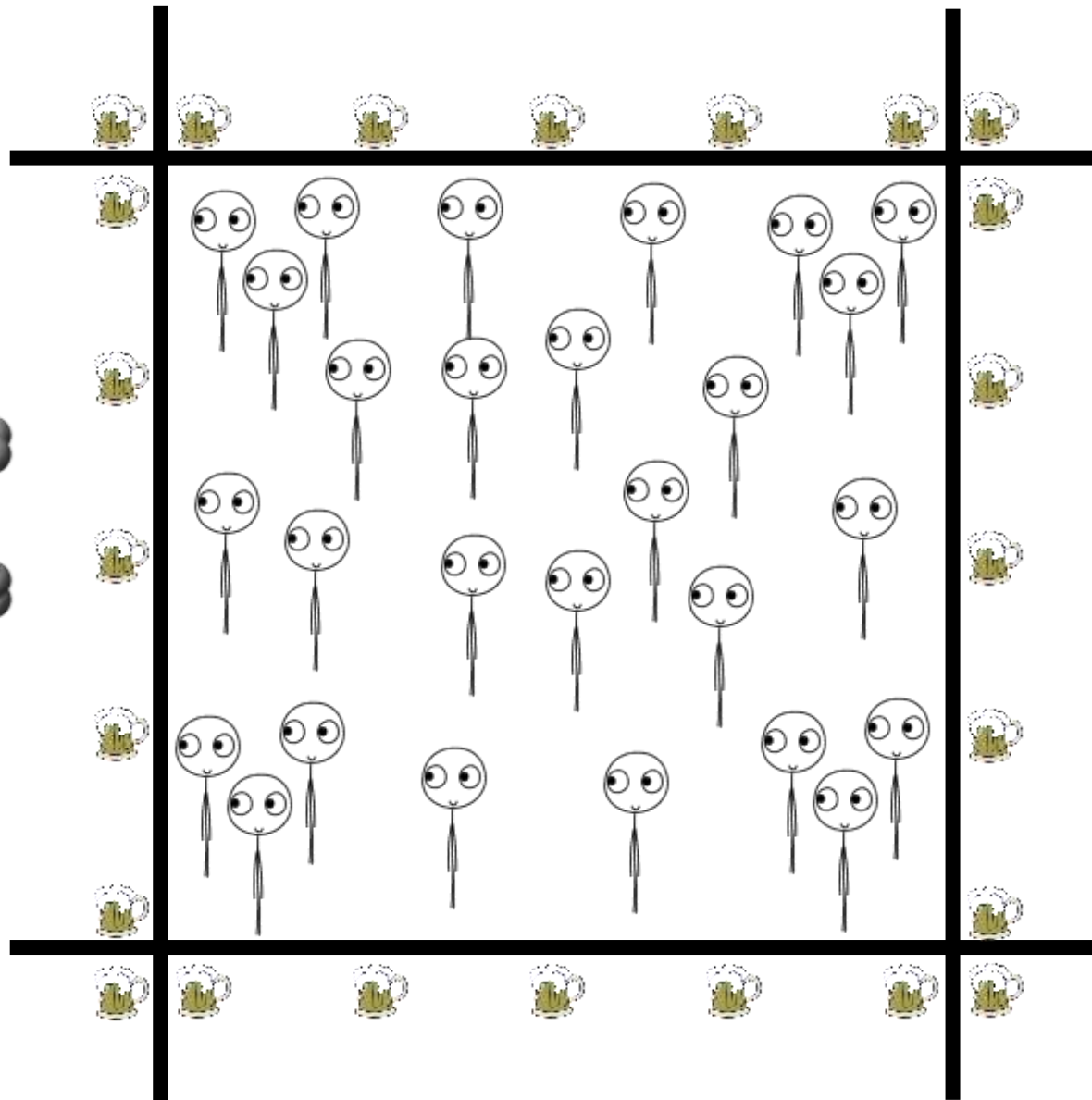
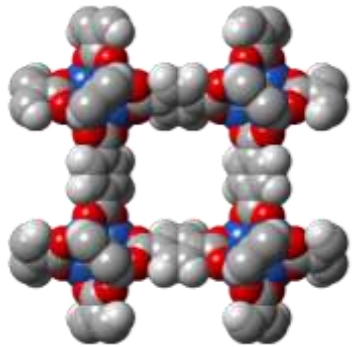
adsorption isotherm



snapshot



# Guest molecules behave not unlike people in a bar



# Low coverage, $N \sim Q_{st}$

