

9.1

Mori Dream Spaces

Goal:  $X$   $\mathbb{Q}$ -factorial, projective  $\text{Pic}(X) \otimes \mathbb{R} \cong N^1(X)$

$X$  MDS  $(\Leftrightarrow) \text{Cox}(X)$  is finitely generated  $\mathbb{K}$ -alg.

§1 Zariski's theorem

$f: X \rightarrow Y$   $F$  on  $X$ ,  $G$  vector bundle on  $Y$ ,  
projection formula gives  $f_*(F \otimes f^*(G)) \cong f_*(F) \otimes G$ .

Thm [Zariski].

$L$  semi-ample, then  $R(X, L) := \bigoplus_{j \geq 0} \Gamma(L^{\otimes j})$  is fin. gen'd /  $\mathbb{K}$ .

Pf.

1.  $A$  ample,  $F$  coherent on  $X$ ,  $\exists m_0 > 0$  s.t.  $\forall a, b \geq m_0$

$$\Gamma(F \otimes A^{\otimes a}) \otimes_{\mathbb{K}} \Gamma(A^{\otimes b}) \longrightarrow \Gamma(F \otimes A^{\otimes (a+b)}) \quad (*)$$

Sketch:  $0 \rightarrow I_{\Delta} \rightarrow \mathcal{O}_{X \times X} \rightarrow \mathcal{O}_{\Delta} \rightarrow 0 \quad \otimes G_{a,b} := (F \otimes A^{\otimes a}) \boxtimes A^{\otimes b}$   
and take long exact sequence in cohomology  

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} H^0(X \times X, G_{a,b}) & \rightarrow & H^0(X \times X, G_{a,b}|_{\Delta}) & \rightarrow & H^1(X \times X, I_{\Delta} \otimes G_{a,b}) \\ \text{K\"unnet} \quad \uparrow \cong & & \uparrow \cong & & \downarrow \cong \\ \Gamma(F \otimes A^{\otimes a}) \otimes \Gamma(A^{\otimes b}) & \rightarrow & \Gamma(F \otimes A^{\otimes (a+b)}) & \rightarrow & 0 \end{array}$$
  
 after taking resolt. of  $I_{\Delta} \otimes (F \otimes \mathcal{O})$  and apply Serre van.

Case  $F = \mathcal{O}_X$  gives  $R(X, A)$  gen'd in degree  $\leq 2m_0$

2.  $L$  semi-ample  $\therefore f: X \rightarrow Y \subseteq |L^{\otimes m}|$  s.t.  
 $f^*(A) = L^{\otimes m}$  and  $f_* \mathcal{O}_X \cong \mathcal{O}_Y$ . Then

$$\Gamma(X, L^{\otimes jm}) \cong \Gamma(X, f^*(A^j)) \cong \Gamma(Y, f_* f^*(A^j)) \cong \Gamma(Y, A^j \otimes_{f_* \mathcal{O}_X} \mathcal{O}_Y) \cong \Gamma(Y, A^j)$$

9.2  $\therefore R(X, L^m)$  is fin. gen'd /  $k$  by step 1.

3. For  $G = L^i$  ( $1 \leq i \leq m-1$ )

$$\Gamma(X, G \otimes L^{am}) \cong \Gamma(Y, f_*(G \otimes L^{am})) \cong \Gamma(Y, A^{\otimes a} \otimes f_*(G))$$

and sub into (\*) to get

!!  
 $\mathcal{F}$   
 coh sheaf of  $f$  proper

$$\Gamma(X, L^{i+am}) \otimes_k \Gamma(X, L^{bm}) \twoheadrightarrow \Gamma(X, L^{i+(a+b)m})$$

for  $a, b \geq m/2$  and  $1 \leq i \leq m-1$ , so  $R(X, L)$  fin gen'd.  $\square$

### Corollary

$L_1, \dots, L_r$  semi-ample,  $R(X, L_1, \dots, L_r) := \bigoplus_{(m_1, \dots, m_r)} \Gamma(L_1^{m_1} \otimes \dots \otimes L_r^{m_r})$   
 finitely generated  $k$ -algebra.

Pf.

$$\mathbb{P} := \mathbb{P}(L_1 \oplus \dots \oplus L_r) \xrightarrow{\pi} X$$

$$\text{Proj}_X \text{Sym}(L_1 \oplus \dots \oplus L_r)$$

$$\pi_* \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}}(d) = \text{Sym}^d(L_1 \oplus \dots \oplus L_r) = \bigoplus_{\sum m_i = d} L_1^{m_1} \otimes \dots \otimes L_r^{m_r}$$

$$\therefore \Gamma(\mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}}(d)) = \Gamma(X, \bigoplus_{\sum m_i = d} L_1^{m_1} \otimes \dots \otimes L_r^{m_r})$$

$$\therefore R(\mathbb{P}, \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}}(1)) \cong R(X, L_1, \dots, L_r)$$

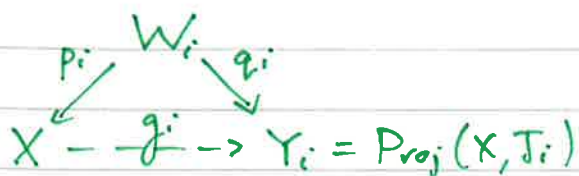
$\uparrow$  semiample

$\therefore$  fin. gen'd /  $k$ .  $\square$

## §2 Mori Chambers

$X$  MDS,  $\exists Y_1, \dots, Y_r$  MDS's and birational contractions

9.3

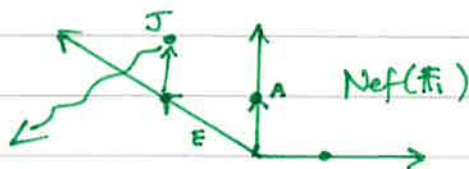


$$J_i = g_i^*(A_i) \otimes \mathcal{O}_X(E_i)$$

ample      'fixed'

where  $(q_i)_*(\mathcal{O}_{W_i}(\widetilde{E}_i + \text{excep}(p_i))) \cong \mathcal{O}_{Y_i}$

e.g.  $\mathbb{F}_1 \xrightarrow{g} \mathbb{P}^2$   
 $\begin{matrix} \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{F}_1} \\ \cong \\ E \end{matrix} \longrightarrow \begin{matrix} \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}^2} \\ \cong \\ \mathcal{H} \end{matrix}$



$$J = g^*(\mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}^2}(1)) \otimes \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{F}_1}(E)$$

Recall

$$\text{Eff}(X) = \bigcup_{1 \leq i \leq l} \underbrace{(g_i)^*(\text{Nef}(Y_i))}_{\text{Mori chamber } C_i} \times E_i$$

$D \sim D' \Leftrightarrow \exists \sum \alpha_i D_i = \sum \beta_i D_i \Rightarrow \dots$

$$\text{Mov}(X) = \bigcup_{1 \leq i \leq k} (g_i)^*(\text{Nef}(Y_i)) \quad k \leq l$$

Lemma

For line bundle  $L$  on  $Y_i$  s.t.  $g_i^*(L) := (p_i)_*(q_i^*L)$  is line bundle on  $X$ , we have

$$\Gamma(Y_i, L) \cong \Gamma(X, g_i^*L)$$

Proof

Use additive notation  $D$  for  $L = \mathcal{O}_{Y_i}(D)$ . Since  $g_i^*D = p_i^*q_i^*D$ ,  $p_i^*g_i^*D = p_i^*p_i^*q_i^*D$  so

$$p_i^*g_i^*D - q_i^*D \text{ is } p_i\text{-exceptional}$$

ie,  $\exists$  effective, exceptional  $E_1, E_2$  s.t.

$$p_i^*g_i^*D + E_1 = q_i^*D + E_2$$

Then

$$\begin{aligned} (p_i)_*(p_i^*g_i^*D + E_1) &\cong g_i^*D + (p_i)_*(E_1) \cong g_i^*D \\ (q_i)_*(q_i^*D + E_2) &\cong D + (q_i)_*(E_2) \cong D, \end{aligned}$$

so

$$\begin{aligned}
 9.4 \quad \Gamma(X, g_i^* D) &\cong \Gamma(W_i, p_i^* g_i^* D + E_i) \\
 &\cong \Gamma(W_i, (g_i)^* D + E_i) \\
 &\cong \Gamma(Y_i, D)
 \end{aligned}$$

□

§3  $X$  MDS  $\Rightarrow \text{Cox}(X)$  finitely gen'd.

For Mori chamber  $C \subset \text{Eff}(X)$ ,  $R_C := \bigoplus_{D \in C} \Gamma(\mathcal{O}_X(D))$ .

Each homog  $f \in R = \text{Cox}(X)$  is  $f \in R_C$  some  $C$   
and  $\exists$  finitely many mori chambers; RTS  $R_C$  fin. gen'd.

Choose  $J_1, \dots, J_d \in C$  Hilbert basis for semigroup  $C \cap \text{Pic}(X)$   
( $\exists$  fin. many generator by Gordan's lemma). Since  $C$  top-dim'l,  
expressing each  $J_i$  in terms of given basis for  $\text{Pic}(X)$  gives

$$R(X, J_1, \dots, J_d) \longrightarrow R_C$$

and

$$J_i = g_i^*(A_i) \otimes \mathcal{O}_{Y_i}(F_i) \quad A_i \text{ semiample, } F_i \text{ fixed.}$$

Then

$$\begin{aligned}
 \Gamma(X, J_1^{m_1} \otimes \dots \otimes J_d^{m_d}) &\cong \Gamma(X, g_i^*(A_1^{m_1} \otimes \dots \otimes A_d^{m_d}) \otimes \mathcal{O}_{Y_i}(F)) \\
 &\cong \Gamma(Y, (g_i)_*(g_i^*(A_1^{m_1} \otimes \dots \otimes A_d^{m_d}) \otimes \mathcal{O}(F))) \\
 &\cong \Gamma(Y, A_1^{m_1} \otimes \dots \otimes A_d^{m_d})
 \end{aligned}$$

as  $\mathcal{O}(F) \cong \mathcal{O}(F_1^{m_1} \otimes \dots \otimes F_d^{m_d})$  is fixed. Thus summing over all  
( $m_1, \dots, m_d$ ) gives

$$R(X, J_1, \dots, J_d) \cong R(Y, A_1, \dots, A_d)$$

with each  $A_i$  semi-ample on  $Y$ , so it's finitely gen'd by the  
Corollary to Zariski's theorem. □

9.5 §4 GIT cone to pseudo-effective cone

$R := \text{Cox}(X)$  finitely generated as  $k$ -algebra; it's  
 $\Lambda := \text{Pic}(X)$  -graded (in fact  $\text{Cl}(X)$ -graded). Then  
 $G := \text{Spec } k[\Lambda]$  acts algebraically on  $V = \text{Spec } R$ .

Fact 1:  $R$  is a UFD. It follows that  $V$  normal,  $\text{Cl}(V) = 0$ .

Fix  $A \in \text{Pic}(X)$  ample. Then

$$V //_{A} G = \text{Proj} \bigoplus_{j \geq 0} R_{jA} \cong \text{Proj} \bigoplus_{j \geq 0} \Gamma(X, A^{\otimes j}) \cong X.$$

Fact 2:  $V //_{A} G$  is good geometric quotient of  $U := V_A^s$  by  $G$ , giving  $\pi: U \rightarrow V //_{A} G$ ; also  $\text{codim}(U) \geq 2$ .

$\forall \lambda \in \Lambda$ , obtain  $G$ -linearised line bundle  $L_{\lambda} \in \text{Pic}^G(V)$ ,  
 i.e., by Fact 1 this must be  $\mathcal{O}_V$  with action of  $G$  determined  
 by  $\lambda$ :

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \Lambda \otimes \mathbb{Q} & \longrightarrow & \text{Pic}^G(U) \xleftarrow[\cong]{\pi^*} \text{Pic}(V //_{A} G) \\ \lambda & \longmapsto & L_{\lambda}|_U \qquad \qquad \text{by Kempf's descent.} \end{array}$$

Lemma  $\ell: \Lambda \otimes \mathbb{Q} \rightarrow \text{Pic}(X)$  is isom.

Pf

For  $E \in \text{Pic}^G(U)$ , underlying bundle on  $U$  extends uniquely to  
 bundle on  $V$  by Fact 2; must be  $\mathcal{O}_V$  by Fact 1, so  
 $G$ -linearisation determined by some  $\lambda \in \Lambda$  giving  $\ell^{-1}$ .  $\square$

Fix  $A \in \text{Pic}(X)$ , then for  $\lambda \in \Lambda$

$$\Gamma(V, L_{\lambda}^{\otimes j})^G = R_{j\lambda} \cong \Gamma(X, \ell(j\lambda)), \quad (*)$$

9.6  $\therefore \ell$  identifies cone of effective  $\mathbb{Q}$ -linearisation

$$\begin{aligned} \Lambda^+ &= \{ \lambda \in \Lambda \mid V_{\lambda} G \neq \emptyset \} \\ &= \{ \lambda \in \Lambda \mid R_{j\lambda} \neq 0 \text{ for } j \} \\ &= \{ \ell(\lambda) \in \text{Pic}(X) \mid \Gamma(X, \ell(j\lambda)) \neq 0 \} \\ &= \text{Eff}(X) \end{aligned}$$

with the (pseudo)-effective cone from birational geometry.

§5 'Cox(X) finitely gen'd  $\Rightarrow$  X MDS' by variation of GIT.

The above (\*) also implies for  $\lambda \in \Lambda^+$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & X = V_{\lambda} G & \\ f_{\lambda} \swarrow & & \searrow \varphi_{|\ell(j\lambda)|} \\ V_{\lambda} G = \text{Proj} \bigoplus_{j \geq 0} R_{j\lambda} & \xrightarrow{\cong} & \text{Proj } R(X, \ell(\lambda)) \end{array}$$

Compare equivalence relations:

$$\text{GIT } \lambda \sim \lambda' \iff V_{\lambda}^{ss} = V_{\lambda'}^{ss}$$

$$\text{Mori } \ell(\lambda) \sim \ell(\lambda') \iff \varphi_{|\ell(j\lambda)|} = \varphi_{|\ell(j\lambda')|} \quad j \gg 0$$

$$\therefore \lambda \sim \lambda' \Rightarrow \ell(\lambda) \sim \ell(\lambda')$$

i.e.

$$\text{GIT-equivalence} \Rightarrow \text{Mori-equivalence.}$$

Fact 3 [Thaddeus/Dolgachev-Ho] GIT decompositions are necessarily finite polyhedral  
 $\Rightarrow \Lambda^+ \cong \text{Eff}(X)$  is finite union of polyhedral chambers.

9.7 Fact 2 implies that Mori-equivalence  $\Rightarrow$  GIT-equivalence,  
and further, that for

$\lambda \in C$ ,  $f_\lambda: X \dashrightarrow V/\lambda G$  satisfies

$$L(\lambda) = f_\lambda^*(\mathcal{O}(1) \otimes \mathcal{O}(E)) \quad E \text{ fixed.}$$

$$\therefore C = \overline{f_\lambda^*(\text{Amp}(V/\lambda G))} \times E.$$

Remains to show: for any such  $Y = V/\lambda G$  with  $\text{Eff}(Y) = \text{Eff}(X)$ ,  
 $\text{nef}(Y)$  gen'd by finitely many semi-ample bundles. Each  
chamber finite polyhedral, so is each class semi-ample?

For  $A \in C = \overline{\text{Amp}(X)}$ , pick  $\lambda \in \partial C$ ;

$$U := V_A^s \subseteq V_\lambda^{ss} \quad \therefore f_\lambda: X = V/\lambda G \longrightarrow V/\lambda G$$

$$p \longmapsto [G \cdot \tilde{p}]$$

and

$$L(\lambda) = f_\lambda^*(\text{ample on } V/\lambda G).$$