Differential Topology Example Sheet 3

1. Prove the following part of the Five lemma: if the diagram below commutes, rows are exact, ψ_2 and ψ_4 are surjective and ψ_5 is injective then ψ_3 is surjective.

A^1 —	$f \rightarrow A^2 -$	$f \longrightarrow A^3 -$	$f \rightarrow A^4 -$	$\xrightarrow{f} A^5$
ψ_1	ψ_2	ψ_3	ψ_4	ψ_5
\mathbf{a}^{1} —	$g \xrightarrow{g} B^2 -$	$g \xrightarrow{g} B^3 \longrightarrow$	$g \xrightarrow{f} B^4 -$	$g \xrightarrow{f} B^5$

- 2. Let T^2 be the 2-torus $\mathbb{R}^2/\mathbb{Z}^2$. If x^1, x^2 coordinates on \mathbb{R}^2 , then $[dx^1], [dx^2]$ form a basis for $H^1(T^2)$. Identify oriented submanifolds $X_i \subset T^2$ that are Poincaré dual to this basis, *i.e.* $\int_{X_i} \alpha = \int_{T^2} dx^i \wedge \alpha$ for any $[\alpha] \in H^1(T^2)$. What is the number of intersection points of X_1 and X_2 ?
- 3. Let M^{n+1} and N^n be smooth oriented manifolds such that M has boundary but N does not. If $f: M \to N$ is a proper map, show that deg $f_{|\partial M} = 0$.
- 4. Let $f: M \to N$ be a smooth map between connected oriented manifolds without boundary, of equal dimension. Suppose M is compact while N is non-compact. Show that deg f = 0.
- 5. (a) Let f be a degree d polynomial in \mathbb{C} . Show that the degree of the smooth map $f : \mathbb{C} \to \mathbb{C}$ equals d. Deduce the fundamental theorem of algebra (provided that you did not assume it in the proof).
 - (b) Let f, g be coprime polynomials in \mathbb{C} . Show that the degree of the meromorphic map $f/g: \mathbb{C}P^1 \to \mathbb{C}P^1$ is the maximum of the degrees of the polynomials f and g.
- 6. ("Hairy-ball theorem") Show that S^n has a nowhere-vanishing vector field if and only if n is odd.
- 7. Let M be a smooth manifold with boundary, and $\mathring{M} = M \setminus \partial M$ its interior. Show that the pull-back of the inclusion $i : \mathring{M} \to M$ is an isomorphism $i^* : H^*(M) \to H^*(\mathring{M})$.
- 8. Let M^n , N^n smooth closed connected oriented manifolds of equal dimension. If $f : M \to N$ has non-zero degree, show that the pull-back on de Rham cohomology $f^* : H^*(N) \to H^*(M)$ is injective.
- 9. Let M^n be an oriented manifold without boundary, and suppose its cohomology is finitely generated. Let $H_0^k(M) \subset H^k(M)$ be the subset of classes that can be represented by forms with compact support (*i.e.* the image of the natural map $H_c^k(M) \to H^k(M)$). Show that there is a non-degenerate pairing $H_0^k(M) \times H_0^{n-k}(M) \to \mathbb{R}$.

Questions and corrections to j.nordstrom@imperial.ac.uk. February 19, 2013