

MAKING SEVERAL COMPUTATION/NORMALISATION MECHANISMS COEXIST

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JOINT WORK WITH ANDREA ALER TUBELLA
AND BENJAMIN RALPH (BOTH BATH)

INVITED TALK AT FISP KICK-OFF 2016 (INNSBRUCK)
16/11/16

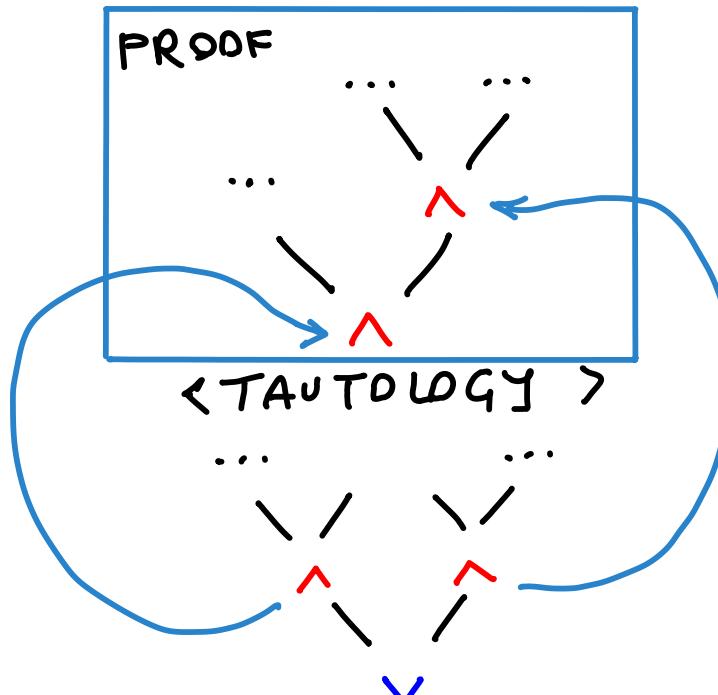
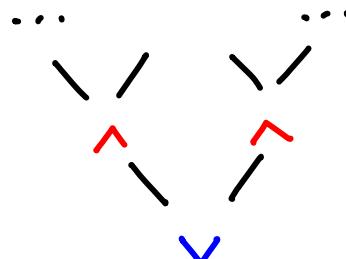
TALK AVAILABLE AT
<http://cs.bath.ac.uk/ag/t/MSCNMC.pdf>
AND FROM MY HOME PAGE

GENTZEN PROOF THEORY

COMPRESSION? MANIPULATION? LOCALITY? MODULARITY?...
... NAMES! SCOPE! QUANTIFIERS! SUBSTITUTIONS! TREES!

In GENTZEN:

< FORMULA > →



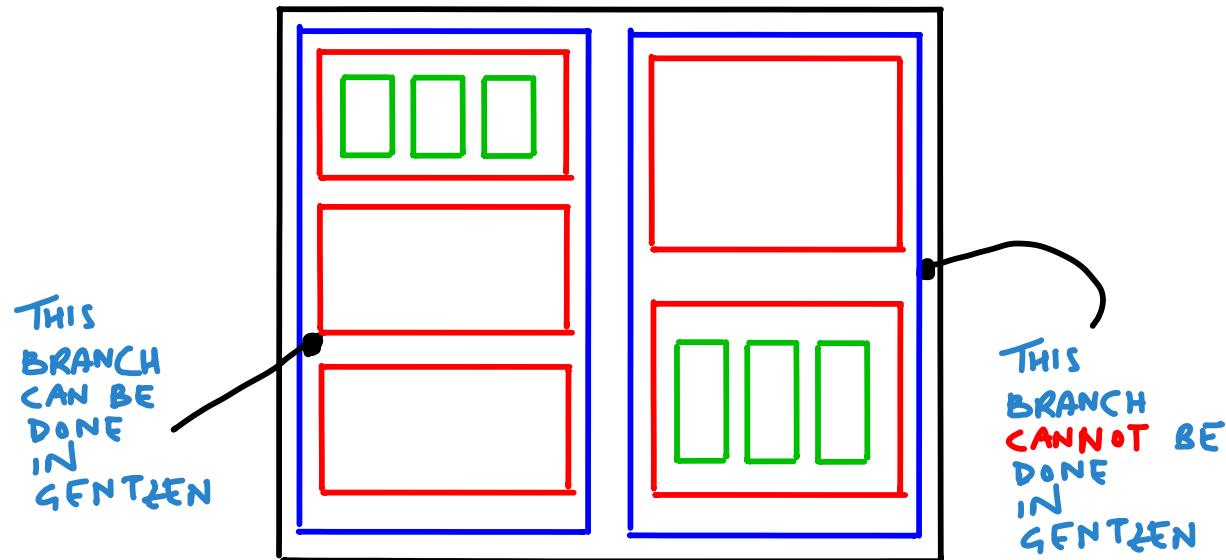
THE FORMULA TREE GIVES SHAPE TO THE PROOF TREE.

GOOD

NOT GOOD ENOUGH

DEEP INFERENCE : BETTER TREES

A BETTER PROOF TREE LOOKS LIKE THIS:



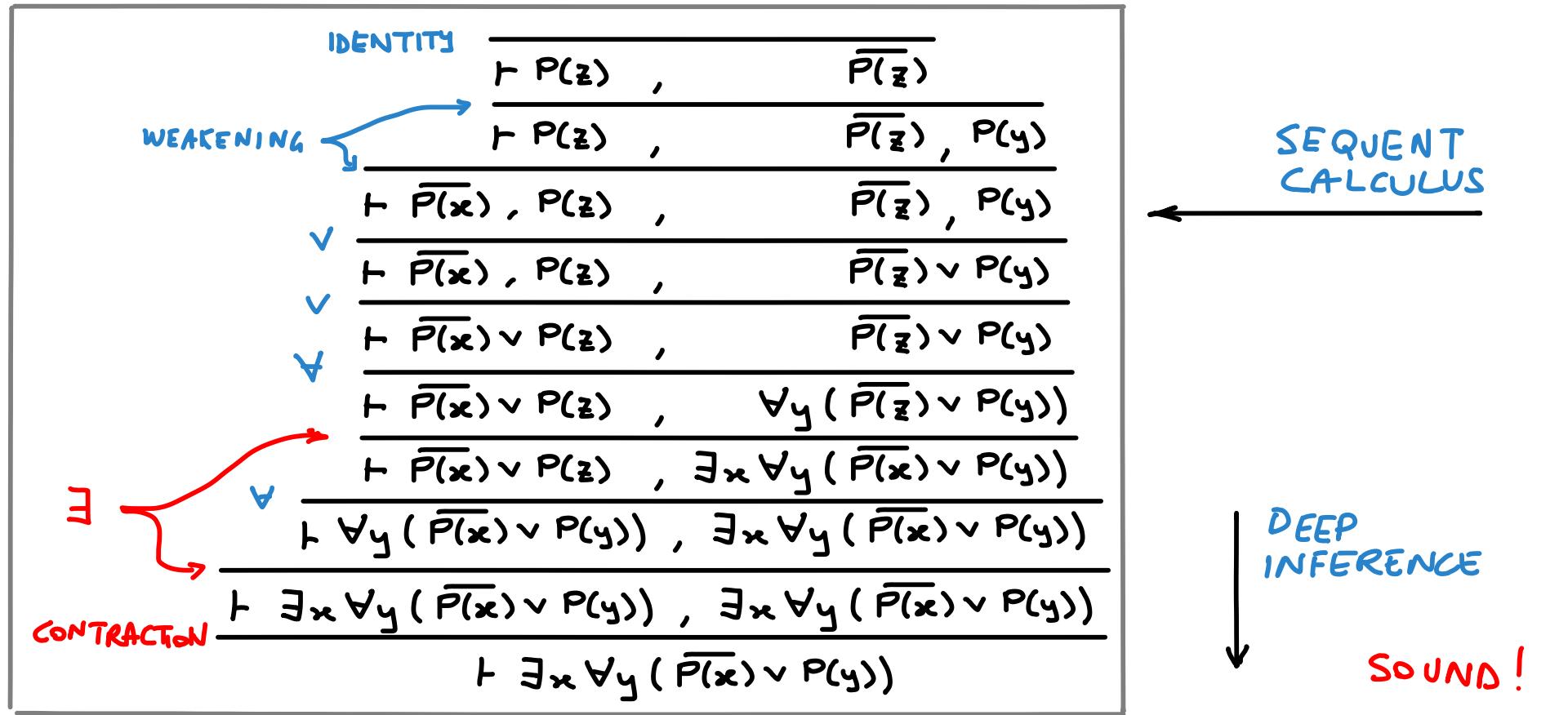
VERTICAL COMPOSITION:
INFERENCE

HORIZONTAL COMPOSITION:
ANY (!) CONNECTIVE

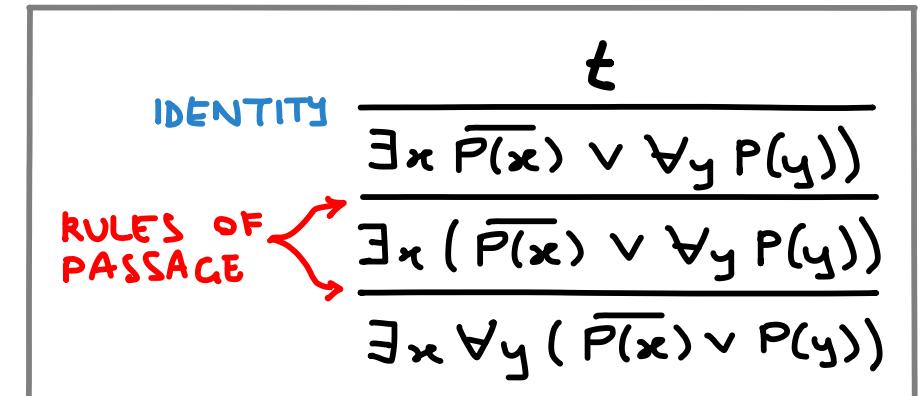
IT'S MORE GENERAL THAN GENTZEN TREES AND YIELDS:

- EXPONENTIAL SPEED-UPS NONELEMENTARY (?)
- ANALYTICITY FOR MODAL AND EXOTIC LOGICS
- CANONICAL FORMS
- COMPUTATIONAL INTERPRETATIONS FOR CONCURRENCY
- ... AND MUCH MORE

COMPRESSION AND NATURALITY



APPARENTLY THE SPEED-UP
IS NONELEMENTARY
(SEE AGUILERA - BAAZ, WE ARE
CHECKING THE DETAILS)

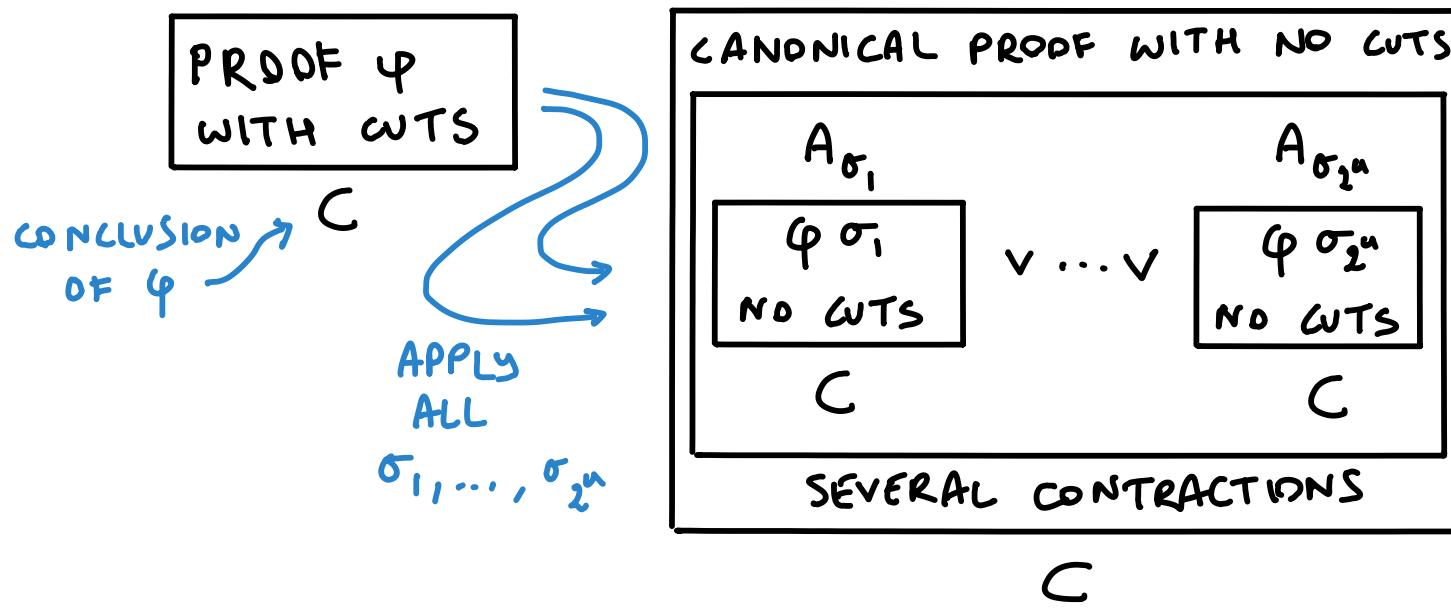


TRIVIAL CUT ELIMINATION

ASSIGNMENT $A_\sigma = a \wedge \bar{b} \wedge \bar{c} \wedge \alpha \wedge \bar{e} \wedge f \wedge \dots$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 \boxed{\text{CUT } \frac{B \wedge \bar{B}}{f}} & \xrightarrow{\text{APPLY } \sigma} & \boxed{\frac{B\sigma \wedge \bar{B}\sigma}{f} = \frac{f \wedge t}{f}}
 \end{array}$$

THE CUT DISAPPEARS

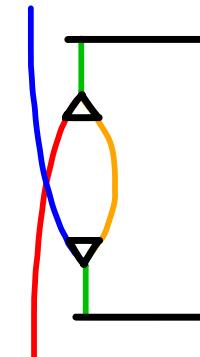


CANONICAL FORM! *NON-COMPUTATIONAL NORMALISATION*

ATOMIC FLOWS

$$\begin{array}{c}
 a \wedge \frac{t}{a \vee \bar{a}} \\
 \hline
 \frac{\frac{a}{\quad} \vee (a \wedge \bar{a})}{a \wedge a} \\
 \hline
 \frac{\frac{a \vee a}{\quad} \wedge (a \vee \bar{a})}{a} \\
 \hline
 \frac{\bar{a} \vee \frac{a \wedge \bar{a}}{f}}{f}
 \end{array}$$

→
TRACING OCCURRENCES



PROOF

ATOMIC FLOW

THERE'S ENOUGH INFORMATION IN AN ATOMIC FLOW
TO ELIMINATE CUTS IN PROPOSITIONAL CLASSICAL LOGIC

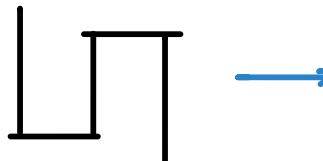
COMPUTATION VS NORMALISATION IN DEEP INFERENCE

NORMALISATION NOT NECESSARILY COMPUTATION

HOWEVER

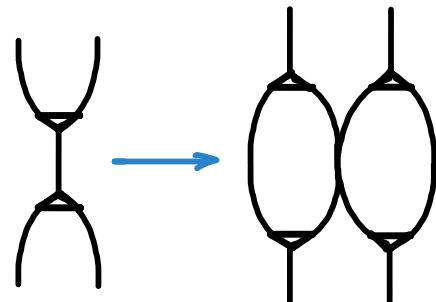
SEVERAL INDEPENDENT NORMALISATION / COMPUTATION MECHANISM :

- CUT ELIMINATION :
(SPLITTING)



(YANKING) NO COMPLEXITY
(LINEAR LOGIC)

- CONTRACTION :
(DECOMPOSITION)



(UNFOLDING) EXPONENTIAL

- SUBSTITUTION EXPONENTIAL

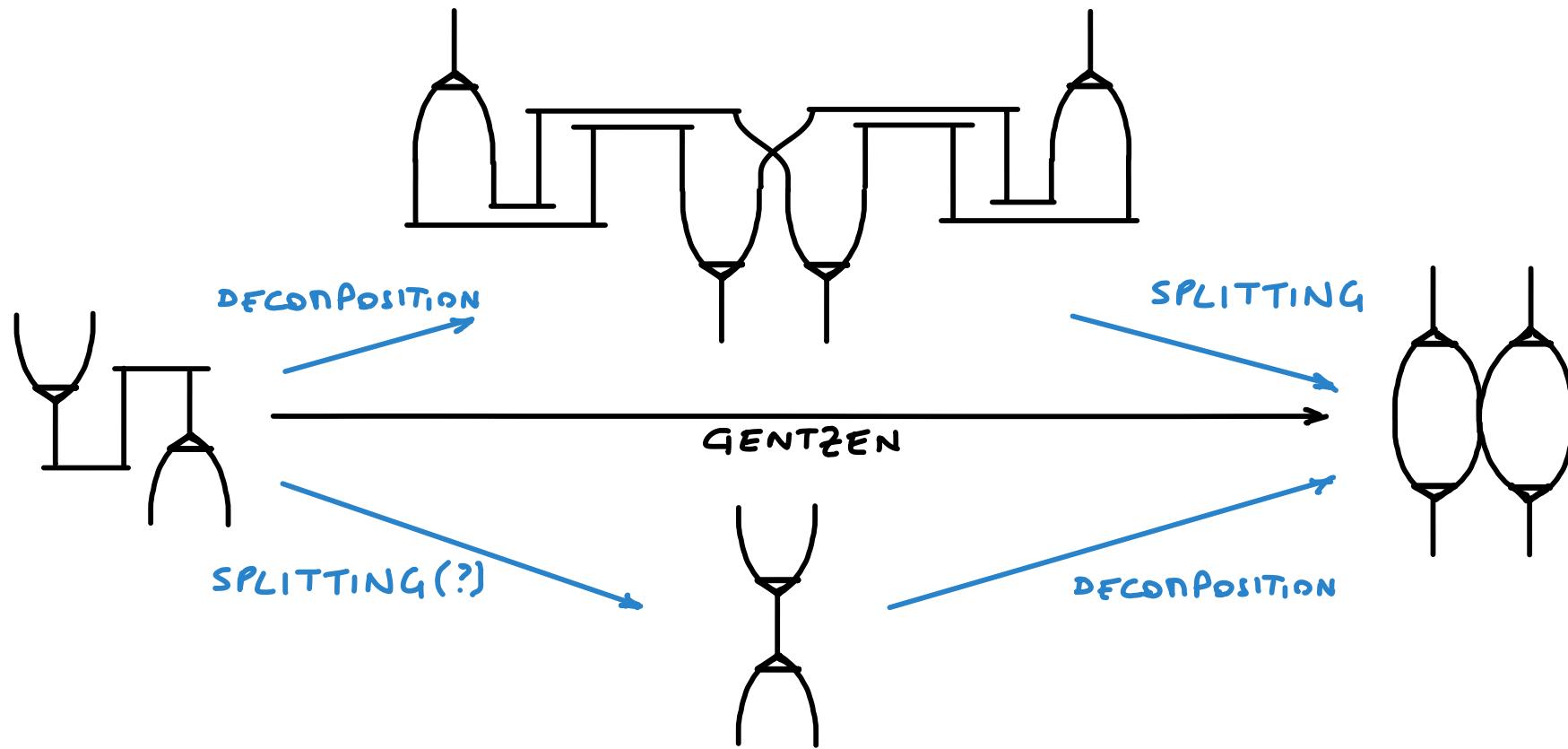
- HERBRAND EXPANSION NON-ELEMENTARY ?

↑
CUT
+
CONTRACTION

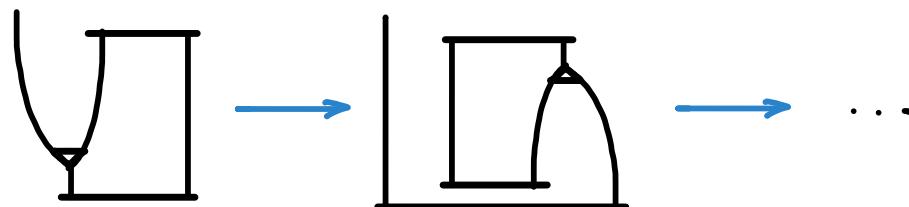
IN GENTZEN THESE MECHANISMS ARE CONFLATED: $\frac{\vdash \Gamma, uA \quad \vdash u\bar{A}, \Delta}{\vdash \Gamma, \Delta}$

INDEPENDENCE OF CUT ELIMINATION AND CONTRACTION

IDEA:



PROBLEM:



CYCLE ELIMINATION I

WE WILL REMOVE THE GREEN CYCLE BY BREAKING ITS CUT.

$$\begin{array}{l}
 s \frac{a \wedge \frac{t}{a \vee \bar{a}}}{a} \\
 \frac{a}{a \wedge a} \vee (a \wedge \bar{a}) \\
 m \frac{a \wedge a}{a \vee a} \\
 \frac{a \vee a}{a} \wedge (a \vee \bar{a}) \\
 s \frac{a}{a \vee \frac{a \wedge \bar{a}}{f}}
 \end{array}$$

WE MOVE
THE CONTRACTION
PAST THE
CUT

$$\begin{array}{l}
 s \frac{a \wedge \frac{t}{a \vee \bar{a}}}{a} \\
 \frac{a}{a \wedge a} \vee (a \wedge \bar{a}) \\
 m \frac{a \wedge a}{(a \vee a) \wedge (a \vee \bar{a})} \\
 \frac{(a \vee a) \wedge \frac{\bar{a}}{\bar{a} \wedge \bar{a}}}{(a \vee a) \wedge \bar{a}} \\
 = \boxed{s \frac{(a \vee a) \wedge \bar{a}}{a \wedge \bar{a} \vee a \wedge \bar{a}}} \\
 a \vee \frac{a \wedge \bar{a} \vee a \wedge \bar{a}}{f}
 \end{array}$$

CYCLE ELIMINATION 2

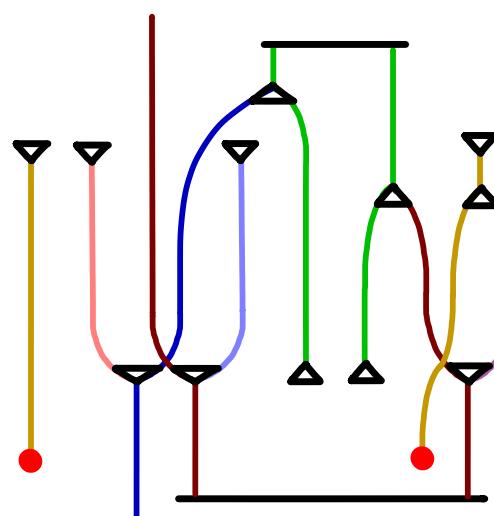
WE GET A DERIVATION
WHOSE **RED** STEP IS INVALID.

$s \frac{a \wedge \frac{t}{a \vee \bar{a}}}{a}$ $s \frac{\frac{a}{a \wedge a} \vee (\bar{a} \wedge \bar{\bar{a}})}{(a \vee a) \wedge (a \vee \bar{a})}$ $s \frac{(a \vee a) \wedge \frac{\bar{a}}{\bar{a} \wedge \bar{\bar{a}}}}{(a \vee a) \wedge \bar{a}}$ $= s \frac{(a \vee a) \wedge \bar{a}}{\frac{a \wedge \bar{a}}{f} \vee a \wedge \bar{a}}$ f	
---	--

Diagram illustrating the derivation of a formula from a set of premises. The derivation is shown as a sequence of logical steps, each involving a premise (P) and a conclusion (C), separated by a horizontal line. The steps are color-coded:

- Step 1:** $P_1: a \wedge \frac{t}{a \vee \bar{a}}$
- Step 2:** $\frac{\frac{a}{a \wedge \bar{a}} \vee (\bar{a} \wedge \bar{a})}{a \wedge \bar{a}}$
- Step 3:** $\frac{s}{\frac{\left(\frac{f}{a} \vee a\right) \wedge \left(\frac{f}{\bar{a}} \vee \bar{a}\right)}{a \vee ((a \vee a) \wedge \bar{a})} \vee \frac{s}{\frac{\left(a \vee \frac{f}{a}\right) \wedge \left(a \vee \frac{f}{\bar{a}}\right)}{a \vee ((a \vee a) \wedge \bar{a})}}}{a \vee ((a \vee a) \wedge \bar{a})}$
- Step 4:** $\frac{s}{\frac{\left((a \vee a) \wedge \frac{\bar{a}}{\bar{a} \wedge \bar{a}}\right) \vee \left((a \vee a) \wedge \frac{\bar{a}}{\bar{a} \wedge \bar{a}}\right)}{\frac{(a \vee a) \wedge \bar{a}}{\frac{a \wedge \bar{a}}{t}} \vee a} \vee \frac{(a \vee a) \wedge \bar{a}}{\frac{a \wedge \bar{a}}{t}} \wedge \frac{\bar{a} \vee \bar{a}}{\bar{a}}}}{(a \vee a) \wedge \bar{a}} \vee$
- Step 5:** $\frac{s}{\frac{(a \vee a) \wedge \bar{a}}{\frac{a \wedge \bar{a}}{t}} \vee a} \vee \frac{s}{\frac{(a \vee a) \wedge \bar{a}}{\frac{a \wedge \bar{a}}{t}} \wedge \frac{\bar{a} \vee \bar{a}}{\bar{a}}} = \frac{\frac{a \vee \bar{a}}{f} \vee \frac{a \vee a}{a}}{f}$

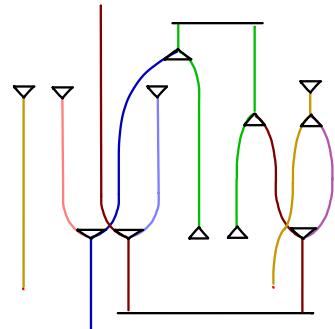
The right side of the diagram shows a graphical representation of the derivation as a directed graph. Nodes are represented by triangles pointing downwards, and edges are colored lines connecting them. Red nodes represent premises, blue nodes represent intermediate conclusions, and green nodes represent the final conclusion. The edges are colored according to the steps in the derivation: red for step 1, blue for step 2, green for step 3, yellow for step 4, and purple for step 5.



IDEAS:

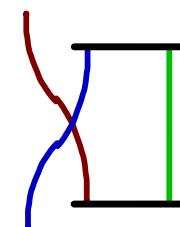
CYCLE ELIMINATION 3

$$\begin{aligned}
 & s \frac{a \wedge \frac{t}{a \vee \bar{a}}}{\frac{a}{a \wedge \bar{a}} \vee (a \wedge \bar{a})} \\
 = & \frac{s \left(\frac{f}{a} \vee a \right) \wedge \left(\frac{f}{\bar{a}} \vee \bar{a} \right)}{a \vee ((a \vee a) \wedge \bar{a})} \vee s \frac{\left(a \vee \frac{f}{a} \right) \wedge \left(a \vee \frac{f}{\bar{a}} \right)}{a \vee ((a \vee \bar{a}) \wedge \bar{a})} \\
 = & \frac{s \left((a \vee a) \wedge \frac{\bar{a}}{\bar{a} \wedge \bar{a}} \right) \vee \left((a \vee \bar{a}) \wedge \frac{\bar{a}}{\bar{a} \wedge \bar{a}} \right)}{a \vee \frac{(a \vee \bar{a}) \wedge \bar{a}}{\bar{a}}} \\
 = & \frac{\frac{a \vee a}{a} \vee \frac{(a \vee \bar{a}) \wedge \bar{a}}{\bar{a}}}{f} \wedge \frac{\bar{a} \vee \bar{a}}{\bar{a}} \\
 = & f
 \end{aligned}$$



WE LET THE (CO)WEAKENINGS GO.
THIS FIXES THE INVALID STEP AND
SIMPLIFIES THE DERIVATION.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & s \frac{a \wedge \frac{t}{a \vee \bar{a}}}{\frac{a \vee \frac{a \wedge \bar{a}}{f}}{f}}
 \end{aligned}$$



OK : COMPLEXITY?

WE DON'T KNOW YET

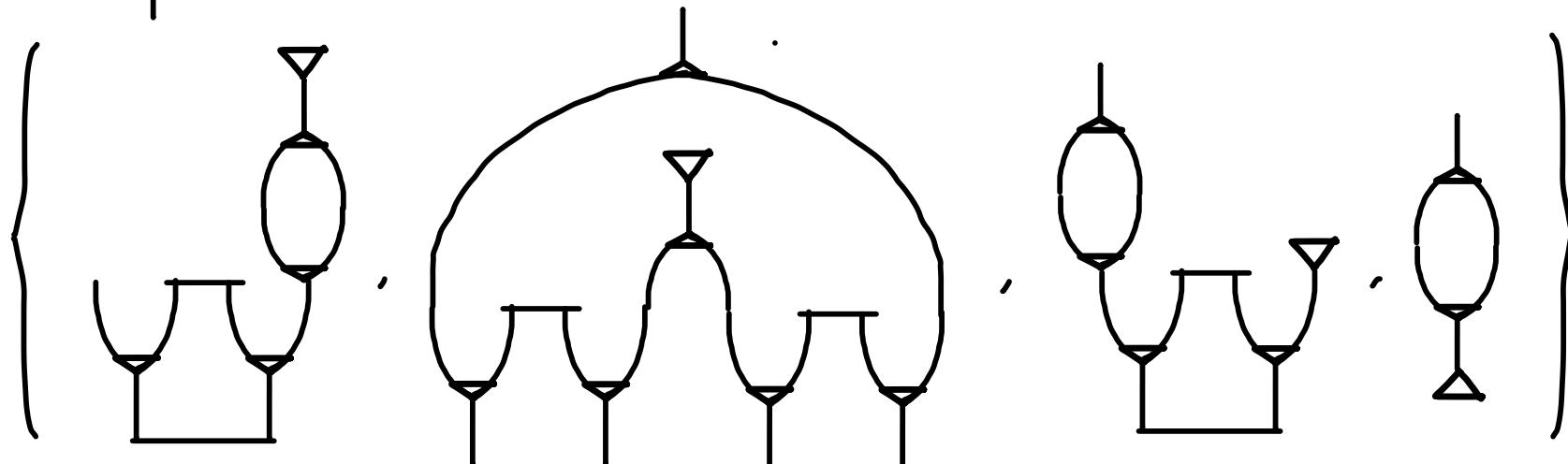
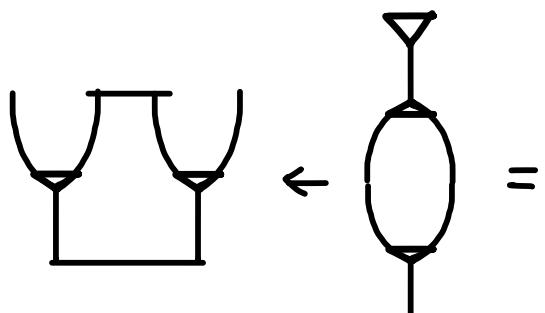
Substitution

$$\frac{a \wedge \bar{a}}{f} / \left\{ a \leftarrow \frac{b \vee b}{b} \right\} = \left\{ \frac{\frac{b \vee b}{b} \wedge \bar{b}}{f} \approx \frac{(b \vee b) \wedge \frac{\bar{b}}{\bar{b} \wedge \bar{b}}}{f} \right\}$$

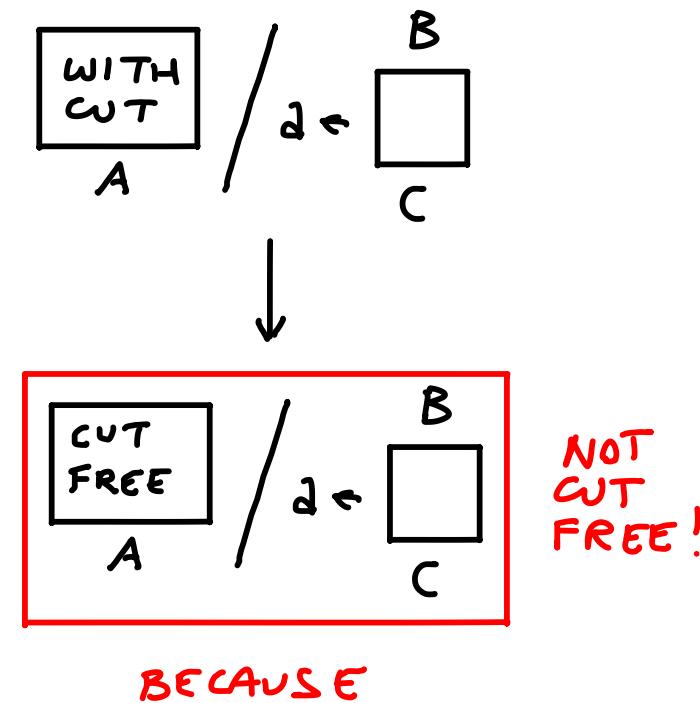
EXPONENTIAL COMPRESSION MECHANISM

NEEDS TO BE INDEPENDENT OF

- DECOMPOSITION OK
- SPLITTING (LINEAR CUT ELIMINATION)



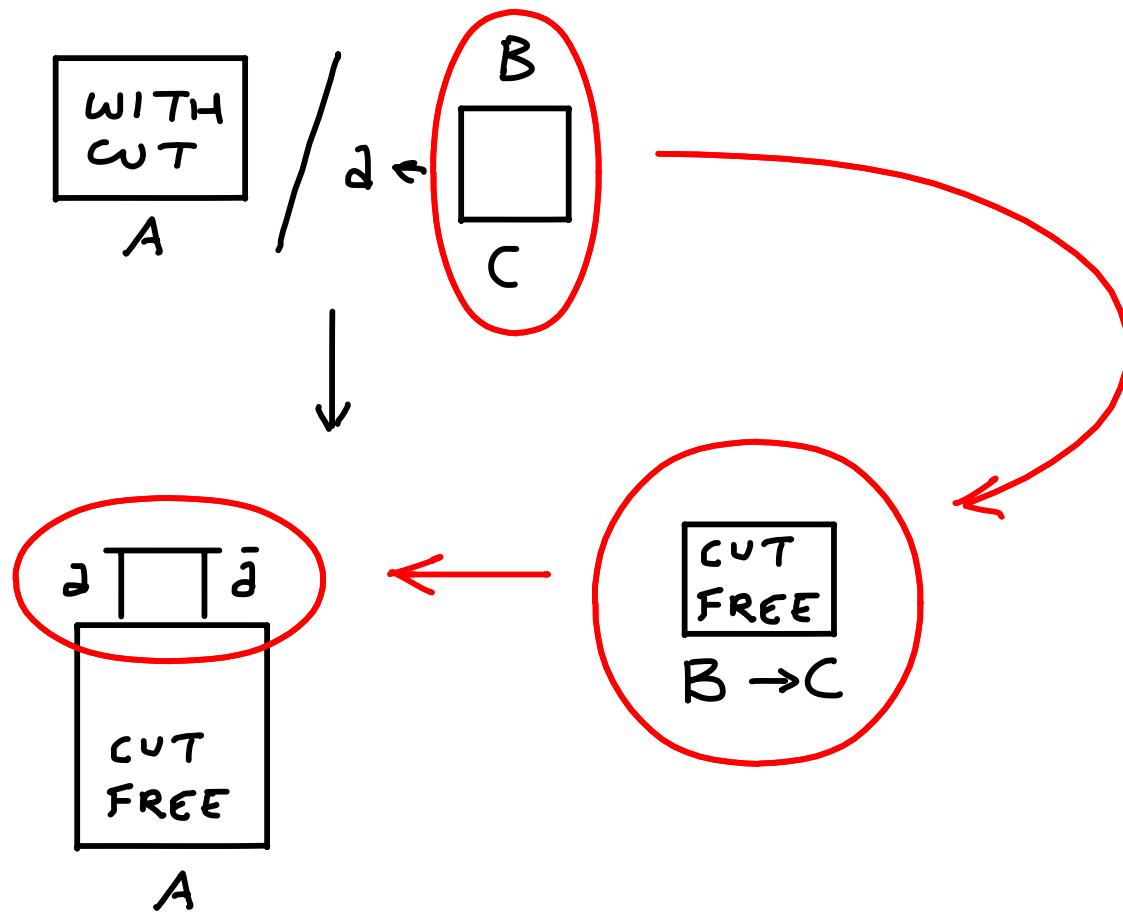
INDEPENDENCE OF CUT ELIMINATION AND SUBSTITUTION |



$$\Pi \leftarrow \Pi \perp\!\!\!\perp = \left\{ \Pi \overline{\underline{\Pi}} \cdot \overline{\Pi} \underline{\Pi} \right\}$$

THIS DOES NOT WORK.

INDEPENDENCE OF CUT ELIMINATION AND SUBSTITUTION 2



THIS WORKS.

Summary

- GENTZEN'S PROOF THEORY SUFFERS FROM A MASSIVE ARTEFACT: A WEAK TREE STRUCTURE.
- CUT ELIMINATION IN GENTZEN IS THE CONFUSION OF TWO MECHANISMS: SPLITTING AND DECOMPOSITION.
- THERE ARE SEVERAL, INDEPENDENT NORMALISATION MECHANISMS.

References

Nonelementary speed-up [1]; atomic flows [4, 5]; deep inference [2]; splitting-decomposition [3, 6, 7]. The rest is on manuscripts, available on request.

- [1] Juan P. Aguilera & Matthias Baaz (2016): *Unsound Inferences Make Proofs Shorter*. Available at <https://arxiv.org/pdf/1608.07703.pdf>.
- [2] Alessio Guglielmi: *Deep Inference*.
Web site at <http://alessio.guglielmi.name/res/cos>.
- [3] Alessio Guglielmi (2007): *A System of Interaction and Structure*.
ACM Transactions on Computational Logic 8(1), pp. 1:1–64, doi:[10.1145/1182613.1182614](https://doi.org/10.1145/1182613.1182614). Available at <http://cs.bath.ac.uk/ag/p/SystIntStr.pdf>.
- [4] Alessio Guglielmi & Tom Gundersen (2008): *Normalisation Control in Deep Inference Via Atomic Flows*.
Logical Methods in Computer Science 4(1), pp. 9:1–36, doi:[10.2168/LMCS-4\(1:9\)2008](https://doi.org/10.2168/LMCS-4(1:9)2008). Available at [http://arxiv.org/pdf/0709.1205.pdf](https://arxiv.org/pdf/0709.1205.pdf).
- [5] Alessio Guglielmi, Tom Gundersen & Lutz Straßburger (2010): *Breaking Paths in Atomic Flows for Classical Logic*.
In Jean-Pierre Jouannaud, editor: *25th Annual IEEE Symposium on Logic in Computer Science (LICS)*, IEEE, pp. 284–293, doi:[10.1109/LICS.2010.12](https://doi.org/10.1109/LICS.2010.12). Available at <http://www.lix.polytechnique.fr/~lutz/papers/AFII.pdf>.

References (cont.)

- [6] Alessio Guglielmi & Lutz Straßburger (2011): *A System of Interaction and Structure V: The Exponentials and Splitting.*
Mathematical Structures in Computer Science 21(3), pp. 563–584,
doi:[10.1017/S096012951100003X](https://doi.org/10.1017/S096012951100003X).
Available at
<http://www.lix.polytechnique.fr/~lutz/papers/NEL-splitting.pdf>.
- [7] Lutz Straßburger & Alessio Guglielmi (2011): *A System of Interaction and Structure IV: The Exponentials and Decomposition.*
ACM Transactions on Computational Logic 12(4), pp. 23:1–39, doi:[10.1145/1970398.1970399](https://doi.org/10.1145/1970398.1970399).
Available at <http://arxiv.org/pdf/0903.5259.pdf>.